# Diagnosing and treating severe hypertension

Submission date	Recruitment status	<ul> <li>Prospectively registered</li> </ul>		
24/06/2015	No longer recruiting	Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
25/06/2015	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

High blood pressure (hypertension) affects over 1 billion people and, due to its effects on blood vessels, contributes to causes of death worldwide more than any other factor. The risk can be lowered in these patients by reducing blood pressure to target (i.e. recommended) levels set by experts. However, despite the potential benefit to their health, less than half of people treated reach their blood pressure targets. Previous research has shown that the number of patients achieving these goals can be increased by clinics following a clear treatment plan. It has also been shown that early reduction of blood pressure in these patients improves long term health. We aim to show that these findings can be combined using an innovative treatment plan to reduce blood pressure quickly in newly-diagnosed patients with severe hypertension to prove that this is safe and works well. Using this new treatment plan, the study will explore if it is possible to predict whether blood pressure treatment will work before medications are started. Patients will have both non-invasive and simple blood tests to determine their blood vessel and heart structure and function at their first visit. It is hoped that this will help tailor blood pressure treatment to individual patients' needs in the future.

## Who can participate?

Adults aged 18-79 recently diagnosed with severe hypertension.

## What does the study involve?

All participants receive nurse-led treatment of their hypertension according to a detailed protocol and in-line with current NICE and ESC guidance. This includes 10 visits over an 18-week period in which treatment may be altered depending on individual tolerance and efficacy (how well it works). Before treatment has started, participants have non-invasive tests of their heart and blood vessel structure and function to determine if the results can predict response to treatment. Following completion of the study, participants are discharged to their GP with an ongoing plan for continuing care, or follow-up in the NHS specialist hypertension clinic, depending on clinical need.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Not provided at time of registration.

Where is the study run from? Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital, NIHR Exeter Clinical Research Facility MRI Suite and Patient identification centres run by the Devon Partnership NHS Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2015 to November 2016

Who is funding the study? Gawthorn Cardiac Trust (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Andrew Jordan

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Andrew Jordan

#### **ORCID ID**

http://orcid.org/0000-0002-4428-6499

#### Contact details

Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital (Wonford)
Diabetes and Vascular Health Research Centre
Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital
Barrack Road
Exeter
United Kingdom
EX2 5DW

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers 19176

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Understanding the barriers to successful treatment of newly diagnosed severe hypertension: an interventional study

#### **Acronym**

**DASHER** 

## **Study objectives**

A study exploring whether a new nurse-led treatment protocol can successfully treat patients with a new diagnosis of severe hypertension within 18 weeks, whilst examining the reasons for failure to achieve blood pressure goals in this cohort.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

NRES Committee South West - Cornwall & Plymouth, 17/04/2015, ref: 15/SW/0077

## Study design

Interventional

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Non randomised study

## Study setting(s)

Other

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Cardiovascular disease; Subtopic: Cardiovascular (all Subtopics); Disease: Cardiovascular Prevention

#### **Interventions**

All participants will receive nurse-led treatment of newly-diagnosed severe hypertension according to a detailed protocol and in-line with current NICE and ESC guidance. This includes 10 visit over an 18-week period in which treatment may be altered depending on individual tolerance and efficacy. Before treatment has started, participants will have non-invasive tests of their heart and cardiac and microvascular structure and function to determine if these parameters can predict response to treatment. Following completion of the study, participants will be discharged to their primary care practitioner with an ongoing plan for continuing care, or follow-up in the NHS specialist hypertension clinic, depending on clinical need.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### **Phase**

#### Primary outcome measure

The proportion of patients with a new diagnosis of severe hypertension who achieve a BP target of <140/90 at 18 weeks.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. The proportion of patients not reaching target BP who are found to be non-adherent to treatment using directly observed therapy (DOT) and urinary panel testing
- 2. The incidence of secondary causes of hypertension in the patient cohort
- 3. Relationship between baseline physiological parameters and success in achieving BP target
- 4. Proportion of patients enrolled discontinuing the protocol before week 18 and incidence of adverse events during study participation (tolerability)
- 5. The median number of weeks needed to achieve target blood pressure in the study population
- 6. Change in CMR findings after successful treatment of severe hypertension as compared to patients in whom treatment is unsuccessful in achieving target BP

## Overall study start date

23/06/2015

## Completion date

07/11/2016

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. New diagnosis of severe hypertension with systolic blood pressure greater than or equal to 170mmHg on screening and when repeated by the study team using the standard operating procedure for blood pressure measurement
- 2. No present or historical anti-hypertensive agent prescription
- 3. Aged 18-79 years inclusive

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 Years

## Upper age limit

79 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 100; UK Sample Size: 100

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Inability to give informed consent
- 2. Significant renal dysfunction as defined by eGFR <60 ml/min/1.73m2 by Modification of Diet in Renal Disease Study (MDRD) formula
- 3. Previous or current prescription of any medication used in the study protocol
- 4. Previous renal artery intervention
- 5. Bleeding diathesis
- 6. Haemoglobin <10 g/dl
- 7. Platelet count <100 x109/l
- 8. Inability to provide informed consent
- 9. Pregnancy
- 10. Hypertension related event (including stroke or acute kidney injury) within the preceding 3 months.
- 11. Any condition, including hypertensive urgency, which requires more immediate BP lowering or tailored anti-hypertensive strategy at enrolment

#### Date of first enrolment

23/06/2015

#### Date of final enrolment

07/11/2016

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

#### Study participating centre

Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital (Wonford) - lead site

Diabetes and Vascular Health Research Centre Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital Barrack Road Exeter United Kingdom EX2 5DW

# Study participating centre NIHR Exeter Clinical Research Facility MRI Suite

St Luke's Campus University of Exeter Exeter United Kingdom EX1 2LU

## Study participating centre Devon Partnership NHS Trust

Patient identification centres (PICs) Exeter United Kingdom

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# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Royal Devon & Exeter Hospital

## Sponsor details

Cancer Clinical Trials Cherrybrook Ward Cancer Clinical Trials Room S142 Barrack Road Exeter England United Kingdom EX2 5DW

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03jrh3t05

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Charity

#### Funder Name

Gawthorn Cardiac Trust (UK)

## **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

The investigators will be involved in reviewing drafts of the manuscripts, abstracts, press releases and any other publications arising from the study, the details of which will depend on the study results. Authorship will be determined in accordance with the ICMJE guidelines and other contributors will be acknowledged. Participants will be given access to the final published findings of the study on request. Time will be allocated for publication and dissemination of results at the end of the study period (March-November 2016).

## Intention to publish date

01/11/2016

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The current data sharing plans for this study are unknown and will be available at a later date

## IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		25/10/2021	26/10/2021	Yes	No
Other publications		04/03/2022	07/03/2022	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No