

# Stent-protected Percutaneous Angioplasty of the Carotid artery versus Endarterectomy

<b>Submission date</b>	<b>Recruitment status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
15/06/2005	No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b>	<b>Overall study status</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
02/08/2005	Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b>	<b>Condition category</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
06/08/2019	Circulatory System	

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Prof Werner Hacke

### Contact details

Department of Neurology  
Im Neuenheimer Feld 400  
Heidelberg  
Germany  
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## Additional identifiers

### Protocol serial number

N/A

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Stent-protected Percutaneous Angioplasty of the Carotid artery versus Endarterectomy

### Acronym

SPACE

## **Study objectives**

To compare carotid endarterectomy (CEA) and carotid stenting in patients with symptomatic >70% carotid artery stenosis.

To prove equivalence in the treatment of symptomatic >70% carotid artery stenosis in:

- a. Prevalence of ipsilateral stroke (modified Rankin  $\geq 4$ ) or death at 30 days
- b. Prevalence of ipsilateral stroke or death within 24 months after randomisation
- c. Restenosis (>70%) according to North American Symptomatic Carotid Endarterectomy Trial (NASCET) criteria at 6, 12, 24 months
- d. Procedural failure: technical or serious adverse events (SAE), subacute occlusion, (re)stenosis of 70% NASCET within 7 days
- e. Prevalence of any stroke within 30 days and 2 years after randomisation

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study design**

Randomised controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Stroke, secondary prevention

## **Interventions**

Carotid endarterectomy or Carotid artery stenting

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Phase**

Not Specified

## **Primary outcome(s)**

Occurrence of an ipsilateral stroke (ischaemic stroke and/or intracerebral bleeding with symptoms lasting more than 24 hours) or the death of every cause, between randomisation and day 30

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Ipsilateral stroke (ischaemic stroke and/or intracerebral bleeding) or vascular death within the follow-up period of 24 months, beginning with the time of randomisation
2. Restenosis with at least 70% measured by Duplexsonography according to 70%-stenosis following the ECST-criteria or at least a 50%-stenosis after the criteria of the NASCET after 6, 12 and 24 months
3. Procedural technical failure (technically not feasible treatment, serious adverse events [SAE])

during and/or by the treatment, occlusion of the vessel or restenosis with at least 70% measured by Duplexsonography according to 70%-stenosis following the ECST-criteria or at least a 50%-stenosis after the criteria of the NASCET on the 6th day  $\pm$  1 day and 30th day  $\pm$  3 day after treatment)

4. Ipsilateral stroke (ischaemic stroke and/or intracerebral bleeding with an impairment  $\geq$  3 on the modified Rankin scale) or death of every cause, between randomisation and day 30  $\pm$  3 after treatment

5. Strokes of every localisation and severity 30  $\pm$  3 days after the intervention

6. Strokes of every localisation and severity within 24 months  $\pm$  14 days after the intervention

## Completion date

31/12/2005

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- a. Symptomatic (Amaurosis fugax, transient ischemic attack [TIA], prolonged reversible ischaemic neurologic deficit [PRIND], complete stroke), Stenosis of the carotid bifurcation or the internal carotid artery (ICA) within 180 days before randomisation
- b. Clinical impairment not more than 3 of the modified Rankin scale
- c. Age at least 50 years
- d. Negative pregnancy test for women with childbearing potential
- e. Possibility to participate on the follow-up visits
- f. Written informed consent
- g. Stenosis of the carotid bifurcation or the ICA on the clinically symptomatic side with at least 70% according the criteria of the European Carotid Surgery Trial (ECST) or at least 50% after the criteria of the NASCET

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 years

## Sex

All

## Key exclusion criteria

- a. Intracranial bleeding within the last 90 days before treatment
- b. Uncontrolled hypertension
- c. Proved intracranial vessel malformation (aneurysm or arteriovenous malformation [AVM])
- d. Known cardiac cause of thromboembolism
- e. Concomittant disease that will prevent the patient from attending follow up or known malignancy

- f. Not correctable coagulation abnormality
- g. Contraindication against Heparin, acetylsalicylic acid (ASA), Ticlopidine, or Clopidogrel
- h. Contraindication against contrast medium
- i. Occlusion of the common carotid artery (CCA) or ICA
- j. Stenosis by an external compression (e.g. by tumour)
- k. Stenosis caused by dissection
- l. Restenosis after surgical or endovascular treatment
- m. Radiation-induced stenosis
- n. Fibromuscular dysplasia
- o. Thrombusformation within the stenosis
- p. Tandemstenosis if the distal stenosis is more severe than the proximal one
- q. Planned simultaneous surgical procedures

#### **Date of first enrolment**

01/03/2001

#### **Date of final enrolment**

31/12/2005

## **Locations**

#### **Countries of recruitment**

Germany

#### **Study participating centre**

#### **Department of Neurology**

Heidelberg

Germany

69120

## **Sponsor information**

#### **Organisation**

Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium Für Bildung und Forschung) (BMBF) (Germany)

#### **ROR**

<https://ror.org/04pz7b180>

## **Funder(s)**

#### **Funder type**

Industry

**Funder Name**

Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium Für Bildung und Forschung) (BMBF)

**Alternative Name(s)**

Federal Ministry of Research, Technology and Space, Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung, Federal Ministry of Education and Research, BMBF

**Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

National government

**Location**

Germany

**Funder Name**

German Research Foundation ((Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft) (DFG)

**Funder Name**

Guidant

**Funder Name**

Boston Scientific

**Funder Name**

Sanofi-Aventis

**Funder Name**

German Neurological Society

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/10/2004		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/03/2013		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/11/2018		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/08/2019	06/08/2019	Yes	No
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes