# CORDHA study: Optimization of the viability of stem cells derived from umbilical CORd blood after maternal supplementation with docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) during the second or third trimester of pregnancy

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
18/09/2013		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
08/10/2013	Completed  Condition category	Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
03/06/2014	Pregnancy and Childbirth	Record updated in last year		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The umbilical cord blood is an important source of hematopoietic stem cells (the blood cells that give rise to all the other blood cells). However, the amount of cells in the cord blood units is limited and this may restrict their clinical use. The cell viability (ability of the cell to survive) of an umbilical cord blood sample measures the percentage of the metabolic active stem cells. It follows that an active cellular metabolism causes increased production of stem cells, offering an opportunity to increase the number of cells. A high cell dose is essential when transplanting cord stem cells, guaranteeing a successful outcome in the receiving person. This study is designed to evaluate the impact of docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) supplementation in pregnant women, in order to increase the quantity and viability of the cells in the umbilical cord blood samples.

#### Who can participate?

Women aged >18 years and absence of: diabetes, high blood pressure (hypertension) or any other type of health problems requiring intake of medicines, genetic diseases, chromosome abnormalities and/or congenital malformations in the foetus and the absence of infectious disease (hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV and cytomegalovirus).

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to receive either placebo (dummy) or DHA (250 mg) one a day from the 20th week or DHA (250 mg) one a day from the 28th week up to the 40th week. Cell number and cellular viability are evaluated within 48 hours of the collection of the umbilical cord blood sample.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants receiving DHA may benefit from an increased amount of stem cells being collected in the umbilical cord blood samples at birth. At the moment there are no risks related to the use of DHA during pregnancy.

#### Where is the study run from?

The study has been set up by the SmartBank in collaboration with San Giovanni Calibita FatebeneFratelli-Roma hospital. 62 pregnant women will be recruited from those using the Gynaecological and Obstetrics Service of the San Giovanni Calibita FatebeneFratelli-Roma hospital, and 88 will be selected from the SmartBanks clients.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? The recruitment started in 2010 and participants will be enrolled on the study for a period of four years.

Who is funding the study? This study is supported by SmartBank s.r.l., BioVault Ltd and Avantgarde s.a.s

Who is the main contact?

Dr Irene Martini

Dr Enea Gino Di Domenico, enea.didomenico@uniroma1.it

## Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Irene Martini

#### Contact details

Via Vittorio Locchi, 9 Rome Italy 00197

### Additional identifiers

**Protocol serial number** N/A

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A randomised controlled trial for the optimization of the viability of stem cells derived from umbilical CORd blood after maternal supplementation with DHA during the second or third trimester of pregnancy

#### Acronym

**CORDHA** 

#### **Study objectives**

This study is designed to evaluate the impact of the DHA supplementation in pregnant women during the second (20th week of estimated gestational stage) or the third (28th week of estimated gestational stage) trimester of pregnancy, in order to increase the quantity and viability of the cells, in particular of the haematopoietic lineage, in the umbilical cord blood samples collected at birth.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Ethical Committee of the FateBeneFratelli San Giovanni Calibita Hospital - Isola Tiberina, 09/07/2009, ref: 35/2009; and 09/12/2010, ref: 67/2010

#### Study design

Four years randomised double blind monocentric study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Screening

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Increase the quantity and viability of the stem cells, in the umbilical cord blood samples in pregnant women supplemented with DHA.

#### **Interventions**

150 pregnant women will be recruited from the Gynaecological and Obstetrics Service of the San Giovanni Calibita FatebeneFratelli-Roma hospital, and from the SmartBanks clients. Each participant receives a complete set of capsules of either placebo (250 mg of olive oil) or DHA (250 mg), to take one a day from the 20th or from the 28th week up to the 40th week of estimated gestational age.

The DHA capsules (active batch) contain 250 mg IncromegaTM DHA 250TG SR+10 mg natural VIT E (Avantgarde sigma-tau, Rome, Italy). The DHA in the capsule is extracted from fish oil by PureMaxTM technology that enables lipids to be purified and concentrated to maximum standards. This ensures that the DHA used for this study is free of contaminants (heavy metals such as mercury, arsenic, cadmium, lead; oxidant impurities, dioxins and furans, dioxin-type polychlorinated biphenyls, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons). The packaging of the capsules in the two groups is identical. Additionally, all participants receive a free cord blood collection kit provided by SmartBank (SmartBank Rome, Italy). Hospital staff assisting the birth immediately extract and collect the cord blood with the kit. Samples are shipped to the BioVault laboratory (BioVault technical laboratory, Plymouth, UK) for specific analysis: volume (ml), pH, cell viability (%), number of CD34+ cells, number of leukocytes, bacterial and viral tests. When possible, 2 cc of the extracted cord blood are sent to the Lipinutragen-CNR laboratory in Bologna to determine the DHA percentage in the cord blood erythrocyte membranes.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

docosahexaenoic acid

#### Primary outcome(s)

Measure of the viability (%) and the number of CD34+ cells collected from the umbilical cord blood at birth from the patients treated with placebo or DHA from the 20th or from the 28th week.

#### Key secondary outcome(s))

Understand which stage of the supplementation with DHA (the second or the third trimester of pregnancy) is more effective in terms of quantity and viability of the stem cells, in the umbilical cord blood samples.

#### Completion date

01/09/2014

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age >18 years
- 2. Absence of: diabetes, hypertension or any other type of pathology requiring pharmacological therapy, genetic diseases, chromosome abnormalities and/or congenital malformations in the foetus and the absence of infectious disease (hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV and cytomegalovirus).

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

Female

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Age < 18 years
- 2. Presence of: diabetes, hypertension or any other type of pathology requiring pharmacological therapy, genetic diseases, chromosome abnormalities and/or congenital malformations in the foetus and the presence of infectious disease (hepatitis B, hepatitis C, HIV and cytomegalovirus).
- 3. Cord blood samples with a volume of less than 80 ml and/or less than 70% cell vitality are excluded from the study.

# **Date of first enrolment** 01/09/2010

**Date of final enrolment** 01/09/2014

# Locations

# Countries of recruitment Italy

Study participating centre Via Vittorio Locchi, 9 Rome Italy 00197

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

SmartBank (Italy)

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Industry

#### Funder Name

Private funds from SmartBank, the stem cells bank (Italy)

#### Funder Name

BioVault Ltd (Italy)

#### Funder Name

Avantgarde s.a.s (Italy)

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	10/05/2014	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes