

The value of local infiltration of bupivacaine during Perforate Invaginate (PIN) stripping of the long saphenous vein: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial.

Submission date 30/09/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 30/09/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 02/07/2009	Condition category Signs and Symptoms	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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IP33 2QZ

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0274135608

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To determine whether infiltration of the strip tract with local anaesthetic during Perforate Invaginate (PIN) stripping produces a significant reduction in post-operative pain

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised double-blind placebo-controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Signs and Symptoms: Post-operative pain

Interventions

Infiltration of bupivacaine vs placebo

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

bupivacaine

Primary outcome measure

Numerical pain scores at 1, 6 and 24 hours post-operatively. Analgesic consumption in the first 24 hours post-operatively.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

04/07/2003

Completion date

31/03/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with sapheno-femoral incompetence documented on duplex scanning who are undergoing elective unilateral sapheno-femoral disconnection and PIN stripping of the long saphenous vein with multiple avulsions.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

Added as of 15/04/2008: 27

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

04/07/2003

Date of final enrolment

31/03/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
West Suffolk Hospitals NHS Trust
Bury St Edmunds
United Kingdom
IP33 2QZ

Sponsor information

Organisation
Department of Health

Sponsor details
Richmond House
79 Whitehall
London
United Kingdom
SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type
Government

Website
<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
West Suffolk Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan
Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/12/2007		Yes	No