

A phase I/IIa study combining curcumin (Curcumin C3 Complex, Sabinsa) with standard care FOLFOX chemotherapy in patients with inoperable colorectal cancer

Submission date 28/10/2011	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 28/10/2011	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 04/09/2019	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

<http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/trial-looking-at-curcumin-and-folfox-for-advanced-bowel-cancer>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

2011-002289-19

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT01490996

Secondary identifying numbers

10672

Study information

Scientific Title

A phase I/IIa study combining curcumin (Curcumin C3 Complex, Sabinsa) with standard care FOLFOX chemotherapy in patients with inoperable colorectal cancer

Acronym

FOLFOX plus curcumin in patients with inoperable colorectal cancer

Study objectives

Phase I/IIa study administering daily oral C3-complex curcumin to patients receiving standard care folinic acid (FOL) fluorouracil (F) and Oxalipatin (OX) (FOLFOX) chemotherapy.

Phase I is a dose-escalation response study to establish a maximum tolerated dose. Phase IIa is a two-armed control study comparing FOLFOX+curcumin with FOLFOX alone. The second phase is randomised. Between 42 and 51 patients will be recruited depending on dose-limiting toxicities observed in phase I. Treatment will last for up to 12 cycles (approx 6 months of chemotherapy). Recruitment is anticipated to take 3 years. Follow-up will include routine CT scans to monitor progression, and ultimately survival times. Median survival approx 18 months and <5% 5 year survival, therefore potential running time 7 years in the event of extremely favourable treatment response.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

East Midlands (Derby 1) regional ethics committee , 04/08/2011, ref: 11/EM/0263

Study design

Randomised; Interventional and Observational; Design type: Treatment, Case-controlled study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

<http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/trial-looking-at-curcumin-and-folfox-for-advanced-bowel-cancer>

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: National Cancer Research Network; Subtopic: Colorectal Cancer; Disease: Colon

Interventions

This study is the first to combine daily oral curcumin with standard care FOLFOX-based (5-fluorouracil, folinic acid and oxaliplatin) chemotherapy in colorectal cancer patients with inoperable liver metastases: the CUFOX trial. CUFOX comprises a Phase 1 dose-escalation study (3+3+3 design) to determine an acceptable target dose of curcumin with which to safely proceed to a Phase IIa open-labelled randomised controlled trial. Thirty three participants with histological or cytological confirmation of inoperable colorectal cancer will then be randomised to oxaliplatin-based chemotherapy with the addition of daily oral curcumin at the target dose determined in Phase I, or to standard care oxaliplatin-based chemotherapy alone (recruiting at a ratio of 2:1).

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase I/II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Folinic acid, fluorouracil, oxaliplatin, curcumin

Primary outcome measure

Safety; Timepoint(s): Real-time adverse event reporting using Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTC-AE), diaries and direct consultation.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Biomarker Discovery; Timepoint(s): Samples taken during treatment phase 1-2years. Analysis 3-4 years.
2. Efficacy; Timepoint(s): Measured by response (RECIST) and survival
3. Measurement of systemic curcumin; Timepoint(s): During treatment phase
4. Neurotoxic side-effects; Timepoint(s): 2 weekly neurotoxicity questionnaires
5. Tolerability/Establishing Target Dose; Timepoint(s): Completion dose escalation phase of 3 consecutive patients without dose-limiting toxicity 2 cycles

Overall study start date

09/01/2012

Completion date

09/01/2015

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Histological or cytological diagnosis of metastatic colorectal cancer
2. Measurable disease by Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumours version 1.1 (RECIST 1.1)

3. Adequate haematological, hepatic and renal function
4. Age more than or equal to 18 years
5. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) Performance status 0 or 1
6. Patients must have recovered from effects of any recent major surgery
7. Willing to use contraception if applicable
8. Informed consent
9. Life expectancy estimated to be more than 12 weeks; Target Gender: Male & Female ; Lower Age Limit 18 no age limit or unit specified

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 51; UK Sample Size: 51

Total final enrolment

28

Key exclusion criteria

1. Contraindications to FOLFOX chemotherapy: Peripheral neuropathy National Cancer Institute Common Toxicity Criteria (NCI CTC) >1, Liver failure, uncontrolled coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction within the previous 6 months.
2. Unwilling or unable to comply with the study protocol
3. Patients who are pregnant or lactating or contemplating pregnancy. Patients or their partners who become pregnant during the study will be referred to the appropriate experts.
4. Undergone chemotherapy (other than adjuvant for CRC) or participating in another drug study.
5. Previous cancer <5 years (other than colorectal, basal cell carcinoma, in-situ cervical cancer)
6. Major surgery within 4 weeks of starting the study
7. Co-existing active infection or serious concurrent medical condition
8. Significant cardiovascular disease
9. Bone metastases
10. Known brain or leptomeningeal metastases
11. Surgery or hospital admissions for symptomatic intra-abdominal adhesions
12. Active endoscopically proven peptic ulcer disease or colitis

Date of first enrolment

09/01/2012

Date of final enrolment

09/01/2015

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Leicester Royal Infirmary

Leicester

United Kingdom

LE1 5WW

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Leicester (UK)

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

University/education

ROR

<https://ror.org/04h699437>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Bowel Disease Research Foundation of ACPGBI (UK)

Funder Name

Cancer Research UK (CRUK) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, Cancer Research UK (CRUK), CRUK

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Funder Name

Hope Against Cancer (UK)

Funder Name

Royal College of Surgeons of England (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

RCS England, RCS ENG, The Royal College of Surgeons of England, RCS

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Universities (academic only)

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	24/03/2015		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/07/2019	04/09/2019	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No