Family focused cognitive behaviour therapy versus behaviourally oriented psycho-education for chronic fatigue syndrome in 11 to 18 year olds: a randomised controlled treatment trial

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
08/03/2007		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
22/05/2007		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
03/05/2011	Nervous System Diseases			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Cognitive Behaviour Therapy (CBT) will result in higher levels of school return than psychoeducation at six months follow up.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

King's College London Hospital (UK) on the 14/09/1999 (ref: 99/247)

Study design

A randomised controlled trial in which 13 sessions of family focused CBT was compared to 4 sessions of psycho-education over six months.

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (CFS) otherwise known as Myalgic Encephalomyelitis (ME)

Interventions

13 sessions of family focused CBT versus four sessions of psycho-education over six months.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

School attendance expressed as a percentage of what was expected.

Secondary outcome measures

As a secondary outcome school attendance was dichotomised with a good outcome set at 70% or more, as at this age many healthy adolescents are not attending school or college full time. The following were recorded at six months:

- 1. Fatigue: Chalder Fatigue Scale internal consistency in this sample was excellent with a Chronbachs alpha of 0.89
- 2. Functional impairment: physical functioning subscale of the 36-item Short Form health survey (SF-36) (range 0 to 100 higher scores denoting better health) this measure is valid and reliable and has been used in adolescents with CFS
- 3. Degree to which fatigue interfered with adolescents life: Social Adjustment Scale Chronbach s alpha was 0.91
- 4. Emotional and social responses: adolescents and their mothers completed the strengths and difficulties questionnaire this measure has been shown to be valid and reliable in a number of studies
- 5. Global improvement and satisfaction: Global Outcome Scales an assessor, blind to the group in which participants were randomised, carried out a semi-structured interview with the adolescent and rated degree of improvement in fatigue and disability on a nine-point scale from much better to much worse

Overall study start date

01/02/2000

Completion date

30/06/2005

Eligibility

Kev inclusion criteria

- 1. Adolescents between 11and 18
- 2. Fulfill criteria for chronic fatique syndrome
- 3. Have been investigated by a Paediatrician
- 4. If on anti-depressants, then had to be on a stable dose for three months

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

11 Years

Upper age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

58 participants

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Major depression
- 2. Somatisation disorder
- 3. Conversion disorder
- 4. History of self harm
- 5. Identifiable disease

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2000

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Department of Psychological Medicine

London United Kingdom SE5 9RJ

Sponsor information

Organisation

South London & Maudsley NHS Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

Denmark Hill London England United Kingdom SE5 8AZ

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.slam.nhs.uk/

ROR

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NHS Executive London Region Office (UK) (ref: RFG 640)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/08/2010		Yes	No