Reversal of the respiratory effect of morphine and morphine-6-glucuronide by naloxone: a clinical study using healthy volunteers

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
03/07/2006	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
04/07/2006	Completed	[X] Results
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data
26/03/2021	Respiratory	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Reversal of the respiratory effect of morphine and morphine-6-glucuronide by naloxone: a clinical study using healthy volunteers

Study objectives

This is a pharmacological study to examine the ability to reverse respiratory depression from opioids such as morphine and Morphine-6-Glucuronide (M6G) using low-dose naloxone.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approval received by the Ethics Committee of Leiden University Medical Center on the 6th July 2005 (ref: P04.004).

Study design

Randomised, parallel, placebo-controlled, double-blinded trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Respiratory depression by opioids

Interventions

Measurement of respiration on a breath-to-breath basis. We will study four groups, with 12 subjects per group:

- 1. Group one will receive M6G 0.2 mg/kg
- 2. Group two will receive M6G 0.4 mg/kg
- 3. Group three will receive morphine 0.15 mg/kg
- 4. Group four will receive morphine 0.3 mg/kg

These opioids will be administered intravenously as a bolus dose, 90 minutes after the opioid infusion, naloxone will be infused using a target controlled infusion system for one hour. Next measurement will continue for another two hours. The opioid doses to be used are based on previous studies as well on clinical efficacy.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Naloxone, morphine, morphine-6-glucuronide

Primary outcome(s)

Minute ventilation and pain response to heat pain

Key secondary outcome(s))

No secondary outcome measures

Completion date

01/01/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Healthy volunteers over 18 years of age

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

24

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Obesity (Body Mass Index [BMI] more than 30)
- 2. Presence of medical disease (heart, lung, liver, kidney, neurological disease, diabetes, pyrosis, diaphragmatic hernia)
- 3. Presence of psychiatric disease
- 4. History of chronic alcohol or drug use
- 5. Allergy to study medications
- 6. Possibility of pregnancy
- 7. Lactating females

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2005

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre Leiden University Medical Center (LUMC) Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC

Sponsor information

Organisation

Leiden University Medical Centre (LUMC) (The Netherlands)

ROR

https://ror.org/027bh9e22

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

CeNes Ltd (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Results article01/06/201026/03/2021YesNo