Acupuncture and pain relief in temporomandibular joint dysfunction syndrome

	Prospectively registered
Stopped	☐ Protocol
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
Stopped	☐ Results
Condition category	Individual participant data
Last Edited Condition category 19/10/2011 Oral Health	Record updated in last year
	Stopped Condition category

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Alison Loescher

Contact details

University of Sheffield
Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery
Charles Clifford Dental Hospital
Sheffield
United Kingdom
S10 2SZ
+44 0114 271 7811
a.loescher@shef.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0059108302

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

The aim of the study is to determine if acupuncture is beneficial to patients suffering with temporomandibular dysfunction. As acupuncture is known to have a powerful placebo effect (Taub 1979, 48:205-210) it is important that the efficacy of acupuncture is determined in well controlled studies. To date there are no reported blind controlled studies to determining the efficacy of acupuncture in the management of temporomandibular joint dysfunction. In the present study comparisons will be made between the efficacy of acupuncture (intent to cure), sham acupuncture (placebo group) and traditional methods (occlusal splint) in the management of patients suffering with temporomandibular joint dysfunction.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Oral Health: Oral Medicine

Interventions

Comparisons will be made between the efficacy of acupuncture (intent to cure), sham acupuncture (placebo group) and traditional methods (occlusal splint).

Added 18 July 2008: the trial did not start due to lack of funding.

Amendment Jan 2005: This trial has received ethical approval but it is not being undertaken at present due to funding issues.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Not provided at time of registration

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/02/2002

Completion date

01/10/2003

Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Lack of funding

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

120 patients suffering with temporomandibular joint dysfunction.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

120

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2002

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre University of Sheffield Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2SZ

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Sheffield Teaching Hospitals (Central Campus) (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration