Effect of plant sterol margarines on serum cholesterol in everyday practice

Submission date 19/02/2009	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	 Statistical analysis plan
31/03/2009	Completed	[_] Results
Last Edited 13/10/2017	Condition category Circulatory System	 Individual participant data Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers 4/3/03

Study information

Scientific Title

An open randomised trial of the effect of plant sterol margarines on serum cholesterol in everyday practice

Acronym

SPREADS

Study objectives

 To estimate the effect of advice to use a plant sterol margarine in a free living population when compared to a polyunsaturated margarine among those with hypercholesterolaemia.
 To estimate whether sterols reduce beta-carotene levels and if this can be counteracted by an increase in fruit and vegetable consumption.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

1. South Wiltshire Ethics Committee, approved in 2002, ref: SA231/2002 2. Southampton City Ethics Committee, approved in 2002, ref: 328/02/w

Study design Open randomised crossover trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised cross over trial

Study setting(s) Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Hypercholesterolaemia in adults

Interventions

Polyunsaturated margarine or sterol enriched margarine taken for 6 weeks with a crossover design (no washout period). Total duration of interventions and follow-up: 12 weeks

Intervention Type

Supplement

Primary outcome measure

Serum cholesterol and beta-carotene assessed at baseline, 6 and 12 weeks

Secondary outcome measures

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol, total cholesterol (TC)/HDL ratio, assessed at baseline, 6 and 12 weeks

Overall study start date 01/09/2003

Completion date 31/03/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria Adult (both males and females) over 18 with cholesterol >6 mmol

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants 232

Key exclusion criteria Those considered unsuitable by their GP e.g., cancer, acute or chronic psychotic disorder or dementia

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2003

Date of final enrolment 31/03/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Primary Medical Care Southampton United Kingdom SO16 1ST

Sponsor information

Organisation University of Southampton (UK)

Sponsor details University Road Southampton England United Kingdom so17 1bj

Sponsor type University/education

Website http://www.soton.ac.uk/

ROR https://ror.org/01ryk1543

Funder(s)

Funder type University/education

Funder Name Royal College of General Practitioners (RCGP) - Scientific Foundation Board (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary Not provided at time of registration