A Prospective Randomised Controlled Trial of Iron Supplementation in Patients Scheduled for Colorectal Cancer Surgery

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
30/09/2005	No longer recruiting	Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
30/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
17/09/2012	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Mr KB Hosie

Contact details

General Surgery Department Level 07 Derriford Hospital Derriford Plymouth United Kingdom PL6 8DH

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0185146331

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To determine whether giving iron supplements to patients at the time of diagnosis of colorectal cancer increases or prevents the decrease in their haemoglobin levels and reduces allogeneic blood exposure.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer: Colorectal

Interventions

All patients seen in the outpatient clinic and scheduled for colorectal cancer surgery will be recruited. Patients will be randomised to receive iron supplements or nothing until 3 days prior to admission, so as not to interfere with bowel preparation. Blood tests including FBC, reticulocyte count, ferritin and plasma viscosity will be performed in clinic at 2 weeks and on the day of admission. During admission the details of the operation (type, surgeon, duration, blood loss) any transfusion and length of stay will be noted.

Intervention Type

Supplement

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Iron supplements

Primary outcome measure

To determine whether giving iron supplements to patients at the time of diagnosis of colorectal cancer increases, or prevents the decrease, in their haemoglobin levels, and reduces allogeneic blood exposure.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/07/2001

Completion date

30/06/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All patients seen in clinic with a diagnosis of colorectal cancer and fit for surgery will be eligible.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

60

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2001

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
General Surgery Department
Plymouth
United Kingdom
PL6 8DH

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Plymouth Hospitals NHS Trust (UK), Own Account

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/05/2007		Yes	No