

A prospective (sero-)epidemiological study on contact transmission and chemoprophylaxis in leprosy

Submission date
19/12/2005

Recruitment status
No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

Registration date
19/12/2005

Overall study status
Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

Last Edited
18/03/2008

Condition category
Infections and Infestations

☐ Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

COLEP

Study objectives

Rifampicin is an effective chemoprophylactic intervention method to prevent leprosy among close contacts of leprosy patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Leprosy

Interventions

All close contacts of 1000 consecutive new leprosy patients in the districts of Nilphamari and Rangpur (Bangladesh) who are recruited for the study are considered for inclusion. A contact group consists of around 20 individuals.

A single dose of rifampicin or a placebo is given to all included contacts. The rifampicin comes in capsules of 150 mg and the dosage is the same as recommended in the guidelines of the national leprosy control programme of Bangladesh and DBLM. According to bodyweight and age, two to four capsules are taken by the contact under direct supervision of a DBLM staff member. All the contacts of one patient receive medication from the same container.

Dosage of rifampicin according to age and body weight:

Adult greater than 35 kg: 600 mg

Adult less than 35 kg: 450 mg

Child 10 - 14 years: 450 mg

Child 5 - 9 years: 300 mg

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Rifampicin

Primary outcome measure

The primary outcome measure is the number of new leprosy patients emerging from the contact groups. The proportions between the rifampicin and the placebo group will be compared at two-years intervals.

Secondary outcome measures

Analysis will be carried out in order to define special groups at risk. The results of the serological tests will also be compiled and analysed. The number of leprosy patients found in the referent group will be used to calculate the prevalence rate (at intake) and the incidence rate (during follow-up) in the general population, allowing for calculation of relative risks among the contacts.

Overall study start date

01/05/2002

Completion date

31/10/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients should give consent for approaching their contacts for the trial.

Inclusion criteria for contacts:

1. Those living in the same house
2. Those living in a house sharing the same kitchen
3. First neighbours
4. Close business or social contacts, including other relatives. To be included into this category one has to be in contact with the patient on a daily base (five or more days a week) and during several hours a day.
5. Second neighbours

All divided into spouse, child, parent, sibling, other relative, relative-in-law, non-relative.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

20,000

Key exclusion criteria

Exclusion criteria for contacts:

1. Any contact who refuses to be included
2. Any contact being pregnant
3. Any contact currently on tuberculosis (TB) or leprosy treatment (however, released from treatment [RFT] patients should be included)
4. Any contact below 5 years of age
5. Any contact suffering from jaundice
6. Any contact living only temporarily in the area
7. Any contact found to suffer from leprosy at the initial survey
8. Any contact already enrolled in the study via the contact

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2002

Date of final enrolment

31/10/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Bangladesh

Netherlands

Study participating centre

Erasmus Medical Centre Rotterdam

Rotterdam

Netherlands

3000 DR

Sponsor information

Organisation

Erasmus Medical Centre (The Netherlands)

Sponsor details

Department of Public Health
P.O. Box 1738
Rotterdam
Netherlands
3000 DR

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<http://www.erasmusmc.nl/content/englishindex.htm>

ROR

<https://ror.org/018906e22>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

The Leprosy Mission International (UK)

Funder Name

American Leprosy Missions (USA)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	05/04/2008		Yes	No