A randomised trial of a Lung-Open Ventilation Strategy in acute lung injury

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 11/08/2005 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 11/08/2005 Completed [X] Results Individual participant data **Last Edited** Condition category 18/02/2008 Respiratory

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT00182195

Protocol serial number

MCT-38141

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

LOVS

Study objectives

The Lung Open Ventilation strategy may reduce mortality, other organ dysfunction, and the duration of mechanical ventilation, intensive care, and hospital stay.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The Hamilton Health Sciences/McMaster University Research Ethics Board, 15/06/2004

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Critically Ill Patients with Acute Lung Injury (ALI)

Interventions

Control Ventilation Strategy (assist control; low tidal volume; low airway pressures; standard PEEP)

Experimental Lung Open Ventilation Strategy (pressure control; low tidal volumes; low airway pressures; high PEEP; recruitment maneuvers).

For further information, please contact Dr Meade at the address listed below or Dr Thomas Stewart at University of Toronto (tstewart@mtsinai.on.ca).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Hospital Mortality

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Mortality attributed to respiratory failure
- 2. Duration of respiratory failure and duration of mechanical failure
- 3. Evaluation of respiratory function during mechanical ventilation
- 4. Incidence of barotrauma
- 5. Non-respiratory organ dysfunction

Completion date

31/01/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Persons of either sex 18 years and older.

- 1. Invasive mechanical ventilation
- 2. Acute respiratory insufficiency (within past 28 days)
- 3. Bilateral infiltrates on frontal chest radiograph
- 4. Hypoxemia, defined as paO2/FiO2 less than or equal to 250, on any amount of Positive End-Expiratory Pressure (PEEP)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Primary cause of respiratory failure is cardiac
- 2. Anticipated duration of mechanical ventilation <48 hours, as judged by the intensivist
- 3. Inability to wean from other experimental ventilation strategies
- 4. Severe chronic respiratory disease
- 5. Neuromuscular disease that will result in prolonged need for mechanical ventilation
- 6. Conditions where hypercapnia-induced intracranial hypertension should be avoided
- 7. Morbid obesity (>1 kg per cm body weight)
- 8. Pregnancy
- 9. Very unlikely to survive in the judgment of the investigator, and luck of commitment to life support
- 10. Malignancy or underlying irreversible condition with 6 month mortality greater than or equal to 50%

- 11. Greater than 48 hours elapsed since first eligible in study hospital
- 12. Current participation in competing trial
- 13. Lack of physician, patient or proxy consent

Date of first enrolment

01/08/2000

Date of final enrolment

31/01/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Canada

Study participating centre Clinical Epidemiology & Biostatistics

Hamilton, Ontario Canada L8N 3Z5

Sponsor information

Organisation

McMaster University (Canada)

ROR

https://ror.org/02fa3aq29

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) (Canada) - http://www.cihr-irsc.gc.ca (ref: MCT-38141)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	13/02/2008		Yes	No