# Survey of burnout among doctors specializing in anesthesiology in Brazil during the COVID-19 pandemic

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
20/09/2021		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
21/09/2021	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
05/04/2023	Other			

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Anesthesiology residents are historically at high risk of burnout, and the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic could worsen this scenario. The prevalence of burnout risk and its associated factors in anesthesiology residents in Brazil during the COVID-19 pandemic is unknown. The primary goal of this study is to determine the prevalence of burnout risk in anesthesiology residents in Brazil during the COVID-19 pandemic. The secondary objective is to recognize individual and work-related factors related to the pandemic, which could predict the risk of burnout in this population.

## Who can participate?

Anesthesiology residents in Brazil who are currently in their 1st, 2nd, and 3rd year of training.

#### What does the study involve?

It involves answering a survey on the internet. The survey includes five forms: (1) the Oldenburg Burnout Inventory; (2) demographic data; and the pandemic's impact on (3) behavior and habits, (4) psychosocial information, and (5) work environment.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There will be no direct benefits related to your participation. Indirect benefits include: contributing to a better understanding of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the mental health of anesthesiology residents, which may help to formulate burnout syndrome prevention strategies to reduce its prevalence.

Participating in this project represents minimal risk. The questions can generate discomfort by including the screening scale for a mental disorder, a questionnaire to detail the social profile, and questions related to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Where is the study run from? Hospital Mario Covas (Brazil)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2020 to March 2021.

Who is funding the study?

This is a self-funded study by anesthesiologists and anesthesiology residents from the Faculdade de Medicina do ABC (Brazil)

Who is the main contact? Natanael Pietroski dos Santos, MD, pietroski@gmail.com

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Natanael Pietroski dos Santos

#### **ORCID ID**

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4640-7178

#### Contact details

Av. Cons. Rodrigues Alves, 780 AP 173 Sao Paulo Brazil 04014000 +55 11963167080 pietroski@gmail.com

# Additional identifiers

## **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### **IRAS** number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

## Secondary identifying numbers

U1111-1268-1656

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Burnout among anesthesiology residents in Brazil during the COVID-19 pandemic - a cross-sectional survey

## **Study objectives**

What is the burnout risk among anesthesiology residents in Brazil increased during the COVID-19 pandemic?

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Approved 28/11/2020, Comitê de Ética em Pesquisa Faculdade de Medicina do ABC (Avenida Lauro Gomes, 2000 - 2º andar - prédio: CEPES – Santo André – SP - Brazil; +55 (11) 4993-5453; cep@fmabc.br), ref: CAAE: 39505120.7.0000.0082

## Study design

Nationwide observational cross-sectional study

## Primary study design

Observational

## Secondary study design

Cross sectional study

#### Study setting(s)

Internet/virtual

#### Study type(s)

Screening

## Participant information sheet

See additional files

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Burnout risk in anesthesiology residents

#### **Interventions**

Participants will answer an online survey that takes less than 5 minutes to complete.

Participants will be stratified for burnout risk based on the Oldenburg Burnout Inventory (OLBI). An overall score above 4.73 will classify residents as being "at risk" of burnout, while scores beyond 2.33 for exhaustion and 2.40 for disengagement will classify residents as "high risk" for burnout. Participants' individual and work-related factors will be analyzed by two logistic regressions, with the outcomes "at risk" and "high risk" for burnout. Significant results from those regressions will be included in a multiple linear regression model with the OLBI score as the outcome variable. Beta coefficients will be used to standardize the correlations and semi partial correlation will determine the percentage of correlation between each factor and the OLBI score. Beta coefficients above or equal to 0.2 will determine the strength of correlation as moderate to strong, while those below 0.2 as weaker correlations. If a question with adaptive options is significant, a sub-analysis will be conducted by multiple regression or correlation, as appropriate.

## Intervention Type

Other

## Primary outcome measure

Burnout risk measured using the Oldenburg Burnout Inventory at a single time point.

## Secondary outcome measures

Measured using self report at a single time point:

- 1. Age (years)
- 2. Gender
- 3. Having children
- 4. Post-graduate year
- 5. Country's region
- 6. Regular physical activity
- 7. Cigarette smoking
- 8. Alcohol consumption
- 9. Drug consumption
- 10. Presence of emotional support
- 11. Spirituality considered an important aspect of life
- 12. Current psychological or psychiatric treatment
- 13. Access to COVID-19 tests in the residency program
- 14. Self-perception regarding the risk of COVID-19 contamination in the residency
- 15. Felt safe with the individual protection equipment provided
- 16. Referred institutional COVID-19 protection protocol
- 17. Resident diagnosed with COVID-19
- 18. Workload change during the pandemic
- 19. Weekly working time before the pandemic
- 20. Received practical training to assist COVID-19 patients
- 21. Felt capable of assisting patients with COVID-19 (or suspected infection)
- 22. Felt coerced or pushed to assist patients with COVID-19
- 23. Relocated to COVID-19 ICU/ward
- 24. Moved to a new house due to the pandemic
- 25. Considered abandoning the anesthesiology training due to the pandemic

## Overall study start date

05/06/2020

#### Completion date

02/03/2021

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

1. Anesthesiology residents in their 1st, 2nd, and 3rd year of training.

## Participant type(s)

Health professional

## Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

84

#### Total final enrolment

205

## Key exclusion criteria

1. Refusal to sign the e-consent form

#### Date of first enrolment

12/01/2021

## Date of final enrolment

02/03/2021

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Brazil

## Study participating centre Faculdade de Medicina do ABC

Av. Lauro Gomes, 2000 - Vila Sacadura Cabral Santo André Brazil 09060-870

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Faculdade de Medicina do ABC

## Sponsor details

Av. Lauro Gomes, 2000 - Vila Sacadura Cabral Santo André Brazil 09060-870 +55(11) 4993-5400 fmabc@fmbac.br

## Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

http://www.fmabc.br/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/047s7ag77

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

University/education

#### **Funder Name**

Faculdade de Medicina do ABC

## Alternative Name(s)

ABC Medical School, FMABC

## **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

## **Funding Body Subtype**

Local government

## Location

Brazil

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

## Intention to publish date

16/02/2022

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request.

The dataset analyzed during the current study will be available to researchers who provide a methodologically sound proposal. The dataset will be available immediately following publication, with no end date. All information will be deidentified and should be used exclusively to achieve aims in the approved proposal. To gain access, data requestors will need to sign a data access agreement. Proposals should be directed to Natanael Pietroski dos Santos, pietroski@gmail.com.

## IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

## **Study outputs**

Output type Participant information sheet	Details	Date created	<b>Date added</b> 21/09/2021	<b>Peer reviewed?</b> No	Patient-facing? Yes
Protocol file	in Portuguese		21/09/2021	No	No
Results article	results	12/08/2022	05/04/2023	Yes	No