The effect of using prism adaptation treatment on performance of self care and mobility tasks in patients with unilateral inattention following stroke

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
06/09/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
12/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
07/10/2009	Circulatory System			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number PSYC.RJ4292

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

PATMOS

Study objectives

- 1. Does prism adaptation have an effect on the patients behaviour in daily living tasks?
- 2. Does prism adaptation have an effect on the patients mobility in the environment?
- 3. Does prism adaptation differentially affect different domains of space?
- 4. Are the effects of the treatment long lasting (in this case evident after 8 weeks)?
- 5. What sample size is required and which measures should be included in a definitive randomised controlled trial?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised placebo controlled parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Stroke

Interventions

Experimental intervention: Pointing training with prism goggles that shift field of view 10 degrees to the right, once a day, Monday to Friday for 2 weeks.

Control intervention: pointing training with goggles containing clear flat glass, once a day, Monday to Friday for 2 weeks.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Score of selfcare on Catherine Bergego Scale at 3 days after end of intervention

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Behavioural inattention test
- 2. Corridor navigation (distance from wall)

- 3. Motricity index
- 4. Sensory Assessment
- 5. Barthel Index

Completion date

31/08/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Right hemisphere damaged stroke patients who are judged by their Occupational Therapists to be having difficulty with self-care as a result of unilateral inattention.
- 2. Scoring below cut off on Star Cancellation and Line Bisection tests from the Behavioural Inattention Test.
- 3. Able to sit and point with the unaffected hand.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Patients judged unable to follow instructions for the study procedures

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2004

Date of final enrolment

31/08/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

University of Bristol

Bristol United Kingdom BS8 1TN

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Bristol (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/0524sp257

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

The Stroke Association (UK) (ref: TSA 2004/01)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2010		Yes	No