# ASSESS-meso: a long-term study looking at people with mesothelioma (cancer of the outer lining of the lung) that will gather information on symptoms, disease processes and factors that affect survival

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered				
08/01/2018	Recruiting	[X] Protocol				
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan				
24/01/2018	Ongoing  Condition category	Results				
Last Edited		Individual participant data				
07/02/2025	Cancer	[X] Record updated in last yea				

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Mesothelioma is an aggressive cancer that usually affects the outside lining of the lung, but can also affect the lining of the heart or abdomen. It usually arises as a result of previous exposure to asbestos, often more than 40 years previously. Rates of mesothelioma diagnosis have increased steadily over the past decade, in the UK and worldwide, and are predicted to continue rising over the next 5-10 years. Unfortunately the average life-expectancy of a person diagnosed with mesothelioma is less than a year. This is because it is very difficult to treat, with only one chemotherapy treatment that has been shown to be effective. On average, this chemotherapy allows people to live approximately 3 months longer, although some people respond really well and go on to live for many months or even years. Unfortunately at the moment, we can't predict which people will be the ones to respond well to chemotherapy. Lots of new treatments are being developed for mesothelioma. There is more to learn about mesothelioma, specifically whether there are any patient characteristics, factors relating to the tumour or blood tests that predict which patients might live longer and reponses to chemotherapy. This may help make better treatment decisions for individual patients. This information is will be gathered by setting up a database (cohort) of patients with mesothelioma diagnosed at our hospital, and at other hospitals in the UK. The cohort will also be used as a resource for identifying patients who are suitable to participate in clinical trials. The aim of the study is to collect information about mesothelioma and the people who develop it, their symptoms, and how things change over time, whilst also screening participants for participation in clinical trials.

Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 and older who have mesothelioma

What does the study involve?

Participants in the study are followed up in accordance with usual clinical care (aiming to have

appointments every 3 months or so). At each visit routine clinical data is collected, such as what treatments participants have had since their last appointment and whether they are still draining fluid from their chest. Imaging, such as chest x-rays and ultrasound scans will be undertaken at every appointment. CT scans are done every 6 months. Blood tests are taken at every study appointment, and if participants have fluid in their chest, a sample of this may be taken and stored. Participants are also asked to complete a symptom score and a quality of life questionnaire at each appointment. Participants are followed up from the day they receive their diagnosis for their whole life, or until they withdraw from the study. If participants find it too tiring or difficult to come to appointments in hospital, they are offered a telephone follow up.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is no direct benefit for people taking part in the study. The information they provide will help doctors learn more about mesothelioma and potentially help future patients diagnosed with this disease. In future we intend to use the study to screen people to see if they are eligible to participate in clinical trials. As this study does not include an intervention, there are few risks to taking part. The additional time taken to complete the study assessments and up to 4 extra blood tests per year are potential disadvantages. Participants may be asked to undergo up to 2 extra CT scans and up to 4 extra chest x-rays per year, which involves exposure to radiation. However, this is only a small amount, and is unlikely to cause any significant health problems.

Where is the study run from?

- 1. Southmead Hospital (UK)
- 2. Churchill Hospital (UK)
- 3. Musgrove Park Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2016 to December 2028

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Anna Bibby (Scientific)

# Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Anna Bibby

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7386-7754

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

220360

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

CPMS 33514

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A prospective observational cohort study collecting data on demographics, symptoms and biomarkers in people with mesothelioma that will provide a resource for future trials

#### Acronym

ASSESS-meso

# Study objectives

The aim of the study is to collect information about mesothelioma and the people who develop it, their symptoms, and how things change over time, whilst also screening participants for participation in clinical trials.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

South West - Central Bristol Research Ethics Committee, 14/03/2017, ref: 17/SW/0019

# Study design

Observational; Design type: Cohort study

# Primary study design

Observational

## Study type(s)

Treatment

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Mesothelioma (cancer of the outer lining of the lung)

#### Interventions

This is an observational study, with no additional intervention above usual clinical care. Participants are followed up from the point of diagnosis until death or withdrawal from the study. Data is collected during routine clinical appointments, every three months as a minimum. There is the option to switch to telephone follow up if participants are no longer undergoing hospital follow up.

Patients who agree to join the cohort provide clinical information at the point of diagnosis, alongside samples of blood and pleural fluid for analysis. Additional blood and pleural fluid samples are kept, and stored anonymously, for further testing in the future. Participants then continue to be followed up in clinic, approximately every 3 months. At every clinic appointment, participants provide more information, for example about the severity of their current symptoms, which will be collected and added to the database. If possible, further samples of pleural fluid and blood are also be taken at these appointments. Participants continue to provide information for the cohort at every pleural clinic appointment for the rest of their life.

### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome(s)

Survival is measured as time from diagnosis to death (or censored at the point of withdrawal from the study) at every study visit.

## Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Disease progression, assessed on CT scans using modified RECIST criteria at baseline and every 6 months
- 2. Change in serum mesothelin from baseline, assessed on blood tests taken at baseline and every 3 months
- 3. Patient reported symptom scores for breathlessness, chest pain and sweats, measured using visual analogue scales at baseline and every 3 months.
- 4. Patient reported quality of life, assessed using the EQ-5D-5L questionnaire, at baseline and every 3 months.
- 5. Pleurodesis rates assessed using pleural catheter drainage diaries, chest x-ray and thoracic ultrasound every 3 months. Pleurodesis is defined as "less than 50ml of pleural fluid drained on 3 or more successive drainages, with no evidence of residual fluid on chest x-ray or ultrasound".
- 6. Health services utilisation, assessed from patient history and hospital records every 3 months.

In addition data will be collected on confounding factors including:

- 1. Patient characteristics e.g. age, sex, presence of comorbidities, performance status collected at baseline from patient history & medical records
- 2. Tumour variables e.g. histological type, disease site collected at baseline from medical records
- 3. Treatment factors e.g. chemotherapy, radiotherapy, participation in clinical trials collected at baseline and every 3 months based on patient history 7 medical records

# Completion date

31/12/2028

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Histological, cytological or clinico-pathological diagnosis of mesothelioma, confirmed at MDT
- 2. Willing and able to comply with study follow up assessments (including at least 1 appointment at a study recruiting centre if identified at a PIC)
- 3. Has capacity, as defined by the 2005 Mental Capacity Act

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Age < 18 years old
- 2. Unable to give written informed consent
- 3. Declines ongoing hospital follow up

#### Date of first enrolment

01/07/2017

#### Date of final enrolment

30/06/2027

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

# Study participating centre Southmead Hospital

North Bristol NHS Trust Westbury on Trym Bristol United Kingdom BS10 5NB

# Study participating centre Churchill Hospital

Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust Old Road Headington Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7LE

# Study participating centre Musgrove Park Hospital

Taunton & Somerset NHS Foundation Trust Taunton United Kingdom TA1 5DA

# Study participating centre Greater Glasgow and Clyde

Gartnavel Royal Hospital 1055 Great Western Road Glasgow United Kingdom G12 0XH

# Study participating centre Sherwood Forest Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Kings Mill Hospital Mansfield Road Sutton-in-ashfield United Kingdom NG17 4JL

# Study participating centre Velindre Cancer Centre

Velindre Road Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 2TL

# Study participating centre South Tyneside NHS Foundation Trust

South Tyneside District Hospital Harton Lane South Shields United Kingdom NE34 0PL

# Study participating centre Clatterbridge Cancer Centre

Clatterbridge Hospital Clatterbridge Road Wirral United Kingdom CH63 4JY

# Study participating centre Gloucestershire Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Cheltenham General Hospital Sandford Road Cheltenham United Kingdom GL53 7AN

# Study participating centre Sheffield Teaching Hospitals

Pegasus House, 4th Floor 463a Glossop Road Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2QD

# Study participating centre NHS Highland

Reay House 17 Old Edinburgh Road Inverness United Kingdom IV2 3HG

# Study participating centre

# University Hospitals of Morecambe Bay NHS Foundation Trust

Westmorland General Hospital Burton Road Kendal United Kingdom LA9 7RG

# Study participating centre Basildon Hospital

Nethermayne Basildon United Kingdom SS16 5NL

# Study participating centre Broomfield Hospital

Court Road Broomfield Chelmsford United Kingdom CM1 7ET

# Study participating centre Southend University Hospital

Prittlewell Chase Westcliff-on-sea United Kingdom SSO ORY

# Study participating centre Freeman Hospital

Freeman Road High Heaton Newcastle upon Tyne United Kingdom NE7 7DN

# Sponsor information

#### North Bristol NHS Trust Research & Innovation Department

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/036x6gt55

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during the current study will be available upon request from Dr Anna Bibby (anna.bibby@bristol.ac.uk) from December 2028 for 10 years. Pseudonymised patient-level data will be provided as Excel or STATA files for analysis in ethically approved research studies. Individual participant consent has been obtained for this type of data sharing.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

# Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created		Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>		10/11 /2022	11/11 /2022	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06 /2023	No	No
Interim results article	Pre-specified interim analysis (baseline characteristics), conducted when recruitment reached 25% of target	27/12 /2023	08/01 /2024	Yes	No

Participant information sheet	version v2.3		01/04 /2019	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11 /2025	11/11 /2025	No	Yes
Protocol file	version 1.9	14/12 /2023	24/01 /2025	No	No