A non-interventional study analyzing the characteristics of patients hospitalized in France for acute exacerbations of COPD and the factors predicting disease progression

Submission date	Recruitment status Not yet recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered	
05/09/2025		[X] Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
10/09/2025 Last Edited	Ongoing Condition category	Results	
		☐ Individual participant data	
08/09/2025	Respiratory	[X] Record updated in last year	

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) is a public health problem with more than 3 million patients in France. The rate of exacerbations in COPD patients varies from patient to patient and over time. The best predictor of exacerbations is a history of exacerbations (two or more exacerbations per year). Worsening respiratory function is associated with an increased prevalence of exacerbations. This study aims to describe the characteristics of COPD patients admitted to hospital for acute exacerbation in 2025 and to study death rates at 3 months and 3 years and risk factors and compare these data with those of the EA-BPCO study conducted in 2006.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 18 years and over who were hospitalized for an acute exacerbation linked to COPD (whether known or not) between 01/11/2025 and 31/11/2026

What does the study involve?

Data collection:

- 1. At inclusion: patient demographics, COPD history, comorbidities, medications, vaccinations, and clinical data at exacerbation onset
- 2. During hospitalization: patient pathway, treatments, ICU stay if applicable
- 3. Follow-up: 3–9 months reassessment of COPD and ongoing treatments; 3 years vital status and cause of death

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? None

Where is the study run from? Centre Hospitalier Eure-Seine – Hôpital d'Evreux-Vernon (France) When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? November 2025 to September 2029

Who is funding the study?

- 1. Chiesi
- 2. AstraZeneca
- 3. Sanofi
- 4. SOS Oxygen
- 5. ASTEN
- 6. ASDIA
- 7. Homeperf

Who is the main contact?
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Contact information

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2024-A02419-38

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number
Nil known

Secondary identifying numbersNil known

Study information

Scientific Title

EA-COPD-CPHG Study: Predictive factors of 3-year survival in patients hospitalized for acute exacerbations of COPD in the pulmonology departments of general hospitals, from November 1, 2025, to October 31, 2026

Acronym

EA-COPD-CPHG

Study objectives

In 2024, COPD affects between 1.6 and 3 million patients in France. Over the past 15 years, its landscape has changed significantly. With an aging population, patients present with increasingly complex profiles and more frequent comorbidities. At the same time, healthcare organization has evolved: reduction in the number of full hospital beds, expansion of partial hospitalization, and increased availability of home-based care.

COPD management has also progressed. Recognition of the inflammatory component of the disease has led to wider use of inhaled triple therapy (LABA–LAMA–ICS) and the development of biologics (anti-IL-4/IL-13, anti-IL-5, anti-IL-33). Beyond pharmacological strategies, home oxygen therapy, pulmonary rehabilitation, and patient education have also reshaped COPD care in recent years.

In this context, establishing a new prospective observational real-world study, mirroring the EACOPD study conducted in 2006, is highly relevant. It will allow us to:

1. Describe, in 2025, the characteristics of COPD patients hospitalized for acute exacerbations

(AEs)

- 2. Identify potential subtypes ("phenotypes" or "endotypes") of exacerbations
- 3. Assess 3-month and 3-year survival and associated risk factors
- 4. Compare these data with those from the 2006 study

Primary Objective:

To assess 3-year survival and predictive factors of survival in patients hospitalized for acute exacerbations (AEs) of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).

Secondary Objectives:

- 1. To evaluate predictive factors of 3-month survival in patients hospitalized for AE of COPD.
- 2. To explore the existence of subtypes ("phenotypes/endotypes") of exacerbations.
- 3. To describe patient characteristics, COPD features, and management prior to hospitalization in patients with COPD admitted for AE.
- 4. To describe in-hospital management of COPD exacerbations (therapeutics, patient characteristics, follow-up, etc).
- 5. To compare the evolution of patient characteristics, COPD features, and management since 2006.
- 6. To assess the seasonality of COPD exacerbations.
- 7. To evaluate the impact of social deprivation on 3-year survival in patients hospitalized for AE of COPD

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval not required

Ethics approval(s)

Study design

Prospective observational national multicenter non-interventional cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Diagnostic, Prevention, Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)

Interventions

Data collection:

- 1. At inclusion: patient demographics, COPD history, comorbidities, medications, vaccinations, and clinical data at AE onset
- 2. During hospitalization: patient pathway, treatments, ICU stay if applicable
- 3. Follow-up: 3–9 months reassessment of COPD and ongoing treatments; 3 years vital status and cause of death

Analysis:

Data will be analyzed using R software. Descriptive statistics, comparisons between groups, and methods to identify AE subtypes will be applied. Survival will be assessed using Kaplan-Meier and Cox regression, including socio-economic factors for analysis of social deprivation effects. Time-series analyses will evaluate seasonality.

Intervention Type

Other

Primary outcome measure

3-year survival of patients hospitalized for acute exacerbations (AE) of COPD, along with the predictive factors associated with this survival, measured using the patient's vital status at 3 years

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. 3-month survival of patients hospitalized for acute exacerbations (AE) of COPD, along with the predictive factors associated with this survival, measured using the patient's vital status at 1 year
- 2. Existence of subtypes of exacerbations, defined by the presence of (at the time of patient inclusion):
- 2.1. Comorbidities (asthma, history of Pseudomonas aeruginosa infection, presence of alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency, respiratory allergies, bronchiectasis, emphysema, gastroesophageal reflux, stroke, dyslipidemia, ischemic heart disease, peripheral artery disease (PAD), heart failure, cardiac arrhythmias, hypertension (high blood pressure), osteoporosis, diabetes, lung cancer)
- 2.2. Biological values
- 3. The characteristics of patients, COPD, and its management prior to hospitalization in patients with COPD admitted to hospital for exacerbations, defined by:
- 3.1. Patient characteristics: sex, age, height, weight, smoking status
- 3.2. Management prior to hospitalization: previously diagnosed COPD, medically followed for COPD, prior treatments
- 4. The hospitalization management of COPD exacerbations, assessed during the patient's hospital stay for the exacerbation (that led to inclusion), using the following criteria: mode of admission to the department, management of the exacerbation in critical care, treatments administered during hospitalization, discharge procedures, and treatments prescribed at discharge.
- 5. The evolution of patient characteristics, COPD, and its management since 2006, assessed by comparing the data collected at inclusion in the 2006 EA-BPCO study with those collected at inclusion in the 2025/2026 study.
- 6. The seasonality of COPD exacerbations, assessed based on the number of patients included in the study across the four seasons of the year
- 7. The impact of social deprivation on 3-year survival of patients admitted to hospital for acute exacerbations, assessed by combining the social deprivation score at inclusion with the patients' vital status at 3 years

Overall study start date

01/11/2025

Completion date

30/09/2029

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Age ≥18 years
- 2. All patients hospitalized in a pulmonology department for an acute exacerbation (AE) of COPD, whether previously diagnosed or newly identified, admitted between 01/11/2025 and 31/10/2026, regardless of:
- 2.1. Mode of admission (emergency, outpatient consultation, direct admission, intensive care unit, other department), or
- 2.2. Associated conditions (e.g., obstructive sleep apnoea/hypopnoea syndrome [OSAHS], obesity-hypoventilation syndrome, etc)

Also eligible:

- 1. Patients with decompensation initially admitted to pulmonology and subsequently transferred to intensive care
- 2. Patients already receiving ventilatory support (long-term oxygen therapy, non-invasive ventilation)
- 3. Patients for whom COPD is diagnosed as a result of the index AE

Patient information sheet provided and explained; oral consent or absence of objection obtained.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Upper age limit

100 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

3000

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Age < 18 years
- 2. Previous inclusion in the study
- 3. Patients unable to perform pulmonary function tests, cooperate with the protocol, or respond

to questions

- 4. Patients deprived of liberty following a judicial or administrative decision
- 5. Patients unable to give consent

Date of first enrolment

01/11/2025

Date of final enrolment

30/09/2026

Locations

Countries of recruitment

France

Study participating centre

Centre Hospitalier Eure-Seine – Hôpital d'Evreux-Vernon

rue Léon Schwartzenberg

Evreux

France

27015

Sponsor information

Organisation

Collège des Pneumologues des Hôpitaux Généraux (CPHG)

Sponsor details

Maison de la Pneumologie 68 boulevard Saint-Michel Paris France 75006

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

https://cphg.org

Funder(s)

Funder type

Funder Name

Chiesi Farmaceutici

Alternative Name(s)

Chiesi Pharmaceuticals, CHIESI Farmaceutici S.p.A., CHIESI, CHIESI GROUP

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

For-profit companies (industry)

Location

Italy

Funder Name

AstraZeneca

Alternative Name(s)

AstraZeneca PLC, Pearl Therapeutics

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

For-profit companies (industry)

Location

United Kingdom

Funder Name

Sanofi

Alternative Name(s)

sanofi-aventis, Sanofi US, Sanofi-Aventis U.S. LLC, Sanofi U.S.

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

For-profit companies (industry)

Location

United States of America

Funder Name

SOS Oxygen

Funder Name

ASTEN

Funder Name

ASDIA

Funder Name

Homeperf

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Intention to publish date

01/11/2027

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

In accordance with French data protection laws, individual participant data from the study cannot be disclosed outside the approved legal and protocol framework. Only aggregated or anonymized data can be shared for research purposes, ensuring the confidentiality and protection of study participants.

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol file			08/09/2025	No	No