

# Intensive compared with nonintensive chemotherapy in treating older patients with acute myeloid leukaemia or myelodysplastic syndrome

<b>Submission date</b> 01/07/2001	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 01/07/2001	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 17/10/2018	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT00005823

## **Secondary identifying numbers**

LRF AML14

# **Study information**

## **Scientific Title**

A randomised trial for patients with acute myeloid leukaemia (AML) or high-risk myelodysplastic syndrome aged 60 or over

## **Acronym**

AML 14

## **Study objectives**

As of 10/12/2009 this record was updated; all details can be found under the relevant section under the above update date.

Added as of 10/12/2009:

Drugs used in chemotherapy use different ways to stop cancer cells from dividing so they stop growing or die. It is not yet known if stronger doses of chemotherapy given over a longer period of time are as well tolerated or as effective as less intensive chemotherapy.

This randomised phase III trial is studying intensive regimens of chemotherapy to see how well they work compared to nonintensive regimens of chemotherapy in treating older patients with acute myeloid leukemia or myelodysplastic syndrome.

## **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

## **Ethics approval(s)**

The protocol was reviewed by the Clinical Trial Advisory Panel of the Leukaemia Research Fund and was approved by the Wales Multicentre Ethics Committee as well as each institution's ethical committee.

## **Study design**

Randomised controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

## **Study setting(s)**

Hospital

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acute myeloid leukaemia or high-risk myelodysplastic syndrome

### Interventions

Patients will be randomised between intensive and non-intensive chemotherapy at diagnosis.

Those in the intensive treatment arm will be randomised between 50 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day daunorubicin versus 35 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day daunorubicin and 200 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day Ara-C versus 400 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day. Patients in the lower dose daunorubicin arm will be further randomised between PSC833 versus control, i.e., no PSC833. After three courses of treatment, patients in the intensive arm will be randomised between short (three courses) versus long (four courses) consolidation therapy.

Patients in the non-intensive arm will be randomised between hydroxyurea and low-dose Ara-C and 45 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day All-trans retinoic acid versus no retinoic acid.

### Intervention Type

Drug

### Phase

Phase IV

### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Daunorubicin

### Primary outcome measure

Added as of 10/12/2009:

1. Survival
2. Response achievement
3. Response duration

### Secondary outcome measures

Added as of 10/12/2009:

1. Toxicity by WHO Toxicity Grading after each treatment course
2. Quality of life EORTC QLQ-C30 at 3 days, 1 month, 3 months, and 6 months from study entry
3. Resource use (use of blood products, antibiotics and days in hospital) after each treatment course

### Overall study start date

01/12/1998

### Completion date

01/11/2003

## Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

Patients are eligible for AML 14 if:

1. They have one of the forms of acute myeloid leukaemia (this can be any type of the de novo or

secondary AML, except acute promyelocytic leukaemia) or myelodysplastic syndrome (refractory anemia with excess blasts [RAEB], refractory anemia with excess blasts in transformation [RAEB-t], chronic myelomonocytic leukemia [CMML]) with more than 10% myeloblasts in the bone marrow

2. They should normally be aged 60 or over, but patients under this age are eligible if the more intensive therapy employed in the current trial for younger patients with AML is not considered a suitable option

3. They have given informed consent

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Senior

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

217 (added as of 02/01/2009)

**Key exclusion criteria**

Added as of 10/12/2009:

1. Previously received cytotoxic chemotherapy for leukaemia
2. Acute promyelocytic leukaemia
3. In blast transformation of chronic myeloid leukaemia
4. Concurrent active malignancy
5. Patients with liver function test elevation greater than twice normal cannot receive Gemtuzumab Ozogamicin (Mylotarg) and are therefore not eligible for the non-intensive randomisation

**Date of first enrolment**

01/12/1998

**Date of final enrolment**

01/11/2003

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

Wales

**Study participating centre**

Department of Haematology

Cardiff

United Kingdom

CF14 4XN

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Leukaemia Research Fund (UK)

## Sponsor details

43 Great Ormond Street  
London  
United Kingdom  
WC1N 3JJ

## Sponsor type

Charity

## Website

<http://dspace.dial.pipex.com/lrf-//>

## ROR

<https://ror.org/0055acf80>

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Charity

## Funder Name

Leukaemia Research Fund (UK)

# Results and Publications

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

## Intention to publish date

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Plain English results</a>				No	Yes
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	15/03/2007		Yes	No