# A controlled evaluation of the health benefits of a participative community music programme for older people (Silver Song Clubs)

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
25/08/2009	No longer recruiting  Overall study status	[X] Protocol
Registration date		Statistical analysis plan
28/09/2009	Completed  Condition category	Results
Last Edited		[] Individual participant data
04/07/2011	Other	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

PB-PG-0408-16038

# Study information

Scientific Title

The health benefits of a participative community music programme for older people (Silver Song Clubs): a controlled evaluation single centre randomised unblinded trial

#### **Study objectives**

Primary hypothesis:

Singing groups for older people improve both physical and mental aspects of quality of life when compared with usual activities.

#### Secondary hypotheses:

- 1. Singing groups for older people are more cost effective than usual activities
- 2. Singing groups for older people reduce anxiety and depression when compared with usual activities

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Added 16/03/2010:

Surrey Research Ethics Committee approved on the 20th January 2010 (ref: 10/H1109/5)

#### Study design

Single centre randomised unblinded controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

# Study type(s)

Quality of life

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

General health status

#### **Interventions**

Intervention: 90 - 120 minutes group singing and related activities, weekly for 12 weeks, with follow up measures for a further 12 weeks.

Control: Usual activities

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome(s)

Health related quality of life measured with 12-item short form health survey (SF-12) at baseline, 12 weeks (post-intervention) and 24 weeks.

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Health utility, measured with EQ-5D at baseline, 12 weeks (post-intervention) and 24 weeks
- 2. Anxiety and depression measured with Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS) at baseline, 12 weeks (post-intervention) and 24 weeks
- 3. Service use questionnaire at baseline, 12 and 24 weeks

#### Completion date

31/12/2011

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Community dwelling volunteers
- 2. Aged 60+ years, either sex
- 3. Able to give informed consent and complete questionnaires

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Senior

#### Sex

All

#### Key exclusion criteria

Individuals unable to give informed consent or complete questionnaires.

#### Date of first enrolment

01/01/2010

#### Date of final enrolment

31/12/2011

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

**United Kingdom** 

England

## Study participating centre

## Sidney De Haan Research Centre for Arts & Health

Folkestone United Kingdom CT20 1JG

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Canterbury Christ Church University (UK)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/0489ggv38

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK) - Research for Patient Benefit (RfPB) (ref: PB-PG-0408-16038)

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protcol	28/02/2011	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes