

UK Study of tendo Achilles Rehabilitation

Submission date 09/06/2015	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 22/06/2015	Overall study status Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 10/07/2023	Condition category Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Current plain English summary as of 01/08/2018:

Background and study aims

The Achilles tendon is the largest tendon in the human body and transmits the powerful contractions of the calf muscles that are required for walking and running. Consequently, when the tendon ruptures it has a serious detrimental impact on daily activities and results in prolonged periods off work and away from sporting activity. Achilles tendon rupture affects over 11,000 people each year in the UK, and the incidence is increasing as the population remains more active into older age. Controversy remains with regards the best rehabilitation plan for patients with a rupture of the Achilles. Traditionally, patients have been treated in a series of plaster casts; the casts extend from below the knee and around the ankle. The position of the cast is changed until the patient can put their weight through the foot. However, there is some evidence that a functional brace or 'walking boot' gives as much support and may speed recovery in the first year after the injury. We therefore propose to perform a study comparing plaster casts with functional bracing for patients with a rupture of the Achilles tendon. Phase 1 will confirm how many patients are willing to take part in a large-scale multi-centre randomised controlled trial. Phase 2 will be the proposed randomised controlled trial in a minimum of 22 hospitals across the UK.

Who can participate?

Adult patients attending a trial centre with a rupture of the Achilles tendon who have decided not to have surgery.

What does the study involve?

Patients will be randomly allocated to be treated with either functional bracing or a plaster cast. Both plaster casts and functional braces are widely used within the NHS, for both broken bones and sprains, and all of the clinical teams in the trial centres will be familiar with both techniques. A researcher will perform a clinical assessment and make a record of any early complications at 8 weeks. Functional outcome, quality of life and questionnaires of out-of-pocket expenses will be collected at 3, 6 and 9 months post-injury.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no specific risks or benefits to participants as both interventions are already used widely in the treatment of patients with an Achilles tendon rupture. The risks of an Achilles tendon rupture include: re-rupture, tendon lengthening, calf muscle weakness and blood clots,

and these risks are present for both groups of patients in the study and indeed all patients with this injury.

Where is the study run from?

Oxford University Hospitals NHS Trust (UK).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

April 2016 to May 2019

Who is funding the study?

NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme - HTA (UK).

Who is the main contact?

Dr Susan Wagland

UKSTAR@ndorms.ox.ac.uk

Previous plain English summary:

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Dr Susan Wagland
UKSTAR@ndorms.ox.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr Susan Wagland

Contact details
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United Kingdom
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+44 (0)1865 223115
ukstar@ndorms.ox.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
HTA 13/115/62; v1.0

Study information

Scientific Title
UK Study of tendo Achilles Rehabilitation – a multicentre randomised clinical trial

Acronym
UK STAR

Study objectives

There is no difference in the Achilles Tendon Rupture Score 9 months after rupture of the Achilles tendon, in non-operatively treated adult patients with either functional bracing or plaster cast immobilisation.

More details can be found at <http://www.nets.nihr.ac.uk/projects/hta/1311562>

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

South Central - Oxford B Research Ethics Committee, 18/03/2016, REC ref: 16/SC/0109

Study design

Multi-centre two-arm parallel-group assessor-blind randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Achilles tendon rupture

Interventions

Participants will be randomized 1:1 to the following two groups:

1. A plaster cast will be applied in the 'gravity equinus' position. Over the first 8 weeks, as the tendon heals, the position of the plaster cast is changed until the foot achieves 'plantargrade'. Weight bearing can commence thereafter.
2. A rigid functional brace will be applied, with equines foot position initially. Weight bearing can commence immediately. Plantargrade will be achieved gradually over 8 weeks after which the brace will be removed.

Intervention Type

Device

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

-

Primary outcome measure

The primary outcome measure for this study is the Achilles tendon Total Rupture Score (ATRS). The ATRS is a validated questionnaire which is self-reported (filled out by the patient). It consists of 10 items assessing symptoms and physical activity specifically related to the Achilles tendon. It measures: strength, fatigue, stiffness, pain, activities of daily living, walking on uneven surfaces, walking upstairs or uphill, running, jumping and physical labour. This data will be collected at baseline, 3, 6 and 9 months post-injury.

Secondary outcome measures

1. EQ-5D; The EQ-5D-5L is a validated, generic health-related quality of life measure consisting of 5 dimensions each with a 5-level answer possibility.
2. Complications; all complications will be recorded, from the medical records at the 8-week review and self-reported by the patient thereafter, including: re-rupture, blood clots/emboli, pressure areas/hindfoot pain, falls and neurological symptoms in the foot.

Overall study start date

01/04/2016

Completion date

31/05/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients will be considered for participation in this study if:

1. They are aged 16 years or older
2. They have a primary rupture of the Achilles tendon
3. They have decided to have non-operative treatment

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

16 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Minimum 330, Maximum 550

Total final enrolment

540

Key exclusion criteria

Patients will be excluded from participation in this study if they:

1. Present to the treating hospital more than 14 days after the injury

2. There is evidence that the patient would be unable to adhere to trial procedures or complete questionnaires; for example, a history of permanent cognitive impairment

Date of first enrolment

01/07/2016

Date of final enrolment

31/05/2018

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Oxford University Hospitals NHS Trust

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX3 9DU

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Oxford (UK)

Sponsor details

Block 60

Churchill Hospital

Old Road

Headington

Oxford

England

United Kingdom

OX3 7LE

Sponsor type

University/education

ROR

<https://ror.org/052gg0110>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

NIHR Health Technology Assessment Programme - HTA (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

To be confirmed at a later date

Intention to publish date

01/09/2019

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from Prof. Matt Costa (matthew.costa@ndorms.ox.ac.uk).

1. Type of data that will be shared: individually assessed on request for data sharing
2. When the data will become available and for how long: individually assessed on request for data sharing
3. By what access criteria data will be shared including with whom: individually assessed on request for data sharing
4. For what types of analyses: individually assessed on request for data sharing
5. By what mechanism: individually assessed on request for data sharing
6. Whether consent from participants was obtained: no
7. Comments on data anonymization: all data will be de-identified
8. Any ethical or legal restrictions: individually assessed on request for data sharing
9. Any other comments: none

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	24/10/2017	03/06/2019	Yes	No
Statistical Analysis Plan	statistical analysis plan:	30/05/2019	03/06/2019	No	No
Results article	results	08/02/2020	10/02/2020	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Results article		01/02/2020	10/07/2023	Yes	No