

# WT1 immunity via DNA vaccination in haematological malignancies by intramuscular injection and electroporation

<b>Submission date</b> 21/01/2011	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 21/01/2011	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 25/10/2022	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

<https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-looking-new-vaccine-treat-leukaemia-win>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Mr Scott Regan

### Contact details

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## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2009-017340-14

### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01334060

### Protocol serial number

## Study information

### Scientific Title

WT1 immunity via DNA fusion gene vaccination in haematological malignancies by intramuscular injection followed by intramuscular electroporation: a multicentre interventional treatment open label single dose phase II study using genetic randomisation

### Acronym

WIN

### Study objectives

Open label, single dose level, phase II study in two patient groups (CML and AML) using genetic randomisation. Consented and eligible HLA A2+ve patients will be vaccinated with two DNA vaccines and HLA A2 -ve patients will be followed up with molecular monitoring only.

The objectives are to evaluate:

1. Molecular response following p.DOM-epitope DNA vaccination in patients with CML (BCR-ABL, WT1) and AML (WT1) at weeks 4, 8, 12, 16, 20 and at months 6, 12, 18 and 24
2. Time to disease progression, 2 year survival rate (patients with AML)
3. Correlation of molecular responses with immunological responses

Primary objective:

CML: Molecular response of BCR-ABL

AML: Time to disease progression

Secondary objective:

Molecular response of WT1 transcript levels, immune responses to WT1 and DOM, Toxicity, CML- Time to disease progression, next treatment and survival, AML-2 year survival, overall survival.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Gene Therapy Advisory Committee (GTAC) approved on 15/11/2010 (ref: 173)

### Study design

Multicentre randomised interventional treatment open label single dose phase II study

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Study type(s)

Treatment

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: National Cancer Research Network; Subtopic: Haematological Oncology; Disease: Leukaemia (acute), Leukaemia (chronic), Leukaemia (acute myeloid), Leukaemia (acute lymphoblastic), Leukaemia (acute promyelocytic)

## Interventions

Current interventions as of 22/12/2011

Patients that are HLA A2+ will receive both vaccines as per below:

1. p.DOM-WT1-37:

Dosage: 1 mg

Method: intramuscular electroporation

Frequency of administration: 6 times at 4 weekly intervals - Responders (immunological but without molecular progression) may continue vaccination 3 monthly

Total duration of treatment: maximum of 24 months

Follow-up: 24 months post treatment

2. p.DOM-WT1-126:

Dosage: 1 mg

Method: intramuscular electroporation

Frequency of administration: 6 times at 4 weekly intervals - Responders (immunological but without molecular progression) may continue vaccination 3 monthly

Total duration of treatment: maximum of 24 months

Follow-up: 24 months post treatment

Patients that are HLA A2- will be monitored as the control group.

Measured in vaccinated patients only:

1. Autoimmune profile (together with other blood tests)
2. Bone marrow aspirate (all patients except HLA A2 negative CML patients)
3. Electrocardiogram (ECG), 1 before and after each vaccination
4. Immunological samples, samples for immunological analysis, blood (together with other blood tests)
5. Leukaphoresis
6. Serum electrophoresis (together with other blood tests)
7. Skin biopsies (to be carried out if wherever feasible)

Measured in all patients:

8. Full blood count, biochemistry, (together with other blood tests)
9. Clotting (together with other blood tests)
10. HLA A2 test (together with other blood tests)
11. Infectious disease screen (human immunodeficiency virus [HIV], syphilis, Hepatitis, HTLV, CMV) (together with other blood tests)
12. Quantitative polymerase chain reaction (qPCR) (together with other blood tests)

Measured routinely:

13. Chest X ray

## Previous interventions

Patients that are HLA A2+ will receive both vaccines as per below:

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Dosage: 1 mg

Method: intramuscular electroporation

Frequency of administration: 6 times at 4 weekly intervals - Responders (immunological but

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Method: intramuscular electroporation

Frequency of administration: 6 times at 4 weekly intervals - Responders (immunological but without molecular progression) may continue vaccination 3 monthly

Total duration of treatment: maximum of 24 months

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Measured routinely:

13. Chest X ray

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

## **Phase**

Phase II

## **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

p.DOM-epitope DNA vaccination

## **Primary outcome(s)**

1. CML: Molecular response of BCR-ABL transcripts, measured at any time during follow up

2. AML: time to disease progression

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. AML: 2-year survival, overall survival, measured at any point during follow up
2. AML: Time to disease progression, measured at any point during follow up
3. Molecular response of WT1 transcripts, measured at any point during follow up

## **Completion date**

31/07/2012

# **Eligibility**

## **Key inclusion criteria**

Current inclusion criteria as of 02/07/2012

### **1. CML group:**

- 1.1. Philadelphia chromosome positive CML in chronic phase
- 1.2. In complete cytogenetic response (CCyR) but with detectable BCR-ABL transcripts and maintained the CCyR on Imatinib monotherapy for a minimum of 24 months

### **2. AML group:**

- 2.1. WT1+ AML in CR or morphologic CR with incomplete blood count recovery (CRi)  
As the vast majority of AML express WT and evaluation in CR or CRi is technically not feasible, formal demonstration of WT1 expression in AML cells is not required. Where historical or relapsed samples become available, WT1 expression status will be evaluated post hoc.

### **3. All patients:**

- 3.1.  $\geq 18$  years of age, written informed consent
- 3.2. Performance status of 0 or 1.
- 3.3. for vaccination groups: HLA-A\*0201 positive in at least one allele
- 3.4. for control groups: HLA A2 negative in both alleles
- 3.5. renal function and liver function (Creatinine  $< 1.5 \times$  upper limit of normal, liver function tests  $< 1.5 \times$  upper limit of normal); Lymphocyte count  $> 1.0 \times 10^9/l^*$ ; normal clotting
- 3.6. HB $>100$  g/l
- 3.7. Adequate venous access for repeated blood sampling according to protocol schedule.
- 3.8. If sexually active and possibly fertile, patients must agree to use appropriate contraceptive methods during the trial and for six months afterwards.

\* If the lymphocyte count is below 1.0 at the time of entry into the trial but has been over 1.0 in the last 6 months and has also not declined rapidly in the days and weeks preceding entry, then the patient is eligible.

## **Previous inclusion criteria**

### **1. CML group:**

- 1.1. Philadelphia chromosome positive CML in chronic phase
- 1.2. In complete cytogenetic response (CCyR) but with detectable BCR-ABL transcripts and maintained the CCyR on Imatinib monotherapy for a minimum of 24 months

### **2. AML group:**

- 2.1. WT1+ AML in CR or morphologic CR with incomplete blood count recovery (CRi)

As the vast majority of AML express WT and evaluation in CR or CRi is technically not feasible, formal demonstration of WT1 expression in AML cells is not required. Where historical or relapsed samples become available, WT1 expression status will be evaluated post hoc.

**3. All patients:**

- 3.1. Male and female, lower age limit of 18 years
- 3.2. Written informed consent
- 3.3. Performance status of 0 or 1
- 3.4. For vaccination groups: HLA-A0201 positive in at least one allele
- 3.5. For control groups: HLA A2 negative in both alleles
- 3.6. Renal function and liver function (creatinine less than 1.5 x upper limit of normal, liver function tests less than 1.5 x upper limit of normal); lymphocyte count greater than  $1.0 \times 10^9/l$ ; normal clotting
- 3.7. HB greater than 100 g/l
- 3.8. Adequate venous access for repeated blood sampling according to protocol schedule
- 3.9. If sexually active and possibly fertile, patients must agree to use appropriate contraceptive methods during the trial and for six months afterwards

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**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Lower age limit**

18 years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

21

**Key exclusion criteria****1. CML patients:**

- 1.1. CML in accelerated phase or blast crisis or having achieved CMR at any point during imatinib therapy
- 1.2. Imatinib dose modification in the previous year, imatinib interruption for more than 15 days in the previous 6 months to enrolment
- 1.3. Prior interferon- $\alpha$  therapy
- 1.4. Hypocellular bone marrow (less than 20%) (indicated by blood counts and most recent bone marrow (where available)
- 1.5. Complete molecular response (CMR)

**2. AML patients:**

- 2.1. AML in haematological relapse or eligible for allogeneic SCT
- 2.2. Hypocellular bone marrow (less than 20%)
- 2.3. AML patients with the "good-risk" abnormalities comprised by the core binding factor leukaemias (i.e., AML with the translocation [8;21] and inversion of chromosome 16, and acute promyelocytic leukaemia with the translocation [15;17])

**3. All patients:**

$\geq 18$  years of age, written informed consent

Performance status of 0 or 1.

for vaccination groups: HLA-A\*0201 positive in at least one allele

for control groups: HLA A2 negative in both alleles

renal function and liver function (Creatinine  $< 1.5 \times$  upper limit of normal, liver function tests  $< 1.5 \times$  upper limit of normal); Lymphocyte count  $> 1.0 \times 10^9/l^*$ ; normal clotting

HB $>100$  g/l

Adequate venous access for repeated blood sampling according to protocol schedule.

If sexually active and possibly fertile, patients must agree to use appropriate contraceptive methods during the trial and for six months afterwards.

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Previous exclusion criteria as of 22/12/2011

**1. CML patients:**

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#### 3. All patients:

3.1. Systemic steroids or other drugs with a likely effect on immune competence are forbidden during the trial. The predictable need of their use will preclude the patient from trial entry

3.2. Major surgery in the preceding three to four weeks from which the patient has not yet recovered

3.3. Patients who are of high medical risk because of non-malignant systemic disease, as well as those with active uncontrolled infection

3.4. Patients with any other condition which in the Investigator's opinion would not make the patient a good candidate for the clinical trial, such as concurrent congestive heart failure or prior history of New York Heart Association (NYHA) class III/IV cardiac disease

3.5. Current malignancies at other sites, with the exception of adequately treated basal or squamous cell carcinoma of the skin. Cancer survivors, who have undergone potentially curative therapy for a prior malignancy, have no evidence of that disease for five years and are deemed at low risk for recurrence, are eligible for the study.

3.6. Patients who are serologically positive for or are known to suffer from Hepatitis B, C, Syphilis or HIV. Counselling will be offered to all patients prior to testing.

#### Previous exclusion criteria

#### 1. CML patients:

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**Date of first enrolment**

30/11/2010

**Date of final enrolment**

31/07/2012

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

Clinical Trials Unit, MP131

Southampton

United Kingdom

SO16 6YD

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**

Southampton University Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/0485axj58>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Research council

## Funder Name

Medical Research Council (MRC)/National Institutes of Health Research (NIHR) (UK) - Efficacy and Mechanism Evaluation (EME) Programme (ref: EME 08/99/24)

## Funder Name

Leukaemia Research Foundation (UK)

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/04/2016		Yes	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
<a href="#">Plain English results</a>			25/10/2022	No	Yes