The MISSION! Intervention Study: A Prospective Randomised Controlled Trial to Evaluate the Efficacy of Drug-Eluting Stents versus Bare-Metal Stents for the Treatment of Acute Myocardial Infarction

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
27/01/2006		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
27/01/2006	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 13/08/2010	Condition category Circulatory System	[] Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof M.J. Schalii

Contact details

Leiden University Medical Center Department of Cardiology P.O. Box 9600 Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC +31 (0)71 5264811 m.j.schalij@lumc.nl

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

NTR396

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

MISSION! Intervention Study

Study objectives

Thin strut cobalt chromium stents are not inferior in preventing restenosis compared to sirolimus-eluting stents in patients with acute myocardial infarction.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Received from local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised open label controlled parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Acute myocardial infarction

Interventions

The MISSION! Intervention Study is a prospective randomised study comparing non-coated, thin strut, cobalt chromium stents (Vision $^{\text{IM}}$) and sirolimus eluting stents (Cypher $^{\text{IM}}$) for the treatment of patients with acute myocardial infarction.

300 patients will be randomised and treated by primary percutaneous coronary intervention with stent implantation. All patients will have angiographic follow-up at 9 months to assess the primary endpoint with Quantitative Coronary Angiography. In all patients, IVUS will be

performed post-intervention and at 9 months follow-up to assess acute and late incomplete stent apposition and neointimal volume.

Moreover fractional flow reserve will be measured at 9 months to assess functional stent patency. At 12 months major adverse events will be counted and analysed according to life table methods.

Clinical and angiographic data will be analyzed according to the principle of intention-to-treat and evaluable group analyses. End-point variables will be presented by means of 95% confidence intervals.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

In-lesion late loss at 9 months

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. MACE (death, myocardial infarction, target vessel revascularisation, target lesion revascularisation) at 12 months
- 2. Incomplete stent apposition at 9 months
- 3. Minimal lumen area at 9 months
- 4. Fractional flow reserve at 9 months

Overall study start date

01/02/2004

Completion date

31/01/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Between 18 and 80 years of age
- 2. ECG evidence of an acute myocardial infarction
- 3. De novo native culprit lesion
- 4. Target vessel with a reference diameter between 2.25 and 3.75 mm
- 5. Target lesion length ≤ 24 mm
- 6. Written informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

300

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Rescue PTCA
- 2. Start symptoms >9 hours before the procedure
- 3. Left main lesion with ≥ 50% diameter stenosis
- 4. Triple vessel disease
- 5. Involvement of a major side branch
- 6. Previous PCI or CABG of the culprit vessel
- 7. Renal insufficiency
- 8. Unwilling or unable to comply with the study requirements or follow-up evaluations
- 9. Contraindication for abciximab
- 10. Extensive peripheral vascular disease
- 11. Non-cardiac illness with a life expectancy less than 12 months

Date of first enrolment

01/02/2004

Date of final enrolment

31/01/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre Leiden University Medical Center

Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC

Sponsor information

Organisation

Leiden University Medical Centre, Department of Cardiology (Netherlands)

Sponsor details

P.O. Box 9600 Leiden Netherlands 2300 RC

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

ROR

https://ror.org/027bh9e22

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Dutch Heart Foundation (Nederlandse Hartstichting [NHS]) (Netherlands)

Alternative Name(s)

Heart Foundation

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location

Netherlands

Funder Name

Guidant Inc. (USA)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2008		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/11/2009		Yes	No