A randomised phase II/III trial of induction chemotherapy followed by Continuous Hyperfractionated Accelerated Radiotherapy (CHART) versus CHART alone in patients with inoperable non-small cell lung cancer

Submission date 02/09/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date 21/09/2005	Overall study status Completed	 [] Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 19/10/2018	Condition category Cancer	[_] Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/a-trial-looking-at-chemotherapy-followed-bychart-radiotherapy-or-chart-radiotherapy-alone-for-non-small-cell-lung-cancer

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Matthew Hatton

Contact details

Weston Park Hospital Whitham Road Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2SJ +44 (0)114 226 5080 matthew.hatton@sth.nhs.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2004-004438-15

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT00253591

Secondary identifying numbers LU23

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomised phase II/III trial of induction chemotherapy followed by Continuous Hyperfractionated Accelerated Radiotherapy (CHART) versus CHART alone in patients with inoperable non-small cell lung cancer

Acronym

INCH

Study objectives

CHART has been shown to improve survival compared to conventional radical radiotherapy. In addition, the Non Small Cell Lung Cancer meta-analysis suggested a survival benefit with the addition of the chemotherapy to conventional radiotherapy. An important question therefore is whether the addition of chemotherapy to CHART might improve survival still further - adding chemotherapy might improve both local and distant control.

More details can be found at: http://www.ctu.mrc.ac.uk/research_areas/study_details.aspx?s=15

Ethics approval required Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Northern and Yorkshire MREC, 05/04/2005, REC ref: 04/MRE03/90

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Inoperable non-small cell lung cancer

Interventions

Please note that recruitment to this trial was closed earlier than planned on the 7th December 2007 (initial anticipated end date of recruitment: 12th July 2008) due to poor accrual. 46 patients have been randomised into this trial.

Control arm: CHART alone.

Radiotherapy schedule: 54 Gy in 36 fractions (3 times daily) over 12 consecutive days.

Experimental arm: Induction Chemotherapy followed by CHART. Chemotherapy schedule: 3 x 3 weekly cycles of Cisplatin (80 mg/m^2) on weeks 1, 4, 7, Vinorelbine (25 mg/m^2) on weeks 1, 2, 4, 5, 7 and 8 followed by 4-6 week interval from day 1 of final dose of Cisplatin then CHART (same as control arm).

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase Phase II/III

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Cisplatin, vinorelbine ditartrate

Primary outcome measure Overall survival

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Progession-free survival
- 2. Response
- 3. Toxicity
- 4. Quality of Life
- 5. Tumour Control
- 6. Cost effectiveness

Overall study start date 01/05/2005

Completion date 30/05/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Histologically or cytologically confirmed stage I-III NSCLC, considered suitable for chemotherapy and CHART

2. Inoperable disease as assessed by a lung cancer MDT with thoracic surgical input

- 3. Previously untreated by chemotherapy or radiotherapy
- 4. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status 0 or 1
- 5. No prior or current malignant disease likely to interfere with protocol treatment

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex Both

Target number of participants

As of 14/12/2007: Closed to recruitment. 46 patients have been enrolled; Target number provided at time of registration: 500

Key exclusion criteria

1. Medically unstable (e.g. unstable diabetes, uncontrolled arterial hypertension, infection, hypercalcaemia or ischaemic heart disease

- 2. Previous or current malignant disease likely to interfere with protocol or comparisons
- 3. Women who are pregnant or lactating

4. Women of childbearing potential who are not practising adequate contraceptive precautions

Date of first enrolment 01/05/2005

Date of final enrolment 14/12/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Weston Park Hospital Sheffield United Kingdom S10 2SJ

Sponsor information

Organisation Medical Research Council (UK)

Sponsor details

Ian Viney MRC Centre London Stephenson House 158-160 North Gower Street London United Kingdom NW1 2DA +44 (0)20 7670 4625 iv@centre-london.mrc.ac.uk

Sponsor type Research council

ROR https://ror.org/03x94j517

Funder(s)

Funder type Charity

Funder Name Cancer Research UK (ref: C9759/A4591)

Alternative Name(s) CR_UK, Cancer Research UK - London, CRUK

Funding Body Type Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype Other non-profit organizations

Location United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Plain English results</u>				No	Yes
Results article	results	01/11/2011		Yes	No