

Xylitol clinical studies for prevention: In-school xylitol gummy bear snack study

Submission date 07/02/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 26/02/2008	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 30/07/2008	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
U54 DE14254

Study information

Scientific Title

School-based xylitol gummy bears snacks: a randomized controlled trial

Study objectives

Consumption of xylitol gummy snacks reduces *S. mutans* and *Lactobacillus* spp. levels

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

University of Washington Internal Review Board. Date of approval: 27 March 2007 (ref: HS # 07-4857-B 01)

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Dental caries

Interventions

Randomisation was carried out at the level of individuals. Gummy bear snacks were packaged by the unit-dose and labeled specific to the students ID number which corresponded with the individual randomization.

Three-group design:

Group 1: Xylitol gummy bears, 11.7 g/day xylitol

Group 2: Xylitol gummy bears, 15.6 g/day xylitol

Group 3: Maltitol gummy bear (control)

All groups consumed gummy bears 3 times/day for 6 weeks in the classroom during school hours only.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

xylitol

Primary outcome measure

S. mutans and Lactobacillus spp. levels in plaque samples at enrollment (baseline) and 6 weeks (end of study).

Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

01/04/2007

Completion date

01/06/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Children attending First through Fifth grade at two elementary schools in rural Washington State, USA

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

153

Key exclusion criteria

Children with gastrointestinal problems

Date of first enrolment

01/04/2007

Date of final enrolment

01/06/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United States of America

Study participating centre
Dental Public Health Sciences
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Sponsor information

Organisation
University of Washington (USA)

Sponsor details
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Sponsor type
University/education

Website
<http://www.washington.edu/research/osp>

ROR
<https://ror.org/00cvxb145>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Research organisation

Funder Name
National Institute of Dental and Cranio-facial Research (NIDCR, USA; ref: U54 DE14254)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Results	25/07/2008		Yes	No