# Effect of community-wide isoniazid preventive therapy on tuberculosis among South African gold miners (Thibela TB)

[X] Prospectively registered Submission date Recruitment status 25/04/2006 No longer recruiting [ ] Protocol [ ] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 01/06/2006 Completed [X] Results [ ] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 24/01/2014 Infections and Infestations

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Gavin Churchyard

#### Contact details

PO Box 61587 Marshalltown Johannesburg South Africa Gauteng 2107

# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number #19790.02

# Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Community-wide tuberculosis (TB) case-finding, treatment of active TB and TB preventive therapy are effective ways of rapidly reducing the burden of TB infection and disease, and can improve TB control in high human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) prevalence areas.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

University of KwaZulu Natal ref AHR-1-200, approved 31/03/2006; London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine reference number: 3064, approved 02/12/2005

#### Study design

Cluster, randomized, non-blinded controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Study type(s)

Prevention

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

**Tuberculosis** 

#### **Interventions**

Community-wide isoniazid preventive therapy. Individuals in the control clusters will receive a normal standard of TB care as per standards set down by the local TB control programme (an expanded directly observed treatments [DOTS] package, including TB preventive therapy targeted to high risk individuals, according to local policy).

#### **Intervention Type**

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

# Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Isoniazid

## Primary outcome(s)

Overall TB incidence in the final 12 months of follow up

## Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. TB case notification rates during months 0 to 24 after enrolment
- 2. Trends in TB case notification rates
- 3. TB prevalence at the end of the follow-up period (as measured by sputum culture positivity)
- 4. All-cause mortality during months 0-24 of the follow-up period
- 5. Case notification rate of isoniazid-resistant TB
- 6. Safety of community-wide isoniazid preventive therapy (IPT)

#### Completion date

19/06/2010

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

All employees working within the study clusters are eligible for participation in the study as a whole, there are no specific exclusion criteria. Employees at clusters allocated to the intervention will be eligible for isoniazid preventive therapy.

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Αll

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Active TB (confirmed or suspected)
- 2. Weight less than 40 kg
- 3. Known or suspected hypersensitivity to isoniazid (INH)
- 4. Self-reported chronic liver disease or symptoms suggesting active hepatitis (jaundice, nausea, vomiting, right upper quadrant pain, dark urine, pale stools)
- 5. Alcohol use exceeding 28 units per week (men) or 21 units per week (women)
- 6. History of convulsions
- 7. History of psychosis
- 8. Peripheral neuropathy grade 2 or greater, as defined by the aquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) clinical trials group classification of adverse events
- 9. Pregnancy and up to three months post-partum, or breastfeeding
- 10. Women of child bearing potential who decline to use contraception
- 11. Receipt of another investigational drug or product within the previous 30 days
- 12. Concomitant medication with phenytoin, carbamazepine, warfarin, theophylline, disulfiram, selective serotonin re-uptake inhibitor antidepressants (e.g. citalopram, fluoxetine, paroxetine, sertraline), oral ketoconazole or itraconazole

#### Date of first enrolment

19/06/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

19/06/2010

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

South Africa

## Study participating centre PO Box 61587 Johannesburg South Africa Gauteng 2107

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Consortium to Respond Effectively to the AIDS-Tuberculosis Epidemic (CREATE) (USA)

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/00za53h95

# Funder(s)

### Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation - Consortium to Respond Effectively to the AIDS-Tuberculosis Epidemic (CREATE), reference number: 19790.02

# **Results and Publications**

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	23/01/2014		Yes	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes