Evaluating the potential role of oral activated charcoal as an adjunct treatment for severe bacterial infections and severe malaria - a preliminary safety study

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
17/05/2006		Protocol		
Registration date 08/08/2006	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
27/04/2010	Infections and Infestations			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

SCC 1025

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

In mice, oral administration of activated charcoal improves survival in Lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-induced endotoxemia, during sepsis and cerebral malaria.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved by Gambian government/Medical Research Council Laboratories Joint Ethics Committee on 23 December 2005.

Study design

Open labelled randomised, non-blinded controlled population based pharmacokinetic study (phase I study)

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Asymptomatic parasitaemia for Plasmodium falciparum

Interventions

Co-administration of oral activated charcoal and intravenous (i.v.) artesunate to study participants randomised into three groups as follows:

Group one (control): i.v. artesunate without adjuvant treatment, plus 350 mls of water given orally with each i.v. dose

Group two: i.v. artesunate with simultaneous administration of oral activated charcoal (50 g) with each dose of artesunate

Group three: i.v. artesunate followed by oral activated charcoal (50 g) given one hour after each dose of artesunate.

All subjects will receive 2.4 mg/kg of i.v. artesunate at zero, 12 and 24 hours. To avoid recrudescence, the study participants will receive a full course of Co-artem (four tablets twice daily for three days) used as a follow-on therapy starting 72 hours after the first dose of i.v. artesunate.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase I

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Activated charcoal, artesunate

Primary outcome measure

Impact of oral activated charcoal on the pharmacokinetics of parenteral artesunate.

Secondary outcome measures

Reduced parasite clearance of i.v. artesunate

Overall study start date

29/05/2006

Completion date

29/10/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Healthy African adults aged 15-45 years with asymptomatic parasitaemia confirmed on a thick blood film.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

90

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Haemoglobin less than 11 g/dl
- 2. Detectable levels of chloroquine in the urine
- 3. Mixed infections
- 4. Concurrent participation in another study
- 5. Pregnant or breastfeeding

Date of first enrolment 29/05/2006

Date of final enrolment 29/10/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Gambia

Study participating centre Malaria ProgrammeFajara Gambia

P.O.Box 273

Sponsor information

Organisation

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Sponsor details

20 Park Crescent London United Kingdom W1B 1AL +44 (0) 2076 365422 corporate@headoffice.mrc.ac.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.mrc.ac.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/03x94j517

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research council

Funder Name

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	15/04/2010		Yes	No