

# Efficacy and efficiency of Eye Movement Desensitisation and Reprocessing therapy versus Brief Eclectic Psychotherapy (BEP) in the treatment of post-traumatic stress disorder

<b>Submission date</b> 04/08/2005	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
<b>Registration date</b> 04/08/2005	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 04/09/2015	<b>Condition category</b> Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**

**Secondary identifying numbers**

NTR46

## **Study information**

### **Scientific Title**

Efficacy and efficiency of Eye Movement Desensitisation and Reprocessing therapy versus Brief Eclectic Psychotherapy (BEP) in the treatment of post-traumatic stress disorder

### **Acronym**

BEP-EMDR

### **Study objectives**

Eye movement desensitisation and reprocessing (EMDR) therapy is applied frequently in clinical practice as a treatment method for psychological trauma. Arguments for applying EMDR are faster symptom reduction, lower dropout and better tolerance than cognitive behavioural interventions. However, in the Netherlands a randomised controlled study determining efficacy and efficiency of EMDR has not yet been performed.

Research objectives:

1. To compare efficacy of EMDR therapy and brief eclectic psychotherapy (BEP) in the treatment of patients with post-traumatic stress disorder
2. To test whether EMDR is more efficient than BEP
3. To determine efficacy of the treatments at long-term follow up
4. To determine which patients benefit most from EMDR or BEP
5. To determine the effects of both treatments on comorbid psychopathology, like major depressive disorder

The overall trial end date was changed from 01/12/2006 to 01/12/2007.

On 14/02/2012 the following changes were made to the trial record:

1. The target number of participants was changed from 120 to 140.
2. The overall trial end date was changed from 01/12/2007 to 01/02/2009.

### **Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

### **Ethics approval(s)**

Ethics approval received from the local ethics committee

### **Study design**

Randomised-controlled parallel-group single-blinded trial

### **Primary study design**

Interventional

### **Secondary study design**

Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)**

Not specified

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Participant information sheet**

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Mental disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder

**Interventions**

EMDR is a combination of trauma exposure (desensitisation) with saccadic eye movements. When anxiety diminishes, the patient is instructed to develop more positive cognitions and link these to the trauma.

BEP is primarily a cognitive behavioral intervention, but 'eclectic' means that elements of psychodynamic and directive psychotherapy are also part of this therapy.

**Intervention Type**

Other

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Primary outcome measure**

1. Impact of Event Scale - Revised (IES-R)
2. Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS)

**Secondary outcome measures**

Structured clinical interviews are administered, as well as neuropsychological tests and other self-report measures.

**Overall study start date**

01/12/2003

**Completion date**

01/02/2009

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

Current inclusion criteria as of 14/02/2012

One hundred and forty patients with post-traumatic stress disorder for at least one month after the traumatic experience according to Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) criteria, will be included. They are asked to participate after intake at the Outpatient Psychiatry Clinic of the Academic Medical Center/De Meren.

**Previous inclusion criteria**

One hundred and twenty patients with post-traumatic stress disorder for at least one month after the traumatic experience according to Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fourth Edition (DSM-IV) criteria, will be included. They are asked to participate after intake at the Outpatient Psychiatry Clinic of the Academic Medical Center/De Meren.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

140

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Severe comorbidity that would interfere with treatment
2. Enhanced risk for suicide and psychotic disorders

**Date of first enrolment**

01/12/2003

**Date of final enrolment**

01/02/2009

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

Netherlands

**Study participating centre**

Academic Medical Center (AMC)

Amsterdam

Netherlands

1105 AZ

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

Academic Medical Centre (AMC) (The Netherlands)

**Sponsor details**

Emma Kinderziekenhuis  
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1105 AZ

**Sponsor type**

University/education

**Website**

<http://www.amc.uva.nl/>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/03t4gr691>

## **Funder(s)**

**Funder type**

Hospital/treatment centre

**Funder Name**

Academisch Medisch Centrum

**Alternative Name(s)**

Academic Medical Center, AMC

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Universities (academic only)

**Location**

Netherlands

## **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/03/2012		Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/08/2015		Yes	No