

The use of intravesical lignocaine to reduce pain and increase dwell time of intravesical mitomycin chemotherapy

Submission date 12/09/2003	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 12/09/2003	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 13/02/2018	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0077120719

Study information

Scientific Title

The use of intravesical lignocaine to reduce pain and increase dwell time of intravesical mitomycin chemotherapy

Study objectives

Does intravesical lignocaine reduce the pain and maximise the dwell time of intravesical mitomycin?

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Analgesia for intravesical mitomycin chemotherapy

Interventions

30 min before mitomycin is instilled into the patients bladder, 40 ml 0.5% lignocaine or 40 ml saline (placebo) will be instilled. The catheter will then be clamped. After 30 min, the lignocaine /placebo will be drained and mitomycin instilled. Visual analogue scores of pain will be taken at 30, 60 and 120 min (or at first void if sooner). The time that the mitomycin is tolerated will be noted.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Mitomycin, lignocaine

Primary outcome measure

Visual analogue pain scores. Dwell time.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

10/03/2003

Completion date

10/11/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients with transitional cell carcinoma of the bladder, following their first endoscopic resection.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

10/03/2003

Date of final enrolment

10/11/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Southern Derbyshire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust

Derby

United Kingdom

DE22 3NE

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

Richmond House

79 Whitehall

London

United Kingdom

SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.doh.gov.uk>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Southern Derbyshire Acute Hospitals NHS Trust (NHS R&D Support Funding) + charitable funds

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration