

Atrial fibrillation ablation versus heart rate control using conduction system pacing with ablation of the atrioventricular node

Submission date 25/07/2024	Recruitment status Recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 05/08/2024	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 09/06/2025	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Atrial fibrillation (AF) impacts heart function by causing a loss of contraction and deteriorating pump function due to the irregular and often rapid heart rate. The coexistence of AF with heart failure (HF) increases the risk of hospitalization and death. Treatment strategies involve drugs to slow down heart rate or to maintain normal rhythm, catheter intervention to maintain normal rhythm (AF ablation by pulmonary vein isolation), or implantation of a pacemaker with catheter ablation of the atrioventricular node (AVNA) to allow the pacemaker to regulate the heart rate. Conduction system pacing (CSP) involves implanting the pacemaker lead directly into the heart's natural electrical conduction system, maintaining a close to normal contraction of the heart (which allows preservation of pump function).

This study evaluates a strategy of AF ablation against CSP combined with AVNA in patients with AF and HF, as these treatments have never been directly compared. The aim is to determine whether CSP with AVNA has similar rates of heart failure hospitalization and death compared to AF ablation.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 60 years and over who have persistent AF (which is continuously present for over 7 days) and HF (with at least one hospitalization or emergency room / HF clinic visit for HF in the past 2 years and elevated blood markers for HF during this interval)

What does the study involve?

Patients are randomly allocated to either AF ablation or to pacemaker implantation with CSP and AVNA. Both these treatments are performed in routine clinical practice. The patients are then followed up for at least 1 year for clinical events (hospitalizations, deaths), as well as other criteria such as quality of life.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants will be closely followed up. The risks involved are those of the routine procedures of the study.

Where is the study run from?
University Hospital of Geneva (Switzerland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
August 2022 to October 2028

Who is funding the study?
Swiss National Science Fund (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact?
Prof. Haran Burri, haran.burri@hug.ch

Contact information

Type(s)
Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number
Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number
NCT06207383

Secondary identifying numbers
SNF_2024-D0031

Study information

Scientific Title

Catheter Ablation of Atrial fibrillation versus atrioventricular nodal ablation with Conduction System pacing in persistent atrial fibrillation and heart failure (ABACUS)

Acronym

ABACUS

Study objectives

The investigation seeks primarily to determine whether Conduction System Pacing + Atrioventricular Nodal Ablation (CSP+AVNA) is superior to atrial fibrillation (AF) ablation to reduce the incidence of cardiovascular hospitalization (CVH) or mortality, and whether it is non-inferior to reduce heart failure hospitalization (HFH) or mortality, in patients with persistent atrial fibrillation (AF) and heart failure (HF).

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

1. Approved 16/10/2024, Commission cantonale d'éthique de la recherche (CCER) / Cantonal research ethics commission (Rue Adrien-Lachenal 8, Geneva, 1227, Switzerland; +41 (0)22 546 51 01; ccer@etat.ge.ch), ref: 2024-D0031

2. Approved 26/06/2024, HUS Regional Medical Research Ethics Committee (HUS Central Archives, PO Box 200, Marjaniementie 74, Iiris Centre, , Helsinki, 00029 HUS, Finland; -, keskuskirjaamo@hus.fi), ref: HUS/4385/2024

Study design

Investigator-initiated prospective randomized controlled open-label multicentre study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Persistent atrial fibrillation and heart failure

Interventions

AF ablation is a routine procedure and may be performed according to the operator's preference (e.g. radiofrequency ablation, cryoablation, pulsed-field ablation etc) but should include

pulmonary vein isolation (PVI) and restoration of sinus rhythm as a goal. Patients may be included in the trial if they have had a single previous PVI, but any further redo procedures during the course of the trial are considered CVH endpoints. Rate and/or rhythm control medical therapy may be continued after the ablation procedure, as deemed necessary.

Randomization will be 1:1 using RedCAP with the alternative intervention of CSP + AVNA.

CSP implantation with His bundle pacing (HBP) or left bundle branch area pacing (LBBAP) is currently available in routine clinical practice and may be performed according to the operator's preference but should include conduction system capture or left ventricular septal pacing (LVSP) as a goal. All hardware to be used are commercially available and some will soon receive regulatory approval for CSP.

AVNA is a standard procedure which may be performed during the implantation or as a staged procedure, according to operator preference.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome measure

The following primary endpoints are assessed at the last follow-up/study closure:

1. The composite of all-cause death and CVH (superiority hypothesis)
2. The composite of all-cause death and HFH (non-inferiority hypothesis)

Secondary outcome measures

The following secondary endpoints are measured using patient medical records at the last follow-up/study closure unless specified otherwise:

1. Individual components of the primary endpoints
2. Cardiovascular mortality
3. Duration of hospitalization for cardiovascular causes
4. Reintervention rate (atrial fibrillation [AF] ablation or device-related)
6. Need for pacemaker implantation (e.g. sinus node dysfunction following AF ablation)
7. Atrioventricular nodal ablation (AVNA) or AF ablation crossovers
8. Sinus rhythm at each follow-up
9. New York Heart Association (NYHA) class at baseline, 1 year and at end of follow-up
10. Quality of life (QOL) questionnaire measured using the Minnesota Living with Heart Failure and EQ-5D-5L at baseline and 1-year
11. Symptom classification for AF measured using the modified European Heart Rhythm Association (EHRA) score
12. Patient-reported outcome measures (PROMs) at 1 year
13. Win ratio composite endpoint analysis
14. Left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) at 1 year
15. Left atrial size at 1 year (long axis diameter and 4-chamber surface area)
16. Periprocedural complications (within 1 month of intervention)
17. Long-term complications
18. Healthcare costs and cost-effectiveness

Overall study start date

16/08/2022

Completion date

01/10/2028

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Persistent AF with symptomatic HF despite medical therapy, considered to be suitable for AF ablation, with at most one previous PVI procedure
2. At least one prior hospital admission, or emergency room / HF clinic visit for HF in the past 2 years, with NT-pro-BNP >1000 pg/ml or BNP >250 pg/ml measured at any timepoint during this interval
3. Previous or current rate or rhythm control drug therapy
4. Considered eligible for CSP implantation as an alternative to AF ablation
5. Age > or = 60 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Senior

Lower age limit

60 Years

Upper age limit

100 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

220

Key exclusion criteria

1. NYHA Class IV and systolic blood pressure ≤ 80 mmHg despite optimized therapy
2. Life expectancy <2 years
3. Need for major surgical intervention
4. Myocardial infarction, stroke or percutaneous coronary intervention within the previous 3 months
5. Previously implanted or planned implantation of CRT device or pacemaker. Implantable cardioverter defibrillator (ICD) implantation without a pacing indication is acceptable.
6. Participation in another controlled trial
7. Inability to sign an informed consent form

Date of first enrolment

24/10/2024

Date of final enrolment

20/08/2027

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Austria

Belgium

Bulgaria

Czech Republic

England

Finland

France

Germany

Hungary

Italy

Netherlands

Poland

Spain

Switzerland

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

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Study participating centre

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Study participating centre

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Study participating centre

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Sponsor information

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Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

<http://www.hug-ge.ch/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/01m1pv723>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Schweizerischer Nationalfonds zur Förderung der Wissenschaftlichen Forschung

Alternative Name(s)

Schweizerischer Nationalfonds, Swiss National Science Foundation, Fonds National Suisse de la Recherche Scientifique, Fondo Nazionale Svizzero per la Ricerca Scientifica, Fonds National Suisse, Fondo Nazionale Svizzero, Schweizerische Nationalfonds, SNF, SNSF, FNS

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location

Switzerland

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Presentation of the results in a cardiology congress (EHRA) and publication in a peer-reviewed journal

Intention to publish date

30/01/2029

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publicly available repository (Yareta) without personal data identifiers.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in publicly available repository