Gum chewing and oral health in older people in the community

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
16/03/2009		☐ Protocol	
Registration date 30/04/2009	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan	
		[X] Results	
Last Edited 23/01/2013	Condition category Oral Health	[] Individual participant data	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

The effect of gum chewing on the oral health and quality of life of older people living in the community: a single blind, randomised controlled study

Study objectives

The study is investigating whether the daily use of xylitol-containing chewing gum provides oral health benefits for older people living in the community, over and above routine oral care practices and usual dental attendance.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

King's College Hospital Research Ethics Committee gave approval on the 10th February 2006 (ref: 05/Q0703/234)

Study design

Single blind randomised controlled study

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Oral health

Interventions

Regular use (15 minutes, twice a day) of xylitol chewing gum versus no intervention. The test group is given the chewing gum to take home and use twice a day for 6 months. The follow up is after 6 months. The baseline visit and follow-up last around 45 minutes each. The control group is also seen after six months but are not given any intervention in the meantime.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Xylitol-containing chewing gum

Primary outcome measure

Improved oral health, determined by:

- 1. Caries increment (decayed, missing and filled coronal surfaces)
- 2. Root caries index increment
- 3. Plaque Index Increment
- 4. Change in prevalence of soft tissue pathology
- 5. Denture debris index increment

Collected during the follow-up visit at 6 months.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Changes in salivary levels of caries-associated microorganisms (mutans group streptococci, lactobacilli, yeast)
- 2. Change in stimulated whole salivary flow rate (ml/min)
- 3. change in oral health related quality of life (OHIP-14)
- 4. Experience of side-effects and adverse events
- 5. To ascertain attitudes to chewing gum as an adjunct to oral care

Collected during the follow-up visit at 6 months.

Overall study start date

01/11/2006

Completion date

20/04/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 60 years and over, either sex
- 2. Dentate: with a minimum of 6 natural teeth
- 3. Living independently in the community

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Senior

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

200

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Living in residential care
- 2. Taken antibiotics during the 4 weeks prior to commencing the trial
- 3. Not able to understand and give informed consent

Date of first enrolment

01/11/2006

Date of final enrolment

20/04/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre King's College London

London United Kingdom SE5 9RW

Sponsor information

Organisation

King's College London (UK)

Sponsor details

School of Medicine
First Floor, Hodgkin Building
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United Kingdom
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Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www.kcl.ac.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/0220mzb33

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Dunhill Medical Trust (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

The Dunhill Medical Trust, DMT

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/10/2012		Yes	No