Effects of ethanol on injury-induced changes in cardiovascular control

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
30/09/2004	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
30/09/2004	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
25/03/2020	Circulatory System	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr D Thomas

Contact details

University Hospital of North Durham North Road Durham United Kingdom DH1 5TW

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0521099246

Study information

Scientific Title

Effects of ethanol on injury-induced changes in cardiovascular control

Study objectives

The object of the proposed study is to test the following hypotheses

- 1. Simulated musculo-skeletal injury in normal volunteers will:
- 1.1. Reduce resting vagal tone to the heart, assessed using heart rate variability
- 1.2. Attenuate the baroreflex, assessed using the Valsalva ratio
- 2. The effects of simulated injury listed above will be enhanced in the presence of ethanol (100-200 mg% blood level).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised crossover trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised cross over trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular: Heart rate

Interventions

Each subject will act as his/her own control. Each volunteer will be subjected to the following assessments:

- 1. Measurements of heart rate, blood pressure and respiratory rate
- 2. Heart rate variability in the presence and absence of a cold stimulus to the face (normal and enhanced vagal tone to the heart respectively)
- 3. Valsalva ratio (baroreflex)

These assessments will be made before and during a 20 minute period of limb ischaemia induced by the bilateral application of pneumatic thigh cuffs (to simulate musculo skeletal injury). This will provide pre-injury (control) data followed by the effects of simulated injury. The entire sequence will be performed, on separate occasions on the same subjects, in the presence and absence of ethanol (vodka in orange juice given orally to obtain a blood alcohol level of 100-200 mg%).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

The aim of the project is to determine in volunteers whether simulated injury alters the vagal activity to the heart, attenuates the baroreflex and whether these effects are enhanced by clinically relevant levels of ethanol in the blood.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/06/2001

Completion date

30/06/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Healthy male volunteers

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Male

Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2001

Date of final enrolment

30/06/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
University Hospital of North Durham
Durham
United Kingdom
DH1 5TW

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

County Durham and Darlington Acute Hospitals NHS Trust (North) (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration