# Preventive Antibiotics in Stroke Study

[X] Prospectively registered Submission date Recruitment status 17/03/2010 No longer recruiting [ ] Protocol [X] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 06/04/2010 Completed [X] Results [ ] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category 29/03/2023 Circulatory System

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Diederik van de Beek

#### Contact details

Department of Neurology Academic Medical Centre Meibergdreef 9 Amsterdam Netherlands 1100 DE

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** N/A

## Study information

Scientific Title

Preventive ceftriaxone to improve functional health in patients with stroke by preventing infection: a multicentre prospective randomised controlled trial

#### Acronym

**PASS** 

## **Study objectives**

We hypothesise that preventive use of the antibiotic ceftriaxone improves functional health outcome in patients with stroke by preventing infection.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

METC of the Academic Medical Center in Amsterdam pending approval as of 17/03/2010

## Study design

Multicentre prospective randomised open-label blinded endpoint trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Prevention

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Stroke, infection

#### **Interventions**

Our intervention group will be treated with optimal medical care and ceftriaxone 2000 mg, intravenously, 1 time daily, for 4 days. The control group will receive the optimal medical care without ceftriaxone. The total duration of follow-up is 3 months; the primary outcome will then be assessed in a structured interview by telephone.

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

#### Phase

Phase III

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Ceftriaxone

#### Primary outcome measure

Functional health at 3-month follow-up, as assessed by the modified Rankin scale (mRS) dichotomised as a favorable outcome (mRS 0 - 2) or an unfavorable outcome (mRS 3 - 6)

## Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Death rate at discharge and 3 months
- 2. Infection rate during hospital admission
- 3. Length of hospital admission
- 4. Volume of post-stroke care
- 5. Use of antibiotics during the 3 months follow-up
- 6. Functional health using the full ordinal scoring range of the mRS
- 7. Quality adjusted life years (QALYs)
- 8. Costs

### Overall study start date

01/05/2010

## Completion date

01/05/2014

## **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged greater than or equal to 18 years, either sex
- 2. Stroke (ischaemic and haemorrhagic)
- 3. Any measurable neurological deficit defined as National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale (NIHSS) greater than 1
- 4. Stroke onset less than 24 hours
- 5. Admission

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

## Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

3200

#### Total final enrolment

2470

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Symptoms or signs of infection on admission requiring antibiotic therapy
- 2. Use of antibiotics less than 24 hours before admission
- 3. Pregnancy
- 4. Hypersensitivity for cephalosporin
- 5. Previous anaphylaxis for penicillin or penicillin-derivates
- 6. Subarachnoid haemorrhage

#### Date of first enrolment

01/05/2010

### Date of final enrolment

01/05/2014

## Locations

### Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

## Study participating centre Academic Medical Centre

Amsterdam Netherlands 1100 DE

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

Academic Medical Centre (AMC) (Netherlands)

### Sponsor details

Department of Neurology Meibergdreef 9 Amsterdam Netherlands 1105AZ

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Website

http://www.amc.uva.nl/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03t4gr691

## Funder(s)

## Funder type

Research organisation

#### Funder Name

Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw) (Netherlands) (ref: 171002302)

#### Alternative Name(s)

Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Other non-profit organizations

#### Location

Netherlands

#### **Funder Name**

Netherlands Heart Foundation (Nederlandse Hartstichting) (Netherlands) (ref: CD 300006)

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

## Intention to publish date

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient- facing?
Results article	results	21/04 /2014		Yes	No
<u>Statistical</u>	statistical analysis plan	01/10			

<u>Analysis Plan</u>		/2014		No	No
Results article	results	18/04 /2015		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/07 /2018	27/08 /2019	Yes	No
Results article	results	01/01 /2020	15/04 /2020	Yes	No
Results article	sub study results	12/01 /2021	15/01 /2021	Yes	No
Other publications	Association between leukocyte counts and carotid artery stenosis	08/12 /2022	28/12 /2022	Yes	No
Abstract results	Substudy results abstract European Stroke Organisation Conference 2021	03/09 /2021	29/03 /2023	No	No