Vascular effects of eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA): the MARINA study

Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
Completed	[X] Results
Condition category	[] Individual participant data
	No longer recruiting Overall study status Completed

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Study website

http://www.medscinet.net/marina/

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N2041

Study information

Scientific Title

Influence of increasing intakes of eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) on vascular function and risk factors for cardiovascular disease

Acronym

MARINA

Study objectives

Increasing the intake of eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) will have favourable effects on heart-rate variability, endothelial function, arterial stiffness, blood pressure and these effects will be dose-related.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

St. Thomas' Hospital Research Ethics Committee, 25/02/2008, ref: 08/H0802/3

Study design

Parallel design, double-blind placebo controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Patient information material can be found at http://www.medscinet.net/marina/patientinfo.aspx

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular disease

Interventions

This is a dietary intervention involving supplementation with encapsulated (n-3) polyunsaturated fatty acids, eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA), at three different doses (0.45, 0.9 and 1.8 g/d), compared with olive oil (BP specification) placebo. The duration of

the intervention is 13 months. One month run-in on placebo and 12 months on one of four treatments.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA), docosahexaenoic acid (DHA), polyunsaturated fatty acids

Primary outcome measure

A change in endothelial function measured by the flow-mediated dilatation technique and ambulatory blood pressure, measured at baseline and 12 months.

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Heart rate variability, measured at baseline, 6 months and 12 months
- 2. Arterial stiffness, measured at baseline and 12 months
- 3. Endothelial progenitor cell number, measured at baseline, 6 months and 12 months
- 4. Serum lipids, measured at baseline, 6 months and 12 months
- 5. C-reactive protein, measured at baseline, 6 months and 12 months

Overall study start date

01/06/2008

Completion date

31/12/2010

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Men and women, aged 45 - 70 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

360

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. A reported history of angina, myocardial infarction or stroke
- 2. Clinical history of cancer (excluding basal cell carcinoma) in the past five years
- 3. Uncontrolled type 2 diabetes mellitus (fasting plasma glucose greater than 7 mmol/L)

- 4. Type 1 diabetes mellitus
- 5. Chronic renal, liver or inflammatory bowel disease
- 6. Current cigarette smoker
- 7. History of substance abuse or alcoholism (previous weekly alcohol intake greater than 60 units/men or 50 units/women)
- 8. Current self-reported weekly alcohol intake not exceeding 21 units for women and 28 for men
- 9. Currently pregnant, planning pregnancy or having had a baby in the last 12 months (there are no hazards from the EPA or DHA with regard to pregnancy outcome)
- 10. Allergy or intolerance to any component of study capsules
- 11. Unwilling to follow the protocol and/or give informed consent
- 12. Unwilling to refrain from use of dietary supplements including other sources of fish oil (e.g. cod liver oil)
- 13. Unwilling to restrict consumption of oily fish
- 14. Weight change of greater than 3 kg in preceding 2 months
- 15. Body mass index less than 20 and greater than 35 kg/m^2
- 16. Subjects with an overall risk of cardiovascular disease over the next ten years of greater than 20% who have untreated high blood pressure or raised cholesterol (subjects who are on stable medication for blood pressure or serum cholesterol [statins] will be included)

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2008

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Nutritional Science Division
London
United Kingdom
SE1 9NH

Sponsor information

Organisation

King's College London (UK)

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www.kcl.ac.uk

ROR

https://ror.org/0220mzb33

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Food Standards Agency (UK) (ref: N2041)

Alternative Name(s)

The Food Standards Agency, FSA

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summaryNot provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/10/2011		Yes	No
Results article	genetic analysis results	01/07/2013		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/03/2014		Yes	No