

A comparison of pre-oxygenation with patients in the reclined versus supine position

Submission date 12/09/2003	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 12/09/2003	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 17/12/2008	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Dr D Laws

Contact details
Department of Anaesthesia
Sunderland Royal Hospital
Kayll Road
Sunderland
United Kingdom
SR4 7TP
+44 (0)191 5656256 ext 42446

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
N0065101825

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Does positioning a patient in a reclined versus a supine position before pre-oxygenation improve the efficacy of this process? Primary null hypothesis is that positioning a patient 20 head-up will not effect the efficacy of pre-oxygenation.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgery: Cholecystomy

Interventions

20 women will be randomised to receive oxygen in the usual way.

20 women will receive oxygen in a slightly reclined position.

Monitors will be used to determine which group of patients demonstrates the most oxygen stored in their body. Patients will be connected to a breathing machine via a tube placed in their throat after they are asleep. The study also aims to investigate which position (lying flat or slightly reclined) provides the best view of the patient's throat when placing the tube.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Not provided at time of registration

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/11/2001

Completion date

01/09/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

40 female patients undergoing cholecystomy.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

40

Key exclusion criteria

Pregnant patients will be excluded.

Date of first enrolment

01/11/2001

Date of final enrolment

01/09/2003

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Department of Anaesthesia

Sunderland

United Kingdom
SR4 7TP

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

Sponsor details

Richmond House
79 Whitehall
London
United Kingdom
SW1A 2NL

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.doh.gov.uk>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

City Hospitals Sunderland NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/11/2005		Yes	No