Umbilical cord blood transfusion for children with severe anaemia (Wazo Geni study)

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
01/07/2007		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
05/07/2007		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
22/12/2015	Haematological Disorders			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

SSC 1215

Study information

Scientific Title

An unmasked, single arm trial to assess harm, safety and efficacy of umbilical cord red blood cell transfusion for children with severe anaemia in a Kenyan hospital

Study objectives

Please note that as of 16/02/2009 this record was updated to include an amendment of the protocol from packed cord red blood cell transfusion to umbilical cord blood transfusion. All updates can be found in the relevant field under the above update date. The initial title (one title only) at the time of registration was: 'The safety and efficacy of packed cord red blood cell transfusion in children with severe anaemia in a Kenyan hospital'. Please also note that the anticipated end date has also changed; the initial end date at the time of registration was 31/03/2008.

Current hypothesis as of 16/02/2009:

Transfusion of umbilical cord red blood cells is safe and efficacious in the management of children with severe anaemia requiring blood transfusion in a Kenyan hospital.

Initial information at time of registration:

Transfusion of packed cord red blood cells is safe and efficacious in the management of children with severe anaemia requiring blood transfusion in a Kenyan hospital.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approval received from:

- 1. KEMRI/National Ethics Committee on the 6th June 2007 (ref: SSC 1215)
- 2. Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine Research Ethics Committee on the 18th April 2007 (ref: 07.15)

Study design

Phase 1b, open-label, non-randomised, non-controlled, single arm trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Non randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Severe anaemia

Interventions

Amended as of 16/02/2009:

Umbilical cord red blood cells from a maximum of two cord blood donations to provide a minimum quantity of haemoglobin equivalent to 20 ml/kg of adult-donated whole blood. Transfusions will be over 3 - 4 hours, with or without frusemide according to current international guidelines.

There will be one transfusion episode per child. If further transfusions are required the child will receive standard management. Follow-up is for 28 days.

Initial information at time of registration:

A volume of packed cord blood cells from up to two cord blood units to be transfused to provide a minimum quantity of haemoglobin equivalent to 20 ml/kg of adult-donated whole blood. Transfusions will be over 3 - 4 hours, with or without frusemide according to current international guidelines.

There will be one transfusion episode per child. If further transfusions are required the child will receive standard management. Follow-up is for 28 days.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase I/II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Umbilical cord blood transfusion

Primary outcome measure

Amended as of 16/02/2009:

- 1. Serious adverse events
- 2. Suspected unexpected serious adverse reactions
- 3. Adverse events

Initial information at time of registration:

- 1. Serious adverse events
- 2. Suspected unexpected serious adverse reactions

Monitored throughout in-patient stay with formal assessments at the following times:

- 1. Pre-transfusion
- 2. During transfusion
- 3. Two hours post transfusion
- 4. 24 hours post transfusion
- 5. At hospital discharge
- 6. 28 days post transfusion

Secondary outcome measures

Rise in haemoglobin at 24 hours and 28 days.

Overall study start date

25/06/2007

Completion date

17/06/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Children aged 12 years or less, either sex
- 2. Children with severe anaemia for whom a blood transfusion is indicated (aged less than three months, Haemoglobin [Hb] less than or equal to 10 g/dL; aged greater than three months, Hb less than or equal to 4 g/dL)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Upper age limit

12 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

80

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Coma (Blantyre Coma Scale less than or equal to 2)
- 2. Prostration (if unable to sit when well, inability to take enteral feeds; if able to sit when well, inability to sit unsupported)
- 3. Uncompensated shock
- 4. Compensated shock (capillary refill time greater than 3 seconds; temperature gradient)
- 5. Respiratory distress (deep breathing)
- 6. Neonatal hyperbilirubinaemia requiring exchange transfusion
- 7. Any other marker of clinical severity considered to preclude the child from recruitment into the study
- 8. Enrolment in another intervention trial
- 9. Children for whom informed consent to enter the study is not possible or not given

Date of first enrolment

25/06/2007

Date of final enrolment

17/06/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Kenya

Study participating centre KEMRI/Wellcome Trust Research Laboratories

Kilifi Kenya 80108

Sponsor information

Organisation

Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine (UK)

Sponsor details

c/o Professor Janet Hemingway Pembroke Place Liverpool England United Kingdom L3 5QA +44 (0)151 705 3370 hemingway@liverpool.ac.uk

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

http://www.liv.ac.uk/lstm/

ROR

https://ror.org/03svjbs84

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

The Wellcome Trust (UK) - Training Fellowship (grant ref: 073604)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Publication in 2015.

Intention to publish date

01/07/2015

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/03/2015		Yes	No