

Retention of complete dentures made from traditional and digital impressions

Submission date 21/07/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 19/08/2025	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 06/01/2026	Condition category Oral Health	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study aims to assess whether intra-oral scanners can provide a good fit and retention for complete dentures when used for final impression taking.

Who can participate?

Patients who have had missing upper teeth for more than 6 months

What does the study involve?

Participants underwent two types of impressions: conventional impressions involved using custom trays with impression compound and zinc oxide eugenol, and digital impressions using an intra-oral scanner. The conventional impressions were digitised using a laboratory scanner and then both impressions were compared. Two complete denture bases were printed out of both impressions and were assessed by two specialists.

Where is the study run from?

Faculty of Dentistry, Damascus University (Syria)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

January 2024 to June 2025

Who is funding the study?

The study is self-funded as part of a postgraduate academic project and is supported by Damascus University (Syria)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Mohammad Murhaf Habash, morhaf.habash@damascusuniversity.edu.sy, morhafmbn@gmail.com

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

Contact name

Dr Mohammad Murhaf Habash

ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0009-0001-6006-9806>

Contact details

Faculty of Dentistry
Damascus University
Damascus
Syria

-
+963 (0)957814981

morhaf.habash@damascusuniversity.edu.sy

Additional identifiers**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

Study information**Scientific Title**

Fit and retention of complete denture bases fabricated from conventional and digital impressions, modified in the post dam. A comparative in-vivo study

Study objectives

The use of intra-oral scanner for taking complete denture's impressions has comparable results of adaption and retention as using conventional impressions

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval not required

Ethics approval(s)**Study design**

Single-centre interventional double-blinded randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Fit and retention of complete denture bases

Interventions

This is a single-centre interventional randomised clinical study conducted to assess the effect of intra-oral scanners on the fit and retention of complete denture bases.

The intervention involves using the intra-oral scanner to take a final impression of edentulous arches for complete denture fabrication and then printing denture bases.

The control group involves taking zinc oxide eugenol impressions of the same edentulous patient.

The differences between the control group and the test group will be measured by overlapping both impressions using Geomagic Control X.

Retention will be assessed by two specialists after printing denture bases from both impressions.

Updated 06/01/2026:

The order in which each participant received the conventional and digital impression techniques was determined using a computer-generated random sequence (Randomization.com). The randomization list was prepared by an independent researcher who was not involved in participant recruitment, clinical procedures, or outcome assessment. Allocation concealment was ensured by using sequentially numbered, opaque, sealed envelopes prepared by an independent investigator. For each participant, the corresponding envelope was opened immediately before performing the first impression procedure, thereby preventing foreknowledge of the assigned sequence.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

Fit of complete denture bases measured by both conventional and digital impressions will undergo a 3D analysis after converting them to STL files to determine how close the digital impression is to the conventional impression, considering the conventional one as a reference while creating a colour map to showcase the difference, immediately after taking both impressions via Geomagic X.

Key secondary outcome(s)

Retention of complete denture bases. Two resin bases will be printed from both impressions, then assessed by two specialists at the department of removable prosthodontics in Damascus University after printing the resin complete denture bases.

Completion date

17/06/2025

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Edentulous patients in the maxillary region for no less than 6 months
2. Residual ridges are rounded and U-shaped
3. No signs of inflammation on the mucosa and soft tissues

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

20

Key exclusion criteria

1. Severe absorption of the residual ridges
2. Flabby tissues
3. Non collaborative patients

Date of first enrolment

25/03/2024

Date of final enrolment

15/02/2025

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Syria

Study participating centre

Damascus University

Faculty of Dentistry

MazzeH Highway

Damascus

Syria

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Damascus University

ROR

<https://ror.org/03m098d13>

Funder(s)**Funder type**

Other

Funder Name

Investigator initiated and funded

Results and Publications**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

Available upon request from morhafmbn@gmail.com

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request