# Effects of paraxanthine on brain function

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
13/09/2021		Protocol		
Registration date 15/09/2021	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
19/11/2021	Other			

### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study arms

Paraxanthine (1,7-dimethylxanthine, PX) is a natural dietary component that can be found in different parts of Theobroma cacao fruits, in Coffea arabica, in the rhizome and stem of Sinomenium actum, a traditional Chinese herbal medicine, and in the stamens of citrus flowers. PX is the major metabolite of caffeine in humans and is less toxic than caffeine. The potential beneficial effects of acute PX ingestion on executive function in healthy individuals are currently unknown. In this study, we are investigating the effects of 200mg of acute PX ingestion in comparison to placebo.

Who can participate?

Healthy males and females between the ages of 18 to 59 years

What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomly allocated to receive PX or placebo capsules, and then perform four cognitive function tests that assess a range of cognitive and executive function aspects.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Potential benefits of participating is an increase in executive functioning. The ingestion of 200 mg of paraxanthine would be less than obtained from consuming a premium cup of coffee or energy drink.

Where is the study run from? Texas A&M University (USA)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? April July 2019 to November 2019.

Who is funding the study? Ingenious Ingredients L.P., Lewisville, TX (USA)

Who is the main contact? Richard B. Kreider, PhD, FACSM, FASEP, FISSN, FACN, FNAK, rbkreider@tamu.edu

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Prof Rick Kreider

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### Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

### Protocol serial number

0453D

# Study information

### Scientific Title

Effects of acute ParaXanthine ingestion on Executive Function

### Acronym

**PXEF** 

### Study objectives

Paraxanthine (1,7-dimethylxanthine, PX) increases executive functioning.

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 19/07/2019, Texas A&M University Institutional Review Board (517 Blocker Building, 155 Ireland Street, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX 778431, USA; +1 979-458-4067; irb@tamu.edu), ref: IRB2019-0453D

### Study design

Interventional double-blinded randomized crossover controlled trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Study type(s)

Other

### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Improving executive functioning in healthy individuals

#### **Interventions**

Subjects consumed capsules containing 200 mg of paraxanthine (ENFINITY™, Ingenious Ingredients L.P., Lewisville, TX, USA) or capsules containing 200 mg of a wheat flour placebo (Placebo) once they have completed baseline testing. One capsule of the PLA or PX with 8 ounces of water. A computer generated randomization to treatment was used. Once subjects were randomized to start, they followed the counter balance progression.

### Intervention Type

Supplement

### Primary outcome(s)

The Psychology Experiment Building Language (PEBL) software program (Version 2.1, http://pebl.sourceforge.net) was used to administer four cognitive function tests that assessed a range of cognitive and executive function aspects:

- 1. Berg-Wisconsin Card Sorting Task test (BCST) at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 hours after ingestion
- 2. The Go/No-Go test (GNG) at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 hours after ingestion
- 3. Sternberg Task Test (STT) at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 hours after ingestion
- 4. Psychomotor Vigilance Task Test (PVTT) at baseline, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 hours after ingestion

### Key secondary outcome(s))

There are no secondary outcome measures

### Completion date

10/11/2019

# Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

Apparently healthy males and females between the ages of 18 to 59 were recruited to participate in the study.

All subjects were healthy and free from known:

- 1. Cognitive deficit conditions
- 2. Wheat flour allergies
- 3. Sleep disorders
- 4. Cardiovascular, metabolic, or pulmonary diseases
- 5. History of hypertension, migraine headaches, cardiac arrhythmias, or anxiety
- 6. Gastrointestinal reflux disease or ulcers

### Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

### Healthy volunteers allowed

No

### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

All

### Total final enrolment

14

### Key exclusion criteria

Subjects who were taking prescription medications in the month prior to the initiation of the study and/or were told by a physician to abstain or restrict caffeine and/or stimulant intake were excluded from the present study.

### Date of first enrolment

20/07/2019

### Date of final enrolment

10/11/2019

### Locations

### Countries of recruitment

United States of America

# Study participating centre Texas A&M University

675 Kimbrough Blvd. Building #1542 College Station, Texas United States of America 77843-4253

# Sponsor information

### Organisation

Ingenious Ingredients L.P.

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Industry

### Funder Name

Ingenious Ingredients, L.P.

# **Results and Publications**

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication

## IPD sharing plan summary

Other

### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		09/11/2021	19/11/2021	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes