# A double-blind placebo-controlled trial of the effect of perindopril on muscle strength and functional capacity in older people

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
25/01/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 31/03/2005	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 21/05/2018	Condition category  Musculoskeletal Diseases	[] Individual participant data		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Recent research suggests that a medicine called perindopril that is commonly used in patients with heart problems could have a beneficial effect on muscle function. An improvement in muscle function means that less effort is needed with day to day activities and that exercise ability may improve. Perindopril has not been tested in a trial to see if giving perindopril does indeed improve physical function. The aim of this study is therefore to find out if perindopril improves walking distance and quality of life in older people with functional impairment.

#### Who can participate?

Older people over the age of 65 years with some dependence in activities of daily living

#### What does the study involve?

The study lasts for 20 weeks. At the start of the study, participants are randomly allocated to take. either perindopril or matching placebo (dummy) capsules once a day for the 20 weeks of the study. Participants are assessed at the start of the study, at 10 weeks and at 20 weeks. Each visit lasts one and a half hours. At each visit, participants undergo some or all of the following depending on which visit it is: a heart scan (echo scan), blood pressure measurement, blood sample, walking test, test of ability to get out of a chair, and questionnaires about quality of life and everyday function. Participants are also asked to wear a device on their belt (an accelerometer) during the day for a week, to measure how active they are.

#### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Those who receive the perindopril might improve their muscle function and ability to exercise (if the medication works). Perindopril can uncommonly cause an upset stomach, dizziness or kidney problems with increases in blood levels of potassium. Participants' blood and blood pressure are monitored to minimise the risks.

Where is the study run from? Ninewells Hospital and Medical School (UK) When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2003 to February 2006

Who is funding the study? Chief Scientist Office (UK)

Who is the main contact? Prof. Marion McMurdo

### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Marion McMurdo

#### Contact details

Head of Section of Ageing & Health Ninewells Hospital and Medical School Dundee United Kingdom DD1 9SY

#### Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** CZB/4/88

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A double-blind placebo-controlled trial of the effect of perindopril on muscle strength and functional capacity in older people

#### **Study objectives**

Physical function and exercise capacity decline with age and are a major source of disability in older people. Recent evidence suggests a potential role for the renin-angiotensin system in modulating muscle function. We sought to examine the effect of the angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor perindopril on physical function in elderly people with functional impairment who had no heart failure or left ventricular systolic dysfunction.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Tayside Committee on Medical Research Ethics, 2003, ref: 196/02

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Sarcopenia

#### **Interventions**

Perindopril or placebo given for a period of 20 weeks

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Perindopril

#### Primary outcome measure

Change in the 6-minute walking distance over the 20 weeks

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Changes in muscle function
- 2. Daily activity levels
- 3. Self-reported function
- 4. Health-related quality of life

#### Overall study start date

06/08/2003

#### Completion date

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Older people over the age of 65 years with some dependence in activities of daily living

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Senior

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

148

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Without left ventricular systolic dysfunction
- 2. Already receiving an angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor or an angiotensin II inhibitor
- 3. Contraindication to ACE inhibitors
- 4. Unable to give informed consent

#### Date of first enrolment

06/08/2003

#### Date of final enrolment

06/02/2006

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Scotland

**United Kingdom** 

# **Study participating centre Ninewells Hospital and Medical School**Dundee

United Kingdom DD1 9SY

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Chief Scientist Office of the Scottish Executive Health Department (UK)

#### Sponsor details

St Andrew's House Edinburgh United Kingdom EH1 3DG

#### Sponsor type

Government

#### Website

http://www.sehd.scot.nhs.uk/cso/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01bw7zm61

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

Chief Scientist Office (ref: CZB/4/88)

#### Alternative Name(s)

CSO

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Local government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

## **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

#### Intention to publish date

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The protocol is available from the authors on request but is not available online. Study data are available for non-commercial, bona-fide academic analyses in collaboration with the authors; decisions on data access will be made between the investigators and the Sponsor (University of Dundee). Participant consent for unrestricted sharing of individual participant data was not obtained. Contact for data sharing: Dr Catrina Forde (c.forde@dundee.ac.uk).

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	09/10/2007		Yes	No
Basic results		16/05/2018	16/05/2018	No	No