# Rotterdam Aphasia Therapy Study - 2

Submission date 12/10/2006	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered
		☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
12/10/2006	Completed	[X] Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 16/05/2011	Condition category Signs and Symptoms	[] Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** 1; NTR736

# Study information

Scientific Title

#### **Acronym**

RATS-2

#### Study objectives

- 1. Cognitive linguistic therapy (CLT) is more effective than no-CLT
- 2. CLT applied zero to three months post onset is more effective than applied three to six months post-onset

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

**Aphasia** 

#### **Interventions**

Assessment:

- 1. Amsterdam-Nijmegen Everyday Language Test (ANELT), scale A
- 2. ScreeLing: semantic, phonological and syntactic deficits
- Semantic Association Test (SAT), verbal version
- 4. Semantic Association words with low imageability (Psycholinguistic Assessment of Language Processing in Aphasia [PALPA])
- 5. Semantic word fluency (animals, professions)
- 6. Nonwords Repetition (PALPA)
- 7. Auditory Lexical Decision (PALPA)
- 8. Letter fluency (D, A, T)
- 9. Boston Naming Test
- 10. Token Test (short version)
- 11. Spontaneous Speech
- 12. Partner Communication Questionnaire

- 13. Aachen Aphasia Test
- 14. EuroQol quality of life instrument
- 15. Modified Rankin Scale
- 16. Barthel Index

#### Therapy:

Group one: Cognitive Linguistic Therapy (CLT) using BOX or FIKS or a combination of the two, depending on how the language disorder manifests itself in each patient.

BOX is a lexical semantic treatment program, focused on the interpretation of the semantic features of written words, sentences, and texts.

FIKS is a phonological treatment program focused on sound structure and word form, consisting of exercises for selecting and sequencing speech sounds on word-, sentence- and text level. Both the paper versions (for individual therapy) and the computerised versions (for additional therapy with homework) can be used.

Group two: no-CLT: all therapy tasks other than cognitive linguistic exercises are allowed. Treatment focused on the linguistic levels (phonology, semantics and syntax) is not permitted. In practice, this means that the control therapy will contain exercises aimed at improving communicative strategies.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

## Primary outcome measure

The score at six months post onset on the Amsterdam Nijmegen Everyday Language Test (ANELT), scale A (understandability).

## Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Proportion of patients in each treatment group who improve at least seven points on the ANELT with a categorisation of the ANELT into severe (score: ten to 29) and moderate to mild (score: 30-48) communication deficits (ScreeLing)
- 2. Semantic Association Test (SAT), verbal version
- 3. Semantic Association words with low imageability, Nonwords Repetition and Auditory Lexical Decision (PALPA)
- 4. Semantic word fluency
- 5. Letter fluency

## Overall study start date

04/09/2006

### Completion date

04/12/2008

# Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aphasia due to stroke
- 2. Within three weeks post onset

- 3. Age 18 to 85 years
- 4. Language near native Dutch
- 5. Life expectancy more than six months

### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Upper age limit

85 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

160

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Severe dysarthria
- 2. Premorbid dementia
- 3. Illiteracy
- 4. Severe developmental dyslexia
- 5. Severe visual perceptual disorders
- 6. Existing aphasia
- 7. Subarachnoidal haemorrhage
- 8. Recent psychiatric disorder

#### Date of first enrolment

04/09/2006

#### Date of final enrolment

04/12/2008

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Belgium

Netherlands

## Study participating centre

#### **Erasmus Medical Center**

Rotterdam Netherlands 3015 GD

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Erasmus Medical Center (The Netherlands)

#### Sponsor details

P.O. Box 2040 Rotterdam Netherlands 3000 CA

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/018906e22

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Research organisation

#### **Funder Name**

The Nuts-Ohra Foundation (Stichting Nuts Ohra [SNO]) (The Netherlands)

# **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Results articleresults01/04/2011YesNo