5-Azacitidine versus 5-Azacitidine in combination with Vorinostat in patients with relapsed acute myeloid leukaemia ineligible for intensive chemotherapy

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
29/06/2012		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 29/06/2012	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited 19/05/2022	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
19/03/2022	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-azacitidine-with-or-without-vorinostat-for-aml-that-has-come-back-ravva

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Miss Nadira Jilani

Contact details

Queen Elizabeth Hospital Edgbaston Birmingham United Kingdom B15 2TH

013 211

n.y.jilani@bham.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2011-005207-32

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01617226

Protocol serial number

12452

Study information

Scientific Title

Phase II randomised trial of 5-Azacitidine versus 5-Azacitidine in combination with Vorinostat in patients with relapsed acute myeloid leukaemia ineligible for intensive chemotherapy

Acronym

RAvVA

Study objectives

This is a multicentre, open-label randomised phase II trial, comparing azacitidine monotherapy with combined azacitidine and vorinostat in patients with relapsed Acute Myeloid Leukaemia (AML).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

NRES West Midlands Research Ethics Committee, 12/WM/0087; First MREC approval date 21/05/2012

Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: National Cancer Research Network; Subtopic: Haematological Oncology; Disease: Leukaemia (acute myeloid)

Interventions

Patients will be randomised on 1:1 ratio to treatment. It is anticipated 80 patients will be randomised to receive azacitidine monotherapy and 80 patients will be randomised to receive azacitidine and vorinostat, combined therapy.

Azacitidine, azacitidine (75 mg/m2) subcutaneous (s.c.) \times 7 per cycle on days 1-5, 8, 9 of each 28-day cycle

Azacitidine + vorinostat:

Azacitidine (75 mg/m2) s.c. x 7 per cycle on days 1-5, 8, 9 of each 28-day cycle Vorinostat (300mg) twice a day (bid) x 7 per cycle on days 3-9 of each 28-day cycle

Follow Up Length: 24 month(s)

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase I/II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

5-Azacitidine, Vorinostat

Primary outcome(s)

Overall Response Rate assessed within 6 cycles of treatment

Key secondary outcome(s))

Overall Survival from randomisation until 24 months

Completion date

01/09/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Adults with AML in first relapse (except Acute Promyelocytic Leukaemia (APL) as defined by the World Health Organisation (WHO) Classification) who are deemed ineligible for intensive chemotherapy on the grounds of age or co-morbidities
- 2. Patients must have achieved a previous morphological complete response (CR) as defined by Cheson criteria after treatment with conventional myelosuppressive chemotherapy e.g. anthracycline, araC, etoposide containing regimens
- 3. Patients are able to receive treatment as an outpatient
- 4. Adequate renal and hepatic function
- 5. Patients have given written informed consent
- 6. Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) performance status <=2
- 7. Male & Female; Lower Age Limit 18 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

ΔII

Total final enrolment

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with greater than class III of the New York Heart Association (NYHA) cardiac impairment
- 2. Blastic transformation of Chronic Myeloid Leukaemia (CML)
- 3. Any concurrent active malignancy
- 4. Prior allogeneic/autologous haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT)
- 5. Pregnant or lactating women (women of childbearing potential must have a negative urine or serum pregnancy test within 7 days prior to the start of treatment)
- 6. Adults of reproductive potential not willing to use appropriate medically approved contraception during the trial and for specified amount of time afterwards.
- 7. Patients who have received prior HDAC inhibitor-like treatment as anti-tumour therapy. (Patients who have received HDACi treatment for other indications e.g valproic acid for epilepsy may enrol after a 30-day washout period).
- 8. Previous anti-tumour therapies, including prior experimental agents or approved anti-tumour small molecules and biologics, within 30 days before
- 9. Patients who have received prior treatment with demethylating agents such as 5azacitidine or decitabine
- 10. Patients with contraindications to receiving azacitidine or vorinostat such as hypersenstivity or patients unable to receive subcutaneous injection
- 11. Active symptomatic fungal, bacterial, and/or viral infection including known active HIV or known viral (A, B, or C) hepatitis
- 12. Any co-morbidity that could limit compliance with the trial

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2012

Date of final enrolment

01/09/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre Queen Elizabeth Hospital Birmingham

United Kingdom B15 2TH

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Birmingham (UK)

ROR

https://ror.org/03angcq70

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Leukaemia and Lymphoma Research

Alternative Name(s)

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Basic results		11/01/2022	19/05/2022	No	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023		No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Plain English results				No	Yes