

# The postoperative pain management of stereotactic radiosurgery in patients with brain metastases from lung cancer

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<b>Registration date</b> 07/03/2025	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 06/03/2025	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

The mechanism of postoperative pain after stereotactic radiosurgery (SRS) for lung cancer brain metastases is complex and involves a variety of factors and pathways, including direct compression of the tumour to stimulate the nerves, bone metastasis of the lesion, secretion of tumour factors to induce pain, and other parts of the patient will also suffer from pain due to psychological and mental factors. This study aims to investigate the clinical effect of the combination of morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets and Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction in the postoperative pain management of SRS in patients with brain metastases from lung cancer.

### Who can participate?

Patients with brain metastases from lung cancer.

### What does the study involve?

Participants were randomly grouped. The control group was treated with morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets for analgesia after SRS, and the research group was treated with morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets and Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction after SRS.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The results of this study will demonstrate the clinical effect of the combination of morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets and Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction in the postoperative pain management of SRS in patients with brain metastases from lung cancer.

### Where is the study run from?

Hebei Provincial Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital (China)

### When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

January 2021 to July 2024

Who is funding the study?  
Hebei Provincial Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital (China)

Who is the main contact?  
Li Yang, yangli\_hbzyy@163.com

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

### Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

### ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

### Protocol serial number

Nil known

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Clinical effects of the combination of morphine sulphate sustained-release tablets and Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction in the postoperative pain management of stereotactic radiosurgery in patients with brain metastases from lung cancer

### Study objectives

To investigate the clinical effect of the combination of morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets and Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction in the postoperative pain management of stereotactic radiosurgery (SRS) in patients with brain metastases from lung cancer.

### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

### Ethics approval(s)

approved 20/05/2024, Hebei Provincial Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital (No. 389 of Zhongshan East Road, Shijiazhuang, 050000, China; +86 (0)311-69095316; hbzylczyx@163.com), ref: Not applicable

## **Study design**

Randomized controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Postoperative pain management of SRS in patients with brain metastases from lung cancer

## **Interventions**

A total of 269 patients with brain metastasis of lung cancer admitted to the hospital from January 2021 to July 2024 were selected as the study subjects by convenience sampling method. They were randomly grouped according to the numerical sampling method. The control group (134 cases) was treated with morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets for analgesia after SRS, and the research group (135 cases) was treated with morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets and Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction after SRS.

Both groups of patients used conventional interventions for intermediate and advanced cancer, such as dietary interventions, exercise regulation, lifestyle correction and so on. On this basis, patients in the control group used morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets (Menti [China] Pharmaceutical Co Ltd, specification: 30 mg/tablet, State Pharmaceutical Licence H10980062) for analgesic intervention, and the applied dosage was 1 tablet/times, 2 times/day. Patients in the research group were combined with Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction for analgesic treatment on the basis of the control group. Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction: 12 g of Pinellia ternata, 10 g of Gastrodia elata blume, 12 g of Poria cocos, 8 g of Red tangerine peel, 12 g of Largehead Atractylodes Rh, 6 g of Liquorice root, 2 slices of Ginger, and 3 jujubes. 1 dose per day, 400 mL of water decoction, 1 time in the morning and 1 time in the evening. Both groups of patients were treated for 2 weeks.

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

## **Phase**

Not Applicable

## **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Morphine sulfate sustained-release tablets; Banxia Baizhu Tianma Decoction

## **Primary outcome(s)**

The following primary outcome measures were assessed at 2 weeks after the intervention:

1. The analgesic effect after intervention was divided into complete relief (CR, patients' pain was completely relieved after medication), partial relief (PR, patients' pain was relieved after intervention and normal sleep was not affected), minor relief (MR, pain was improved after analgesia but it was not obvious, and patients' life and sleep were affected), and no relief (NR,

- analgesia was ineffective); the total effective rate = (CR+PR)/total number of cases × 100%.
2. The incidence of adverse reactions in the process of analgesia between the two groups of patients, mainly including constipation, nausea and vomiting, drowsiness, urine retention and so on
  3. Quality of life assessed using the Quality of Life Scale for Oncology Patients

### **Key secondary outcome(s))**

There are no secondary outcome measures

### **Completion date**

31/07/2024

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Diagnosed with brain metastasis of lung cancer with clear pathological results and a score of  $\geq 4$  on the Pain Level Assessment Scale
2. Clear consciousness to cooperate with the assessment of pain level and quality of life
3. No allergy to the study drugs

### **Participant type(s)**

Patient

### **Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

### **Age group**

Adult

### **Sex**

All

### **Total final enrolment**

269

### **Key exclusion criteria**

1. Allergic to the study drug
2. Drug addicts
3. Alcohol addicts
4. Respiratory depression
5. Psychiatric history

### **Date of first enrolment**

01/01/2021

### **Date of final enrolment**

31/07/2024

## **Locations**

## Countries of recruitment

China

## Study participating centre

Hebei Provincial Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital

China

050000

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Hebei Provincial Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

### Funder Name

Hebei Provincial Traditional Chinese Medicine Hospital

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be available upon request - further details to be added at a later date

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes