

The effect of patient education on compliance with drug therapy for rheumatoid arthritis

Submission date	Recruitment status	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
30/07/2002	No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
30/07/2002	Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited	Condition category	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
09/09/2009	Musculoskeletal Diseases	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

B0508

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Treatment of rheumatoid arthritis (RA) by disease-modifying drugs in which dosage is not symptom driven, is subject to substantial variation in compliance. Our previous work, using a novel pharmacological 'gold standard' for the measurement of compliance in which D-penicillamine was labelled with a homeopathic dose of phenobarbitone, showed that 42% of patients failed to follow instructions of dosage. It is proposed to use the same objective technique, validated clinical measures and a proven knowledge questionnaire, to investigate the effect on compliance of two different levels of patient education amongst RA patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Rheumatoid arthritis

Interventions

Experimental group received a patient education programme

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

It is anticipated that effective education will enhance compliance leading to better drug utilisation and improved patient outcome.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Not provided at time of registration

Completion date

31/08/1998

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. All patients deemed by the consultant rheumatologist to require dPenicillamine (DPA) as their disease modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD)
2. Over 18 years of age
3. Plasma Viscosity (PV) ≤ 1.75
4. Cysteine rich protein (CRP) ≤ 10
5. Articular index 15 or less than
6. Morning stiffness ≤ 45 min
7. Pain level moderate/severe

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

12/01/1993

Date of final enrolment

31/08/1998

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

CPU (Rheumatism Research)

Leeds

United Kingdom

LS7 4SA

Sponsor information

Organisation

Arthritis Research Campaign (ARC) (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02jkpm469>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Charity

Funder Name

Arthritis Research Campaign (ARC) (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2001		Yes	No