

Magnetic Sentinel Node and Occult Lesion Localisation (MagSNOLL)

Submission date 10/09/2013	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 10/09/2013	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 07/03/2017	Condition category Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

<http://www.cancerresearchuk.org/cancer-help/trials/a-study-looking-at-way-of-finding-very-small-breast-cancers-and-sentinel-lymph-nodes-magnoll>

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Mr Muneer Ahmed

Contact details

Bermondsey Wing
Great Maze Pond
London
United Kingdom
SE1 9RT
+44 207 188 6380
muneer.ahmed@kcl.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

14979

Study information

Scientific Title

Magnetic Sentinel Node and Occult Lesion Localisation: A feasibility study using magnetic nanoparticles for sentinel node biopsy and localisation of occult breast cancers

Acronym

MagSNOLL

Study objectives

In the UK, breast cancer is the most common cancer in women with over 50,000 newly diagnosed patients in 2010. The implementation of breast screening programmes and diagnostic improvements have resulted in up to 35 percent of breast cancers being clinically nonpalpable on diagnosis. The current gold standard for the treatment of these occult lesions is excision by wire guided localisation (WGL). However, WGL has drawbacks. Alternatives have been introduced, but these rely on radioactive materials which have cost and waste management disadvantages. We have developed a handheld magnetometer (SentiMag, Endomagnetics UK) capable of detecting a magnetic dye (Sienna +, Endomagnetics UK) injected into the breast. This technology has already been successfully applied to sentinel lymph node biopsy (SLNB) and is the subject of an NIHR-adopted, UK multicentre trial (SentiMAG Multicentre Trial; Chief Investigator Michael Douek) in breast cancer. We would like to evaluate the use of the same magnetic dye (Sienna+) for both localisation of nonpalpable breast lesions and concurrent SLNB using the SentiMag handheld magnetometer.

More details can be found at: <http://public.ukcrn.org.uk/search/StudyDetail.aspx?StudyID=14979>

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

City Road and Hampstead, 17/06/2013, ref: 13/LO/0636

Study design

Non-randomised interventional treatment trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Non randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: National Cancer Research Network; Subtopic: Breast Cancer; Disease: Breast

Interventions

Injection of magnetic dye, Intra-tumoral injection of 0.5 mL magnetic dye (Sienna+)

Follow Up Length: 12 months

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Successful sentinel lymph node biopsy and lesion localisation.

Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

07/08/2013

Completion date

06/08/2014

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Patients with operable breast cancer visible on ultrasound and suitable for SLNB 2.

Neoadjuvant chemotherapy sub-protocol:

Patients with breast cancer due to undergo neoadjuvant chemotherapy and post-chemotherapy SLNB

3. Target Gender: Female ; Lower Age Limit 18 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 50; UK Sample Size: 50

Key exclusion criteria

1. Intolerance / hypersensitivity to iron or dextran compounds or Sienna +
2. Patients who cannot / do not receive radioisotope for SLNB
3. Patients with an iron overload disease
4. Patients with pacemakers or other implantable devices in the chestwall

Date of first enrolment

07/08/2013

Date of final enrolment

06/08/2014

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Bermondsey Wing

London

United Kingdom

SE1 9RT

Sponsor information**Organisation**

King's College London (UK)

Sponsor details

Hodgkin Building

New Hunts House

Guy's Campus King's College London

London

England

United Kingdom

SE1 1UL

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<http://www.kcl.ac.uk>

ROR

<https://ror.org/0220mzb33>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Endomagnetics Limited (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/05/2015		Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No