VXM01 phase I dose escalation study in patients with locally advanced, inoperable and stage IV pancreatic cancer

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
05/12/2011		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
12/01/2012	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
21/01/2019	Cancer			

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The aim of the study is to test the safety and tolerability of VXM01, a novel anti-angiogenic cancer vaccine which targets the blood vessels of solid tumors. Signs of immunological and clinical response will also be monitored. This study is the first human clinical trial with VXM01. A mouse-analog vaccine has shown promising activity and a good safety profile in test animals. VXM01 is administered in ascending doses following a step-wise approach.

Who can participate?

Locally advanced, inoperable and metastatic pancreatic cancer patients of aged 18 or over.

What does the study involve?

All patients receive standard-of-care chemotherapy and are randomly allocated to receive either VXM01 or placebo (dummy).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Not provided.

Where is the study run from? University Hospital in Heidelberg, Germany.

When is study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
The study starts in December 2011, and patients will be followed up for a max

The study starts in December 2011, and patients will be followed up for a maximum period of 24 months.

Who is funding the study? VAXIMM GmbH, Mannheim, Germany.

Who is the main contact? Dr Thomas Schmidt

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Thomas Schmidt

Contact details

Clinic of General Surgery Im Neuenheimer Feld 105 University Clinics of Heidelberg Heidelberg Germany 69120

Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

NCT01486329

Protocol serial number

VXM01-01-DE

Study information

Scientific Title

VXM01 phase I dose escalation study in patients with locally advanced, inoperable and stage IV pancreatic cancer to examine safety, tolerability, and immune response to the investigational VEGFR-2 DNA vaccine VXM01: First-in-human, monocenter, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase I dose escalation study

Acronym

VXM01-01-DE

Study objectives

The aim of the study is to test the safety and tolerability of VXM01, a novel anti-angiogenic cancer vaccine which targets the blood vessels of solid tumors. Signs of immunological and clinical response will also be monitored. This study is the first human clinical trial with VXM01. A mouse-analog vaccine has shown promising activity and a good safety profile in test animals. This study is conducted in a single center at the University Hospital in Heidelberg, Germany.

On 05/02/2014 the following changes were made to the trial record:

- 1. The anticipated end date was changed from 31/03/2013 to 01/12/2014
- 2. The target number of participants was changed from 37 to 72

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics committee of the Medical faculty of Heidelberg, 15/11/2011, ref: AFmu-283/2011

Study design

Monocenter double-blind placebo-controlled phase I dose escalation study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Screening

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Locally advanced, inoperable and stage IV pancreatic cancer

Interventions

- 1. VXM01, live anti-angiogenic cancer vaccine, escalating doses
- 2. Placebo drink solution

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Phase I

Primary outcome(s)

Safety and tolerability: number of dose-limiting toxicities and maximum tolerated dose at day 38

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Immune response: number of positive patients
- 2. Clinical response: tumor staging according to Response Evaluation Criteria In Solid Tumors (RECIST) criteria
- 3. Tumor perfusion: tumor perfusion determined by dynamic contrast enhanced-magnetic resonance imaging (DCE-MRI)
 Measured upto 24 months

Completion date

01/12/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Written informed consent, signed and dated
- 2. Locally advanced, inoperable and stage IV pancreatic cancer patients according to Union for International Cancer Control (UICC) based on diagnostic imaging using computer-tomography (CT) or histological examinations
- 3. Male or post-menopausal female
- 4. Age more than or equal to 18 years
- 5. Chemotherapy naive within 60 days before screening visit except gemcitabine treatment
- 6. Karnovsky index >70

- 7. Life expectancy > 3 months
- 8. Adequate renal, hepatic, and bone marrow function
- 9. Absolute neutrophil count >1500/µL
- 10. Hemoglobin >10 g/dL
- 11. Platelets >75000/µL
- 12. Prothrombin time and international normalized ratio (INR) <1.5 times upper limit of normal (ULN) (except under anticoagulant treatment)
- 13. Aspartate aminotransferase <4 times ULN
- 14. Alanine aminotransferase <4 times ULN
- 15. Total bilirubin <3 times ULN
- 16. Creatinine clearance estimated according to Cockcroft-Gault >30 mL/min
- 17. Proteinuria <1 g protein on 24 h urine collection

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. State after pancreas resection (complete or partial)
- 2. Resectable disease
- 3. Drug trial participation within 60 days before screening visit
- 4. Other previous or current malignancy except basal or squamous cell skin cancer, in situ cervical cancer, or any other cancer from which the patient has been disease-free for <2 years
- 5. Prior vaccination with Ty21a
- 6. Cardiovascular disease defined as:
- 6.1. Uncontrolled hypertension (systolic blood pressure >160 mmHg or diastolic blood pressure >100 mmHg)
- 6.2. Arterial thromboembolic event within 6 months before randomization including:
- 6.2.1. Myocardial infarction
- 6.2.2. Unstable angina pectoris
- 6.2.3. Cerebrovascular accident
- 6.2.4 Transient ischemic attack
- 7. Congestive heart failure New York Heart Association grade III to IV
- 8. Serious ventricular arrhythmia requiring medication
- 9. Clinically significant peripheral artery disease > grade 2b according to Fontaine
- 10. Hemoptysis within 6 months before randomization
- 11. Esophageal varices
- 12. Upper or lower gastrointestinal bleeding within 6 months before randomization
- 13. Significant traumatic injury within 4 weeks before randomization
- 14. Non-healing wound, bone fracture or any history of gastrointestinal ulcers within three years

before inclusion, or positive gastroscopy within 3 months before inclusion

- 15. Gastrointestinal fistula
- 16. Thrombolysis therapy within 4 weeks before randomization
- 17. Bowel obstruction within the last 30 days before screening visit
- 18. Liver cirrhosis ≥ grade B according to Child-Pugh Score-Classification
- 19. Presence of any acute or chronic systemic infection
- 20. Radiotherapy within 4 weeks before randomization
- 21. Major surgical procedures, or open biopsy within 4 weeks before randomization
- 22. Fine needle aspiration within 7 days before randomization
- 23. Chronic concurrent therapy within 2 weeks before and during the double-blind study period with:
- 23.1. Corticosteroids (except steroids for adrenal failure) or immunosuppressive agents
- 23.2. Antibiotics
- 23.3. Bevacizumab
- 23.4. Any epidermal growth factor receptor inhibitor
- 23.5. Chemotherapy except gemcitabine before day 10
- 24. Multi-drug resistant gram-negative germ
- 25. Pregnancy
- 26. Lactation
- 27. Inability to comply with study and/or follow-up procedures
- 28. History of other disease, metabolic dysfunction, physical examination finding, or clinical laboratory finding giving reasonable suspicion of a disease or condition that contraindicates the use of an investigational drug or that might affect the interpretation of the study results or render the patient at high risk for treatment complications
- 29. Women of childbearing potential
- 30. Any history of drug hypersensitivity
- 31. Any condition which results in an undue risk for the patient during the study participation according to the investigator

Date of first enrolment

06/12/2011

Date of final enrolment

01/12/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Germany

Study participating centre Clinic of General Surgery Heidelberg Germany 69120

Sponsor information

Organisation

VAXIMM GmbH (Germany)

ROR

https://ror.org/03x5tah73

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

VAXIMM GmbH (Germany)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	16/03/2015	21/01/2019	Yes	No
Results article	results	16/01/2018	21/01/2019	Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	20/08/2012		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes