# HEGPOL: Randomised, placebo controlled, multicenter, double-blind clinical trial to investigate hepatoprotective effects of glycine in the postoperative phase of liver transplantation

	[X] Prospectively registered
No longer recruiting	[X] Protocol
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
Completed  Condition category	Results
	Individual participant data
Surgery	Record updated in last year
	Completed  Condition category

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

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# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS** number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

# Secondary identifying numbers 22 00 16

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

## **Acronym**

**HEGPOL** 

## **Study objectives**

Added 24/08/09:

Kupffer cell-dependent ischemia / reperfusion (I/R) injury after liver transplantation is still of high clinical relevance, as it is strongly associated with primary dysfunction and primary nonfunction of the graft. Glycine, a non-toxic, non-essential amino acid has been conclusively shown in various experiments to prevent both activation of Kupffer cells and reperfusion injury. Based on both experimental and preliminary clinical data this study protocol was designed to further evaluate the early effect of glycine after liver transplantation.

As of 24/08/09 this record has been extensively updated. All updates can be found in the relavent field with the above update date.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

# Study design

Multicentre randomised double blind placebo controlled parallel group trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Liver transplantation (LTX)

## **Interventions**

Verum group receives intravenous 250 ml glycine-solution (4.4%), starting prior to reperfusion of liver transplant during surgery and once daily during the first week after LTX. Placebo group receives intravenously 250 ml Aqua ad injection.

## Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

## Phase

**Not Specified** 

## Primary outcome measure

Added 24/08/09:

- 1. Peak levels of both aspartat-amino-transaminase (AST) and alanine-amino-transaminase (ALT) as surrogates for the progression of liver related injury
- 2. Graft and patient survival up to 2 years after transplantation

## Secondary outcome measures

Added 24/08/09:

- 1. Effect of glycine on liver injury based on liver biopsy immediately after re-arterialisation (according to pathological report)
- 2. Total blood flow in portal vein and common hepatic artery 1 hour after reperfusion
- 3. Graft injury based on both AST and ALT serum levels (area under the curve [AUC])
- 4. Incidence of early graft failure based on peak of transaminases or clotting factor support
- 5. Early onset of graft dysfunction based on Quick's value
- 5. Serum bilirubin (AUC)
- 7. CyA-induced nephrotoxicity based on retention parameters during the first eight days after transplantation (AUC)

## Overall study start date

01/04/2006

## Completion date

30/04/2011

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

Liver transplant recipients

## Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

## Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

# Target number of participants

Added 24/08/09: 130

# Key exclusion criteria

Does not match inclusion criteria

## Date of first enrolment

01/04/2006

## Date of final enrolment

30/04/2011

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Germany

# Study participating centre Coordination Centre for Clinical Trials (KKS)

Heidelberg Germany 69120

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

University of Heidelberg (Germany)

## Sponsor details

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## Sponsor type

University/education

## **ROR**

https://ror.org/038t36y30

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

University/education

## Funder Name

University of Heidelberg (Germany) - Medical faculty

## **Funder Name**

Novartis Pharma (Germany) - unrestricted grant

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	17/08/2005		Yes	No