Gene expression profiling in patients with polymyalgia rheumatica before and after symptom-abolishing glucocorticoid treatment

Submission date 29/06/2017	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
26/07/2017 Completed	Completed	[X] Results	
Last Edited 09/08/2017	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	Individual participant data	

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Polymyalgia rheumatic is a condition that causes swelling, pain and stiffness in parts of the body, such as the shoulders, hips or neck. It affects men and women above the age of 50 and is the most common chronic inflammatory disease in this age group. If left untreated, the disease is very unpleasant and causes by aching, stiff and tender muscles. Treatment with steroids (treatment for swelling) is effective but long-term treatment is required, which may be associated with serious adverse (unwanted) effects. The aim of this study is to extend the understanding of what happened to people with PMR, by profiling the gene expression in muscle tissue from patients who have not taken steroids with PMR and matched non-PMR participants before and after symptom-eliminating treatment with prednisolone (a type of steroid).

Who can participate?

Patients aged 50 years and older who have aching or stiffness in the neck, shoulders, hips or thighs for one month or more and adults aged 50 and older without PMR and healthy adults aged 50 and years and older.

What does the study involve?

Participant receive daily 20 mg prednisolone tablets that they take daily for 14 days. Participants are invited for a visit at the research center twice: once before and once after treatment with the treatment. During the two visits, blood samples are taken and a single muscle biopsy is taken from muscle tissue in the neck/shoulder (trapezius) muscles or the thigh muscles.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Participants receive 500 Danish kroners for participating. There are no notable risks with participating.

Where is the study run from? Bispebjerg Hospital (Denmark) When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2005 to June 2017

Who is funding the study?
1. Danish Rheumatism Association (Gigtforeningen) (Denmark)
2. Nordea Foundation (Nordea-fonden) (Denmark)
3. Medical Sciences, Danish Council for Independent Research, (Sundhed og Sygdom, Det Frie Forskningsråd) (Denmark)

Who is the main contact? Prof. Henrik Galbo

Contact information

Type(s) Public

Contact name Prof Henrik Galbo

Contact details

Institute for Inflammation Research Tagensvej 20 Copenhagen Denmark DK-2100

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers PMR1

Study information

Scientific Title

Gene expression in patients with polymyalgia rheumatica and control subjects before and after glucocorticoid treatment

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to extend the understanding of the pathophysiology of PMR, by profiling the gene expression in muscle tissue from glucocorticoid-naive patients with PMR and matched non-PMR control subjects before and after symptom-eliminating treatment with prednisolone.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s) Ethical Committee of Copenhagen Denmark, 15/04/2005, ref: KF[01]261665

Study design Interventional single-centre exploratory research trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s) Other

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Polymyalgia rheumatica

Interventions

Participants are allocated to groups based on their diagnosis. Participants (the patients and the control participants) receive an open-label, once-daily prednisolone tablets 20 mg/day for 14 days.

Participants are invited for a visit at the research center twice, once before and once after treatment with the treatment usually prescribed for the disease. During the two visits, blood samples are taken and a single muscle biopsy will be taken from muscle tissue in the neck /shoulder (trapezius) muscles or the thigh muscles.

The two groups are compared to see the pathophysiology of PMR.

Intervention Type Drug

Phase Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s) Glucocorticoids (prednisolone)

Primary outcome measure

Gene expression is measured in symptomatic muscle tissue using the microarray and quantitative real-time PCR methods at baseline and 14 days.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate is measured using standard clinical laboratory procedures at baseline and 14 days

2. C-reactive protein is measured using standard clinical laboratory procedures at baseline and 14 days

3. Clinical symptoms is evaluated by a trained rheumatologist at baseline and 14 days

Overall study start date

01/01/2005

Completion date

10/06/2017

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients:

1. Age 50 years or older

2. Bilateral aching and stiffness persisting for 1 month or more involving two of the following areas: neck or torso, shoulders or proximal regions of the arms, and hips or proximal aspects of the thighs

3. Erythrocyte sedimentation rate >40 mm/h

4. Exclusion of other diagnoses except giant cell arteritis

Control participants: Aged 50 years or older

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Senior

Sex Both

Target number of participants

20

Key exclusion criteria

Patients and control participants:

- 1. Prior treatment with glucocorticoids
- 2. Diagnosis of GCA based on obligatory temporal artery biopsy (patients only)
- 3. Inflammatory conditions other than PMR
- 4. Cancer during the past 5 years
- 5. Neuromuscular disease
- 6. Severe infections
- 7. Hereditary disposition for type 2 diabetes
- 8. Thyroid disease

9. Disturbance of calcium homeostasis10. Uncontrolled hypertension11. Use of drugs with potential effects on the study parameters

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2005

Date of final enrolment 01/10/2007

Locations

Countries of recruitment Denmark

Study participating centre Bispebjerg Hospital Institute of Sports Medicine Copenhagen Denmark DK-2400

Sponsor information

Organisation Bispebjerg Hospital

Sponsor details Bispebjerg Bakke 23 Copenhagen Denmark DK-2400

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

ROR https://ror.org/00td68a17

Funder(s)

Funder type Industry **Funder Name** Gigtforeningen

Alternative Name(s) Danish Rheumatism Association

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype Associations and societies (private and public)

Location Denmark

Funder Name Nordea-fonden

Alternative Name(s) Nordea Foundation

Funding Body Type Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location Denmark

Funder Name Sundhed og Sygdom, Det Frie Forskningsråd

Alternative Name(s)

Det Frie Forskningsråd, Sundhed og Sygdom, DFF, Sundhed og Sygdom, Medical Sciences, Danish Council for Independent Research, Danish Council for Independent Research, Medical Sciences, Danish Health Sciences Research Council, Danish Medical Research Council, FSS, DFF

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype National government

Location

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Manuscript in late-stage peer review.

Intention to publish date

01/08/2017

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a publically available repository ArrayExpress at http://www.ebi.ac.uk/arrayexpress/experiments /E-MTAB-3671. The type of data stored is the raw gene expression levels values. This will made publicly available when the paper is published in the journal. Participants gave general informed consent that covers the publication of the research results in a completely anonymised format.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	07/08/2017		Yes	No