

Using ultrasound to guide pain relief during minimally invasive spine surgery

Submission date 31/03/2025	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 23/04/2025	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 07/04/2025	Condition category Surgery	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study explores whether ultrasound-guided erector spinae plane block (ESPB) can improve the surgical experience of patients undergoing PTED for lumbar disc herniation, compared to traditional local anesthesia.

Who can participate?

Adults aged 18–65 years with confirmed single-level lumbar disc herniation who have failed conservative treatment.

Participants will be excluded if they:

(1) patients with surgical contraindication; (2) multiple segments of disc herniation, vertebral infection or tumor; (3) lumbar spondylolisthesis, obvious degenerative deformities, instability, and scoliosis; (4) substantial diseases of important organs; and (5) patients who withdrew their participation.

What does the study involve?

Clinical Application of Ultrasound-guided Erector Spinae Plane Block in Percutaneous Transforaminal Endoscopic Discectomy

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

ESPB may provide better intraoperative comfort and stability. Risks are minimal, as both techniques are standard and widely used.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from?

The study is being conducted at the Dehua County Hospital, Fujian Province (China)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

May 2021 to December 2021

Who is funding the study?

Dehua County Hospital (China)

Who is the main contact?

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Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal investigator

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

A randomized controlled trial comparing ultrasound-guided erector spinae plane block versus local anesthesia for pain control and perioperative outcomes in percutaneous transforaminal endoscopic discectomy

Study objectives

Ultrasound-guided erector spinae plane block (ESPB) improves intraoperative comfort, hemodynamic stability, and pain control compared to local anesthesia in PTED, without compromising surgical efficacy or increasing postoperative complications.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 20/05/2021, Dehua County Hospital Medical Ethics Committee (No. 32 Xunzhong Town, Dehua County, Quanzhou City, Fujian Province 362500, Quanzhou, 362500, China; +86 595-23522460; jiang@gmail.com), ref: 2021L[001]

Study design

Single-center randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life, Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Ultrasound-guided erector spinae plane block in percutaneous transforaminal endoscopic discectomy

Interventions

Intervention Group (ESPB): The ultrasound-guided erector spinae plane block (ESPB) is administered once prior to surgery. No repeated dosing is involved.

Control Group (LA): Local anesthesia is similarly administered once before surgery.

All participants are followed for a total of 6 months post-operation, with assessments conducted at baseline (pre-operation), 3 months, and 6 months post-operation. These include measurements of pain (VAS), functional status (ODI), and clinical outcomes (modified Macnab criteria).

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

1. Intraoperative VAS scores (Visual Analog Scale) at foraminoplasty, annulus fibrosus operation, and end of surgery.
2. Measured using VAS during the procedure.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Mean arterial pressure (MAP) and heart rate (HR) at four perioperative time points (T0–T3)
2. Operation time, intraoperative blood loss, length of hospital stay
3. Modified Macnab criteria at 3-month follow-up
4. Pre- and postoperative VAS and ODI scores at 3 and 6 months
5. Reoperation willingness on post-op Day 1

Completion date

01/12/2021

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Invalid conservative treatment for twelve weeks
2. Patients complaining of lower back and lower limb pain or numbness and motor weakness due to LDH
3. Symptoms associated with pre-operative MRI and CT scans
4. None of the patients had a prior history of percutaneous foraminal surgery
5. Imagological examination showing single-segmental LDH without accompanying thickening and calcification of posterior longitudinal ligament and ligamentum flavum

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

32 years

Upper age limit

56 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

60

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients with surgical contraindication
2. Multiple segments of disc herniation, vertebral infection or tumor
3. Lumbar spondylolisthesis, obvious degenerative deformities, instability, and scoliosis
4. Substantial diseases of important organs
5. Patients who withdrew their participation

Date of first enrolment

20/05/2021

Date of final enrolment

01/12/2021

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

China

Study participating centre

Dehua County Hospital, Fujian Province
No. 32 Xunzhong Town, Dehua County, Quanzhou City
Quanzhou
China
362500

Sponsor information

Organisation
Dehua County Hospital

Funder(s)

Funder type
Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name
Dehua County Hospita

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request E-mail:1540635330@qq.com

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes