# Determining the effects of vegan and omnivorous diets on the effects of exercise and the intestinal bacteria population in ultramarathoners

Submission date 27/10/2020	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<ul><li>[X] Prospectively registered</li><li>[X] Protocol</li></ul>
<b>Registration date</b> 08/12/2020	<b>Overall study status</b> Stopped	<ul><li>Statistical analysis plan</li><li>Results</li></ul>
Last Edited 18/07/2023	<b>Condition category</b> Other	<ul><li>Individual participant data</li><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The gut microbiome is the totality of microorganisms, bacteria, viruses, protozoa, and fungi, and their collective genetic material present in the gastrointestinal tract.

Vegan diets have been widely adopted in the athletic population in recent years. However, the influence of vegan diets on exercise performance and energy processing (metabolism) is still controversial.

The study aims to determine gut microbiome adaptation to extreme endurance exercise according to vegan or omnivore diet consumed in ultra-marathoners. We also seek to evaluate long-term vegan and omnivore diets' effects on exercise capacity, oxidant/antioxidant capacity, muscle fatigue, and assess energy availability

Who can participate?

Ultra-marathoners with age between 18 to 49 years who are competing in the Sri-Chinmoy ultramarathon race

What does the study involve?

Our study will run for one year. During this period, research data will be collected from the participants in four steps (three visits to the research laboratory and the race day) throughout the study. Study participants will be asked to visit the study laboratory for three times (first and second visits before the race and the third visit 24 hours after the race).

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants will receive reliable information about their nutrition and performance status from health professionals.

There are no additional risks.

Where is the study run from? 1. University Hospital of Zurich (Switzerland) 2. Sri-Chinmoy race (St. Jakob sports complex) (Switzerland)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2020 to September 2023 (updated 22/07/2022, previously: September 2022; updated 13 /04/2021, previously: May 2021)

Who is funding the study? University Hospital of Zurich (Switzerland)

Who is the main contact? Prof Beat Knechtle, beat.knechtle@hispeed.ch Dr Asli Devrim Lanpir, asli.devrim@medeniyet.edu.tr

### **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Scientific

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### Type(s)

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number** Nil known

IRAS number

**ClinicalTrials.gov number** Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers 2013-KAEK-64

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Vegan vs. omnivore diets paradox: Determining the effects of dietary pattern on exerciseinduced symptoms and a whole-metagenomic approach towards defining metabolic networks during the race in ultra-marathoners

#### **Study objectives**

1. According to gut metagenomics, vegan ultra-marathoners have higher alpha and beta diversity than omnivorous ultra-marathoners

2. Vegan ultra-marathoners have lower energy availability, macro- and micronutrient intakes than omnivore ultra-marathoners

2. Ultra-marathoners following a long-term vegan diet have a higher antioxidant capacity, lower oxidant capacity, and muscle fatigue than omnivorous ultra-marathoners

3. There is no difference between vegan and omnivorous ultra-endurance athletes in terms of gut microbiome adaptation to ultra-marathon races

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 24/06/2020, Istanbul Medeniyet University Göztepe Training and Research Hospital Clinical Research Ethics Committee (Doktor Erkin Street, Kadıköy / Istanbul, Turkey; +90216570 9190; etik@sbgoztepehastanesi.gov.tr), ref: 2020/0396

#### Study design

Before and after study design

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Before and after study design **Study setting(s)** Other

Study type(s) Other

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet.

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Ultra-marathoners adhering to a vegan or omnivorous diet at least 6 months

#### Interventions

Participants will be classified as either vegan (no type of animal product consumption - dietary adherence <6 months) or omnivorous (consumption of any animal products - dietary adherence <6 months) based on self-reporting of diet consumed.

Twenty four participants will be assigned to the study, including twelve vegan and twelve omnivorous ultra-marathoners competing in the Sri-Chinmoy ultra marathon race. Research data will be collected at the University of Zurich Research Laboratory between June 2021 and August 2021, and on the Sri-Chinmoy ultra-marathon race day in July 2021. Research data will be collected from the participants at four steps (three visits to the research laboratory and the race day) throughout the study. At the first visit, fecal samples, and anthropometric measurements will be collected. Body composition will be measured using DXA. Participants will be informed about keeping detailed food and liquid records and will be asked to record their diet data during the study period. Additionally, they will be asked to wear accelerometers during this period. At second visit, maximum oxygen consumption will be measured on a treadmill. At the race day, blood samples will be collected immediately before, and 0. min, two hours, and 24 hours before the race. The blood and fecal samples will be stored at -80 C until analysis. Plasma malondialdehyde, reactive oxygen metabolites (d-ROMs), total antioxidant capacity, and HSP70, and serum Orosomucoid 1 will be analyzed in blood samples. Fecal samples will be analyzed with shotgun metagenomic analysis and interpreted using the bioinformatics pipeline (HumanN2). Statistical tests will be analyzed using SPSS version 23.0 (IBM, Armonk, NY) and R Software (Dusseldorf, Germany). Laboratory analyses will be covered by the Institute of Primary Care, University Hospital Zurich.

Individual results of the VO2max values, nutritional assessment according to food and fluid records, energy availability, body mineral density, and microbiota structure will be discussed in detail with the participants. Further, they will receive individual consultations on obtaining adequate energy and nutrient intake. As a result of this study, participants will receive reliable information about their nutrition and performance status from health professionals. The increase of heart rate during the incremental running test will be continuously monitored in order to prevent an adverse reaction, and only healthy participants with no history of cardiovascular disease will be invited to participate in the study. The Physical Activity Readiness Questionnaire (PAR-Q) will be applied to assess current cardiovascular health. Participants answering no to all questions will be considered as eligible for physical activity. The standard emergency equipment will be available in the research laboratory. Blood samples will be collected by a healthcare professional while the participants are positioned in a semi-reclined position to avoid risks associated with blood collection. Lactate measurements will be performed using sterile lancets to prevent risk of exposure to bloodborne pathogens.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Intestinal microbial adaptation according to applied diet evaluated by analysing faecal samples taken seven days before and seven days after the race using shotgun metagenomic analysis

#### Secondary outcome measures

Oxidative stress and muscle fatigue-related biomarkers measured using blood samples immediately before, at the end of 0 h, 2 h and 24 h of the race

Overall study start date 01/01/2020

**Completion date** 30/09/2023

**Reason abandoned (if study stopped)** Objectives no longer viable

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

1. Ultra-marathoners with age between 18 to 49 years

2. Competing in the Sri-Chinmoy ultra-marathon race

3. No use of probiotics and antibiotics in the preceding 3 months

4. No history of acute or chronic illnesses

#### Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

**Age group** Adult

**Lower age limit** 18 Years

**Upper age limit** 49 Years

**Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** 24

**Key exclusion criteria** Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2021

Date of final enrolment 21/07/2023

### Locations

**Countries of recruitment** Switzerland

**Study participating centre University Hospital Zurich** Institute of Primary Care Zurich Switzerland 8091

**Study participating centre Sri-Chinmoy race (St. Jakob sports complex)** Brüglingerstrasse 21 Basel Switzerland 4052

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** University Hospital of Zurich

### Sponsor details

Institute of Primary Care Zurich Switzerland 8091 +41 44 634 11 11 anke.schickel@uzh.ch

**Sponsor type** Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.en.usz.ch/Pages/default.aspx ROR https://ror.org/01462r250

# Funder(s)

**Funder type** Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name Universitätsspital Zürich

Alternative Name(s) University Hospital Zurich, USZ

**Funding Body Type** Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype Local government

**Location** Germany

# **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

Intention to publish date 01/01/2024

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

All data generated or analysed during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication.

IPD sharing plan summary

Other

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	23/09/2021	24/09/2021	Yes	No