# Aerosolised liposomal cyclosporin A (L-CsA) versus placebo in the treatment of bronchiolitis obliterans (BO) in allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients

Submission date	Recruitment status	[X] Prospectively registered
03/07/2008	Stopped	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
10/07/2008	Stopped	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
31/03/2010	Respiratory	Record updated in last year

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Ms Stefanie Prante

#### Contact details

Clinical Trial Manager PARI Pharma GmbH Steinerstrasse 15A Munich Germany 81369

## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A phase II, randomised, double-blind, placebo controlled, parallel group, dose-finding clinical trial to investigate the efficacy and safety of 10 and 20 mg/day aerosolised liposomal cyclosporin A (L-CsA) versus placebo in the treatment of bronchiolitis obliterans (BO) in allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients

#### **Acronym**

L-CsA-HSCT

#### Study objectives

To established an investigational medicinal product (IMP) dosage with the most favourable risk-benefit ratio for the prevention of bronchiolitis obliterans (BO) in allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplant (HSCT) patients.

Please note that as of 31/07/2008 the sponsor details of this trial changed to PARI Pharma GmbH (Germany). The previous sponsor was Chiltern International (Germany).

As of 12/05/2009 this trial is on hold. The anticipated start and end dates have been amended; the initial trial dates were:

Anticipated start date: 01/11/2008 Anticipated end date: 01/01/2011

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval pending as of 12/05/2009.

## Study design

A phase II, multicentre, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel group, dose-finding clinical trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Bronchiolitis obliterans

#### **Interventions**

This trial was stopped as of 31/03/2010.

Subjects will be randomised (1:1:1) to one of three treatment arms:

- 1. 1 x 10 mg/day L-CsA and 1 x placebo/day
- 2. 2 x 10 mg/day L-CsA
- 3. 2 x placebo

Subjects will be stratified according to several baseline risk factors, e.g. myeloablative versus non-myeloablative regimen. Treatment duration will be 12 weeks with a 36 week follow-up period. After successful completion of the study, the patient may enter the follow-up clinical trial (ref: 12011.203) after fulfilling in/exclusion criteria.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### **Phase**

Phase II

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Liposomal cyclosporin A (L-CsA)

#### Primary outcome measure

To establish an IMP dosage with the most favourable risk-benefit ratio for the prevention of BO in HSCT patients.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. To compare efficacy and safety data from two different L-CsA doses versus placebo
- 2. To evaluate investigational medicinal product (IMP) pharmacokinetic (PK) data in bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) and in whole blood samples

## Overall study start date

01/03/2010

#### Completion date

01/12/2012

## Reason abandoned (if study stopped)

Lack of funding/sponsorship

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Signed informed consent provided prior to any screening procedure
- 2. Male or female, 12 years or older
- 3. Capable of self-administrating medications
- 4. Capable of understanding the purpose and risk of the study
- 5. Received an allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplantation
- 6. Has a diagnosis of bronchiolitis obliterans of grade 1, 2 or 3 based on forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) values according to protocol within one week prior to first investigational medicinal product administration (IMP)
- 7. Obtained a FEV1 value immediately before HSCT
- 8. Received within one week prior to first IMP administration the following immunosuppressive treatment and dosages for graft-versus-host-disease (GVHD) including bronchiolitis obliterans:
- 8.1. Tacrolimus 0.1 to 0.2 mg/kg/day adjusted to a target trough serum level (C0) of 5 to 15  $\mu$ g/L
- 8.2. Prednisone 1 to 1.5 mg/kg/day for 2 to 6 weeks
- 9. Female patients with child bearing potential must have a negative serum pregnancy test within 3 days prior to screening. Both women and men must agree to use a medically-acceptable method of contraception throughout the treatment period and for 3 months after discontinuation of treatment. Acceptable methods of contraception include intra-uterine device (IUD), oral contraceptive, subdermal implant and double barrier (condom with a contraceptive sponge or contraceptive suppository)
- 10. Estimated life expectancy greater than 6 months

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Other

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

60

#### Kev exclusion criteria

- 1. Has an active invasive bacterial, viral or fungal infection within one week prior to first IMP administration
- 2. Received systemic maintenance immunosuppressive therapy for GVHD other than listed in the inclusion criteria within one week prior to first IMP administration
- 3. Received any systemic or topical cyclosporin within one week prior to first IMP administration and/or during the clinical trial
- 4. Received mechanical ventilation
- 5. Pregnant or breast feeding woman
- 6. Has known hypersensitivity to cyclosporin A
- 7. Has a serum creatinine value of more than 3 mg/dL
- 8. Unlikely to comply with visits, inhalation procedures or spirometric measurements scheduled in the protocol
- 9. Receipt of an investigational drug as part of a clinical trial within four weeks prior to first administration of IMP
- 10. Any co-existing medical condition that in the investigators judgement will substantially increase the risk associated with the subject's participation in the study

11. Psychiatric disorders or altered mental status precluding understanding of the informed consent process and/or completion of the necessary procedures

12. Has been previously enrolled in this study

#### Date of first enrolment

01/03/2010

#### Date of final enrolment

01/12/2012

## Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Austria

Belgium

Denmark

France

Germany

Switzerland

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Clinical Trial Manager

Munich Germany 81369

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

PARI Pharma GmbH (Germany)

#### Sponsor details

Steinerstrasse 15A Munich Germany 81369

#### Sponsor type

Industry

#### Website

http://www.paripharma.com

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/011pcrd91

# Funder(s)

## Funder type

Industry

#### Funder Name

PARI Pharma GmbH (Germany)

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration