# Will early intensive behavioral training improve executive function in young children with autism spectrum disorder?

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
22/12/2016		∐ Protocol		
Registration date 12/01/2017	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 20/06/2023	Condition category  Mental and Behavioural Disorders	[] Individual participant data		
20/00/2023	Mental and Denavioural Disorders			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) is a common disorder that affects the way that a person communicates and relates to others. It is a spectrum condition the level of disability is spread across a wide range, from almost unnoticeable to completely debilitating. In general the symptoms involve problems with social communication (speech and body language), social interaction (recognising and expressing emotions) and social imagination (being able to understand and predict other people's behaviour). It has also been found that people with ASD often experience problems with executive function (the management of mental processes such as working memory, reasoning, flexibility, and problem solving as well as planning and execution). There is a growing body of evidence that an intensive behavioral treatment program (intensive behavioural interventions) can lead to significant improvement in the functioning of young children with ASD. Early Intensive Behavioral Interventions (EIBI) are programs where this treatment is initiated early. They have been reported to be effective in improving socially significant behaviors to a meaningful degree. The aim of this study is to find out whether an EIBI can help improve executive function in children with autism.

#### Who can participate?

Children aged between three and six who have been diagnosed with autism.

#### What does the study involve?

All participants take part in the EIBI. This involves behavioral training from 30 to 40 hours per week, primarily in the kindergarten. The kindergarten teachers are trained to deliver the program and supervised closely by experienced clinicians. Children complete a number of assessments to measure their level of executive functioning at the start of the study and then after six and 12 months. At the start of the study, their IQ is also assessed so that this can be compared to the changes (if any) in executive function.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Participants may benefit from improvements in their behaviour. There are no notable risks involved with participating.

Where is the study run from? Innlandet Hospital Trust (Norway)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2016 to December 2021

Who is funding the study? Division of habilitation and rehabilitation, Innlandet Hospital Trust (Norway)

Who is the main contact?

Dr Erik Winther Skogli
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#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Mr Erik Winther Skogli

#### Contact details

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#### Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers 51533

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Behavior Rating Inventory of Executive Function (BRIEF) in a group of preschool children with autism spectrum disorder

#### Acronym

**BAUS** 

#### **Study objectives**

Early and Intensive Behavioral Intervention (EIBI) based early behavioral intervention will improve executive function in children with autism.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Data Protection Official/Officer, 16/12/2016, ref: 51533

#### Study design

Single-center non-randomised interventional study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Non randomised study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

#### **Interventions**

Following provision of parental informed consent, all children undergo a clinical assessment featuring a structured diagnostic interview (Autism Diagnostic Interview – Revised), a diagnostic observation schedule (ADOS-2), neuropsychological assessment and a medical examination.

Children receiving an ASD diagnosis will be offered an intensive behavioral intervention based upon the principles of applied behavior analysis (EIBI). This intervention method involves behavioral training from 30 to 40 hours per week, primarily in the kindergarten of these children. The kindergarten teachers will be trained and supervised closely by experienced clinicians at Division of Habilitation and Rehabilitation, Innlandet Hospital Trust. The intervention period will last from 6 to 24 months depending on the age of children at baseline. The effect of intervention will be evaluated with the BRIEF after 6 months, 12 months (at the end of intervention) and 12 months after intervention have been terminated.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome measure

Executive function is measured using the Behavior Rating Inventory of Executive Function (BRIEF) and the Behavior Rating Inventory of Executive Function - preschool Version (BRIEF-P) at baseline, after 6 months and 12 months.

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. IQ is measured using the Wechsler Preschool and Primary Scale of Intelligence Fourth Edition (WPPSI-IV) and the Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children Fourth edition (WISC-IV) at baseline
- 2. Non-verbal IQ is measured using the Leiter International Performance Scale- Revised (Leiter-R) at baseline

#### Overall study start date

01/10/2016

#### Completion date

31/12/2021

### Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Children diagnosed with an autism
- 2. Diagnosis from age 3 6 years

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Child

#### Lower age limit

3 Years

#### Upper age limit

6 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

Minimum 30 participants

#### Total final enrolment

10

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. IO below 49
- 2. Subjects born prematurely (< 36 weeks)
- 3. Taking medication for the disorder they are referred for at the time of inclusion

#### Date of first enrolment

# Date of final enrolment 31/12/2018

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Norway

# Study participating centre Innlandet Hospital Trust

Division of habilitation and rehabilitation Maihaugvegen 4 Lillehammer Norway 2609

## Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Innlandet Hopital Trust

#### Sponsor details

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#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/02kn5wf75

## Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Funder Name

Division of habilitation and rehabilitation, Innlandet Hospital Trust

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

At least two publications in scientific journals are planned.

#### Intention to publish date

31/12/2022

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are/will be available upon request from erik.winther.skogli@sykehuset-innlandet.no

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		13/05/2020	20/06/2023	Yes	No