# West End Walkers 65+: The feasibility of a pedometer-based walking programme in combination with a physical activity consultation in Scottish adults aged 65 years and over in a primary care setting

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
05/10/2009		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
30/11/2009	Completed	[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 13/05/2013	<b>Condition category</b> Other	[] Individual participant data		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study website

http://www.sparcoll.org.uk/Research/WestEndWalkers65.aspx

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Nanette Mutrie

#### Contact details

Department of Sport, Culture and the Arts University of Strathclyde 76 Southbrae Drive Glasgow United Kingdom G13 1PP +44 (0)141 9503371 nanette.mutrie@strath.ac.uk

# Additional identifiers

#### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** CZH/4/457

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The feasibility of a pedometer-based walking programme in combination with a physical activity consultation in Scottish adults aged 65 years and over in a primary care setting: a randomised controlled trial

#### Acronym

WEW 65+

#### Study objectives

Walking has been identified as an ideal mode of exercise to promote physical activity in the general population as well as among older adults. Large knowledge gaps exist on the optimum methods to promote and sustain walking behaviour in older adults. WEW 65+ will investigate the feasibility of a pedometer-based walking programme in combination with a physical activity consultation delivered in primary care. Its target is to help community dwelling older adults aged over 65 years achieve and sustain the physical activity recommendation of 30 minutes of activity at least 5 days of the week. This study will provide evaluative information on recruitment and retention to the study, the feasibility of the intervention and outcome measures that could be useful in designing a definitive randomised controlled trial.

## Hypothesis:

Can a pedometer-based walking programme, in combination with a physical activity consultation delivered in a primary care setting increase and maintain walking behaviour among adults aged over 65 years over a 24 week period?

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde Research Ethics Committee, approved on 26/11/2008 (ref: 08 /S0701/121)

# Study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

GP practice

#### Study type(s)

**Not Specified** 

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Physical activity in older adults

#### **Interventions**

Participants will be randomised into one of two groups: immediate intervention (Group 1) or waiting list control (Group 2). Participants randomised to Group 1 received a 30 minute physical activity consultation with a practice nurse. The participants are given an individualised 12 week walking programme, a pedometer and a booklet containing health advice, walking information and the walking programme. Following the 12 week walking programme, the participants will receive a second individual physical activity consultation focusing on relapse prevention. Participants will receive a written physical activity advice leaflet at this point.

Participants randomised to Group 2 were allocated to a 12 week waiting list and will be requested not to amend their current physical activity levels. After 12 weeks Group 2 received an individualised 12 week walking programme identical to Group 1, a pedometer and a physical activity consultation.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

Not Applicable

#### Primary outcome measure

Walking behaviour will be assessed using pedometer step counts (NL-1000 pedometer) and accelerometer activity counts (ActivPAL Accelerometer). In the intervention group these measures will be assessed at baseline, 3 months and 6 months. In the waiting list group these measures will be assessed at baseline, 3 months and 6 months.

#### Secondary outcome measures

Psychological, including the changes in:

- 1. Mood: Positive And Negative Affects Scale (PANAS)
- 2. Loneliness: University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA) loneliness scale
- 3. Motor efficacy: perceived motor efficacy scale
- 4. Quality of life: SF-36v2™ Health Survey (SF-36v2™)

In the intervention group these questionnaires were completed at baseline and 12 weeks. In the waiting list group the questionnaires were completed at baseline, 12 weeks, 24 weeks and 36 weeks.

#### Qualitative:

Two focus groups will be completed with Group 1 at 12 weeks and 24 weeks (post intervention), one involving high adherers, the other of low adherers. A further two focus groups will be conducted with Group 2 at 24 weeks (post intervention), again one consisting of high adherers, the other of low adherers.

#### Overall study start date

30/11/2008

#### Completion date

30/09/2010

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Independently living men and women aged over 65 years are eligible to enter the trial should they not currently meet the amount of physical activity currently recommended for health benefit.

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Senior

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

46

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Refusal to take part
- 2. Already achieved the physical activity recommendations for this group
- 3. Unable to walk outside independently
- 4. Unable to understand the rationale behind the trial

#### Date of first enrolment

30/11/2008

#### Date of final enrolment

30/09/2010

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Scotland

United Kingdom

# Study participating centre Department of Sport, Culture and the Arts Glasgow United Kingdom G13 1PP

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Chief Scientist Office (UK)

#### Sponsor details

The Scottish Government St Andrew's House Regent Road Edinburgh United Kingdom EH1 3DG

#### Sponsor type

Government

#### Website

http://www.sehd.scot.nhs.uk/cso/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01bw7zm61

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

Chief Scientist Office (UK) (grant no: CZH/4/457)

#### Alternative Name(s)

CSO

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Local government

#### Location

**United Kingdom** 

#### Funder Name

NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde Research and Development Office (UK) (project ref: WN08CH356)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/12/2012		Yes	No